

**ONKYO®**

**AV Receiver**

# ***TX-NR905***

**Instruction Manual**

Thank you for purchasing an Onkyo AV Receiver. Please read this manual thoroughly before making connections and plugging in the unit. Following the instructions in this manual will enable you to obtain optimum performance and listening enjoyment from your new AV Receiver. Please retain this manual for future reference.

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## WARNING:

TO REDUCE THE RISK OF FIRE OR ELECTRIC SHOCK, DO NOT EXPOSE THIS APPARATUS TO RAIN OR MOISTURE.

## CAUTION:

TO REDUCE THE RISK OF ELECTRIC SHOCK, DO NOT REMOVE COVER (OR BACK). NO USER-SERVICEABLE PARTS INSIDE. REFER SERVICING TO QUALIFIED SERVICE PERSONNEL.



**WARNING**  
RISK OF ELECTRIC SHOCK  
DO NOT OPEN

**AVIS**  
RISQUE DE CHOC ELECTRIQUE  
NE PAS OUVRIR




The lightning flash with arrowhead symbol, within an equilateral triangle, is intended to alert the user to the presence of uninsulated “dangerous voltage” within the product’s enclosure that may be of sufficient magnitude to constitute a risk of electric shock to persons.



The exclamation point within an equilateral triangle is intended to alert the user to the presence of important operating and maintenance (servicing) instructions in the literature accompanying the appliance.

## Important Safety Instructions

1. Read these instructions.
2. Keep these instructions.
3. Heed all warnings.
4. Follow all instructions.
5. Do not use this apparatus near water.
6. Clean only with dry cloth.
7. Do not block any ventilation openings. Install in accordance with the manufacturer’s instructions.
8. Do not install near any heat sources such as radiators, heat registers, stoves, or other apparatus (including amplifiers) that produce heat.
9. Do not defeat the safety purpose of the polarized or grounding-type plug. A polarized plug has two blades with one wider than the other. A grounding type plug has two blades and a third grounding prong. The wide blade or the third prong are provided for your safety. If the provided plug does not fit into your outlet, consult an electrician for replacement of the obsolete outlet.
10. Protect the power cord from being walked on or pinched particularly at plugs, convenience receptacles, and the point where they exit from the apparatus.
11. Only use attachments/accessories specified by the manufacturer.
12. Use only with the cart, stand, tripod, bracket, or table specified by the manufacturer, or sold with the apparatus. When a cart is used, use caution when moving the cart/apparatus combination to avoid injury from tip-over.  
  
PORTABLE CART WARNING  
S3125A
13. Unplug this apparatus during lightning storms or when unused for long periods of time.
14. Refer all servicing to qualified service personnel. Servicing is required when the apparatus has been damaged in any way, such as power-supply cord or plug is damaged, liquid has been spilled or objects have fallen into the apparatus, the apparatus has been exposed to rain or moisture, does not operate normally, or has been dropped.
15. Damage Requiring Service  
Unplug the apparatus from the wall outlet and refer servicing to qualified service personnel under the following conditions:
  - A. When the power-supply cord or plug is damaged,
  - B. If liquid has been spilled, or objects have fallen into the apparatus,
  - C. If the apparatus has been exposed to rain or water,
  - D. If the apparatus does not operate normally by following the operating instructions. Adjust only those controls that are covered by the operating instructions as an improper adjustment of other controls may result in damage and will often require extensive work by a qualified technician to restore the apparatus to its normal operation,
  - E. If the apparatus has been dropped or damaged in any way, and
  - F. When the apparatus exhibits a distinct change in performance this indicates a need for service.
16. Object and Liquid Entry  
Never push objects of any kind into the apparatus through openings as they may touch dangerous voltage points or short-out parts that could result in a fire or electric shock.  
The apparatus shall not be exposed to dripping or splashing and no objects filled with liquids, such as vases shall be placed on the apparatus.  
Don’t put candles or other burning objects on top of this unit.
17. Batteries  
Always consider the environmental issues and follow local regulations when disposing of batteries.
18. If you install the apparatus in a built-in installation, such as a bookcase or rack, ensure that there is adequate ventilation.  
Leave 20 cm (8") of free space at the top and sides and 10 cm (4") at the rear. The rear edge of the shelf or board above the apparatus shall be set 10 cm (4") away from the rear panel or wall, creating a flue-like gap for warm air to escape.

# Precautions

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1. **Recording Copyright**—Unless it's for personal use only, recording copyrighted material is illegal without the permission of the copyright holder.
2. **AC Fuse**—The AC fuse inside the unit is not user-serviceable. If you cannot turn on the unit, contact your Onkyo dealer.
3. **Care**—Occasionally you should dust the unit all over with a soft cloth. For stubborn stains, use a soft cloth dampened with a weak solution of mild detergent and water. Dry the unit immediately afterwards with a clean cloth. Don't use abrasive cloths, thinners, alcohol, or other chemical solvents, because they may damage the finish or remove the panel lettering.

## 4. Power

### WARNING

BEFORE PLUGGING IN THE UNIT FOR THE FIRST TIME, READ THE FOLLOWING SECTION CAREFULLY.

AC outlet voltages vary from country to country. Make sure that the voltage in your area meets the voltage requirements printed on the unit's rear panel (e.g., AC 230 V, 50 Hz or AC 120 V, 60 Hz).

The power cord plug is used to disconnect this unit from the AC power source. Make sure that the plug is readily operable (easily accessible) at all times.

### For North American model

Pressing the [STANDBY/ON] button to select Standby mode does not fully shutdown the unit. If you do not intend to use the unit for an extended period, remove the power cord from the AC outlet.

5. **Never Touch this Unit with Wet Hands**—Never handle this unit or its power cord while your hands are wet or damp. If water or any other liquid gets inside this unit, have it checked by your Onkyo dealer.
6. **Handling Notes**
  - If you need to transport this unit, use the original packaging to pack it how it was when you originally bought it.
  - Do not leave rubber or plastic items on this unit for a long time, because they may leave marks on the case.
  - This unit's top and rear panels may get warm after prolonged use. This is normal.
  - If you do not use this unit for a long time, it may not work properly the next time you turn it on, so be sure to use it occasionally.

## For U.S. models

### FCC Information for User

#### CAUTION:

The user changes or modifications not expressly approved by the party responsible for compliance could void the user's authority to operate the equipment.

#### NOTE:

This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class B digital device, pursuant to Part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference in a residential installation.

This equipment generates, uses and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instructions, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation. If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one or more of the following measures:

- Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna.
- Increase the separation between the equipment and receiver.
- Connect the equipment into an outlet on a circuit different from that to which the receiver is connected.
- Consult the dealer or an experienced radio/TV technician for help.

## For Canadian Models

**NOTE:** THIS CLASS B DIGITAL APPARATUS COMPLIES WITH CANADIAN ICES-003.

For models having a power cord with a polarized plug:

**CAUTION:** TO PREVENT ELECTRIC SHOCK, MATCH WIDE BLADE OF PLUG TO WIDE SLOT, FULLY INSERT.

## Modèle canadien

**REMARQUE:** CET APPAREIL NUMÉRIQUE DE LA CLASSE B EST CONFORME À LA NORME NMB-003 DU CANADA.

Sur les modèles dont la fiche est polarisée:

**ATTENTION:** POUR ÉVITER LES CHOCS ÉLECTRIQUES, INTRODUIRE LA LAME LA PLUS LARGE DE LA FICHE DANS LA BORNE CORRESPONDANTE DE LA PRISE ET POUSSER JUSQU'AU FOND.

## Precautions—Continued

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### For British models

Replacement and mounting of an AC plug on the power supply cord of this unit should be performed only by qualified service personnel.

#### IMPORTANT

The wires in the mains lead are coloured in accordance with the following code:

Blue: Neutral

Brown: Live

As the colours of the wires in the mains lead of this apparatus may not correspond with the coloured markings identifying the terminals in your plug, proceed as follows:



The wire which is coloured blue must be connected to the terminal which is marked with the letter N or coloured black.

The wire which is coloured brown must be connected to the terminal which is marked with the letter L or coloured red.

#### IMPORTANT

The plug is fitted with an appropriate fuse. If the fuse needs to be replaced, the replacement fuse must be approved by ASTA or BSI to BS1362 and have the same ampere rating as that indicated on the plug. Check for the ASTA mark or the BSI mark on the body of the fuse. If the power cord's plug is not suitable for your socket outlets, cut it off and fit a suitable plug. Fit a suitable fuse in the plug.

### For European Models

Declaration of Conformity	
We, ONKYO EUROPE ELECTRONICS GmbH LIEGNITZERSTRASSE 6, 82194 GROEBENZELL, GERMANY	
declare in own responsibility, that the ONKYO product described in this instruction manual is in compliance with the corresponding technical standards such as EN60065, EN55013, EN55020 and EN61000-3-2, -3-3.	
GROEBENZELL, GERMANY	 K. MIYAGI
ONKYO EUROPE ELECTRONICS GmbH	

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# Features

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## Amplifier

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- 7-channel amplifier
- 140 watts minimum continuous power per channel, 8 ohm loads, 2 channels driven from 20 Hz to 20 kHz, with a maximum total harmonic distortion of 0.05% (FTC)
- Linear Optimum Gain Volume Circuitry
- Speakers A and Speakers B configurations
- Powered Zone 2 capability
- Bi-amp and bridging capability for front speakers
- WRAT (Wide Range Amplifier Technology)
- VLSC (Vector Linear Shaping Circuitry) on all channels
- Massive High Current Power Supply (H.C.P.S.) transformer

## Processing

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- THX<sup>\*1</sup> Surround EX
- THX Ultra2<sup>\*1</sup> certified
- Dolby<sup>\*2</sup> Digital, Dolby Digital EX, Dolby Digital Plus, Dolby TrueHD, Dolby Pro Logic IIx
- DTS<sup>\*3</sup>, DTS-ES Discrete, DTS-ES Matrix, DTS-HD Master Audio, DTS-HD High Resolution, DTS 96/24, DTS Neo:6
- Neural Surround<sup>\*4</sup>, THX-Neural
- Theater-Dimensional<sup>\*5</sup> virtual surround sound
- DSD Direct
- 192 kHz/24-bit D/A converters
- Powerful and highly accurate 32-bit DSP processing
- Re-EQ<sup>\*6</sup> function
- Tone control on all channels (7.1)
- 7-band EQ on 7 channels, 5-band EQ on subwoofer

## Audio/Video

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- Zone 2 with 12V trigger, level, tone, balance, pre out, and composite video output
- Zone 3 with level, balance, and pre out
- 4 HDMI<sup>\*7</sup> inputs, 2 outputs (Version 1.3a)
- HDMI upconversion of composite video, S-Video, and component sources (720p, 1080i, 1080p capable)
- Component video upconversion of composite video and S-Video sources
- Composite video to S-Video and S-Video to composite video conversion
- 6 digital inputs (3 optical, 3 coaxial), 1 output (optical)
- 3 component video inputs, 1 output
- 6 S-Video inputs, 2 outputs
- RS-232 control
- Color-coded, assignable 7.1 multichannel input
- 7.1-channel pre out

## Tuner

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- XM<sup>\*8</sup> Satellite Radio ready (N. America only)  
\* XM Mini-Tuner and Home Dock required; sold separately.
- SIRIUS<sup>\*9</sup> Satellite Radio ready (N. America only)  
\* SiriusConnect Home tuner kit required; sold separately.
- HD Radio reception (N. America only)
- 40 AM/FM/SIRIUS/XM presets (N. America only)
- 40 AM/FM presets (other models)
- AM/FM auto tuning
- RDS radio data
- Direct tuning

## Others

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- Network-ready for playing music files on a networked computer or media server, or for listening to Internet radio
- USB port for playing music files on USB mass storage devices (e.g., USB flash drives and MP3 players)
- Supports MP3, WMA, WAV, and M4A file formats
- Audyssey MultEQ XT room correction<sup>\*11</sup>
- Easy-to-use onscreen setup menus
- IR IN and OUT
- Preprogrammed remote controller for use with other AV components, with Learning and Macro functions



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Manufactured under license from Dolby Laboratories. "Dolby", "Pro Logic" and the double-D symbol are trademarks of Dolby Laboratories.



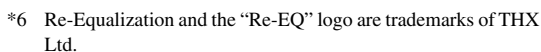
"DTS" is a registered trademark of DTS, Inc., and "DTS-HD Master Audio" is a trademark of DTS, Inc.



Neural Surround is a trademark owned by Neural Audio Corporation, THX is a trademark of THX Ltd., which may be registered in some jurisdictions. All rights reserved.



Theater-Dimensional is a trademark of Onkyo Corporation.



## Features—Continued

### \*7 **HDMI**

HDMI, the HDMI logo and High Definition Multimedia Interface are trademarks or registered trademarks of HDMI Licensing, LLC.

### \*8 **((XM)) READY**

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### \*9 **SIRIUS READY**

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### \*10 **HD Radio**

HD Radio™ Technology Manufactured Under License From iBiquity Digital Corporation. “iBiquity Digital” and the “HD Radio” and “HD” Symbols are registered trademarks of iBiquity Digital Corporation. “HD Radio” is a trademark of iBiquity Digital Corporation. U.S. and Foreign Patents.

### \*11 **AUDYSSEY MULTEQ XT**

Manufactured under license from Audyssey Laboratories. U.S. and foreign patents pending. Audyssey MultEQ XT is a trademark of Audyssey Laboratories.

#### **THX Ultra2**

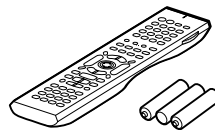
Before any home theater component can be THX Ultra2 certified, it must pass a rigorous series of quality and performance tests. Only then can a product feature the THX Ultra2 logo, which is your guarantee that the Home Theater products you purchase will give you superb performance for many years to come. THX Ultra2 requirements define hundreds of parameters, including power amplifier performance, and pre-amplifier performance and operation for both digital and analog domains. THX Ultra2 receivers also feature proprietary THX technologies (e.g., THX Mode) which accurately translate movie soundtracks for home theater playback.

- \* “Xantech” is a registered trademark of Xantech Corporation.
- \* “Niles” is a registered trademark of Niles Audio Corporation.
- \* Apple and iPod are trademarks of Apple Computer, Inc., registered in the U.S. and other countries.

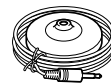
This product incorporates copyright protection technology that is protected by U.S. patents and other intellectual property rights. Use of this copyright protection technology must be authorized by Macrovision Corporation, and is intended for home and other limited consumer uses only unless otherwise authorized by Macrovision. Reverse engineering or disassembly is prohibited.

## Supplied Accessories

Make sure you have the following accessories:



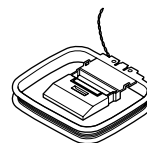
**Remote controller and three batteries (AA/R6)**



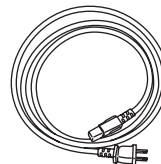
**Speaker setup microphone**



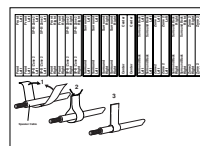
**Indoor FM antenna**



**AM loop antenna**



**Power cord**  
(Power cord varies from country to country.)



**Speaker cable labels**

- \* In catalogs and on packaging, the letter at the end of the product name indicates the color. Specifications and operation are the same regardless of color.

# Multiroom Capability

**You can use four speaker systems with this AV receiver**—*Speakers A*: a surround-sound speaker system (up to 7.1 channels) for enjoying DVD movies in your main room, *Speakers B*: a pair of stereo speakers for serious music listening in your main room, *Zone 2*: a stereo speaker system in a second room, *Zone 3*: a stereo speaker system in a third room. And, you can select a different audio source for each room.

**Speakers A:** Enjoy up to 7.1-channel surround-sound playback (see page 23).

You can enjoy the various listening modes, such as Dolby, DTS, and THX (see pages 79–86).

\*While Powered Zone 2 is being used, playback is reduced to 5.1-channels (see page 119).

**Speakers B:** Use a pair for stereo speakers for serious music listening in main room (see page 23).

\*Can be used with the subwoofer, center, surround, or surround back speakers as required (see page 97).

**Zone 2:** Enjoy 2-channel stereo playback and video playback in a second room (see page 119).

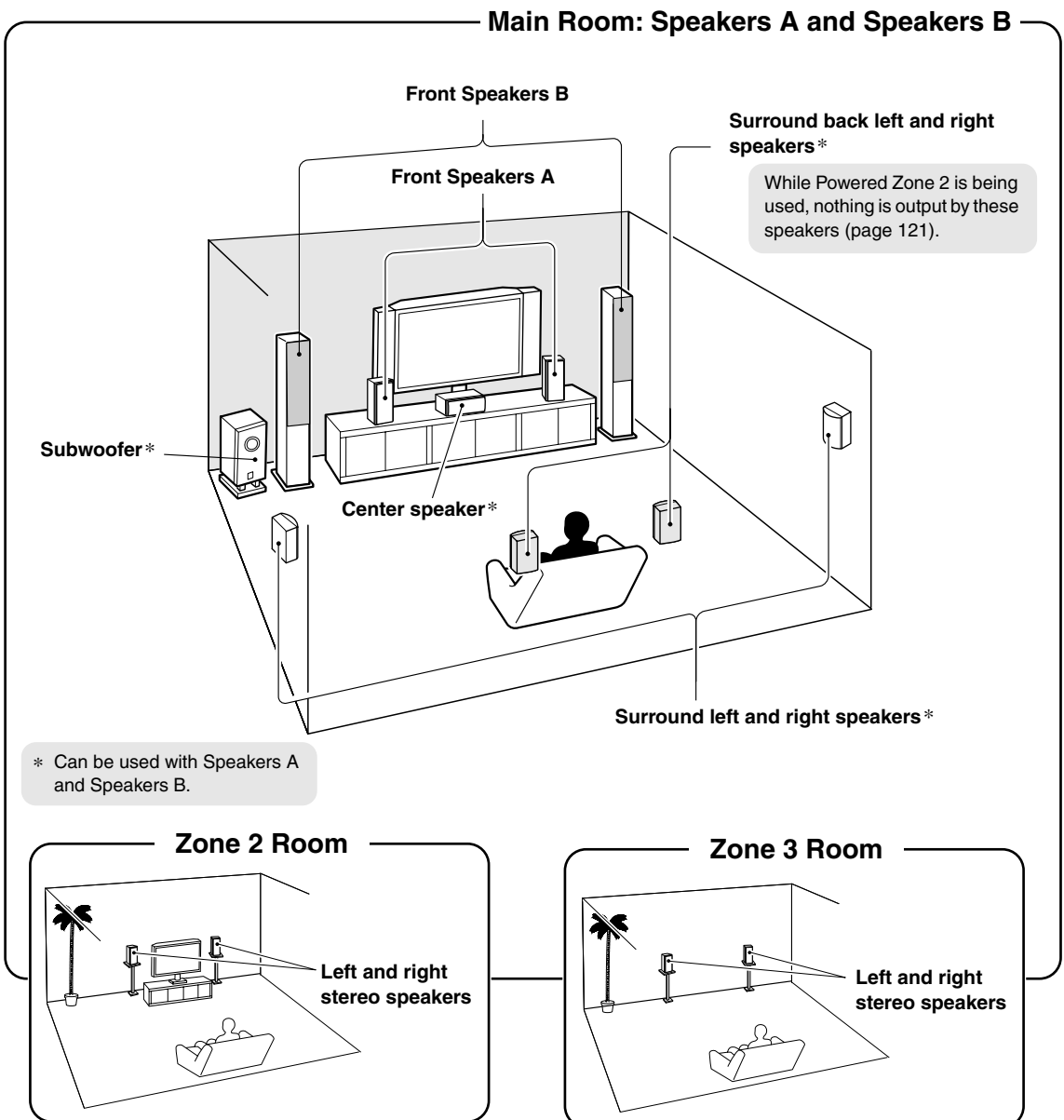
\*The listening modes cannot be used with Zone 2 and Zone 3.

\*External power amplifier required if Speakers B is used.

**Zone 3:** Enjoy 2-channel stereo playback in a third room (see page 120).

\*The listening modes cannot be used with Zone 2 and Zone 3.

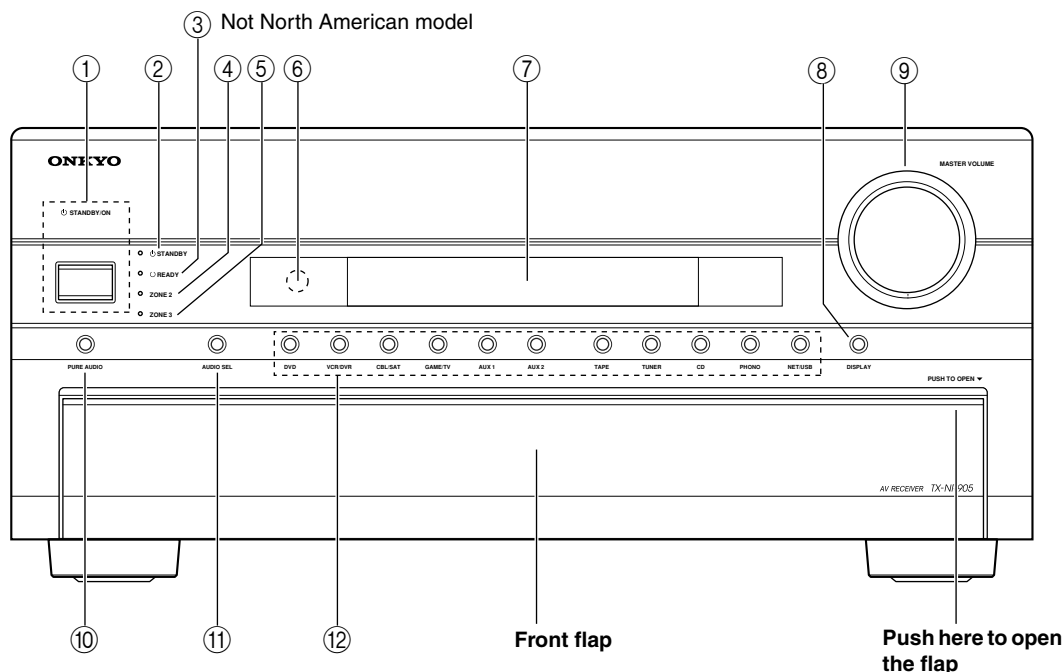
\*External power amplifier required.





# Getting to Know the AV Receiver

## Front Panel



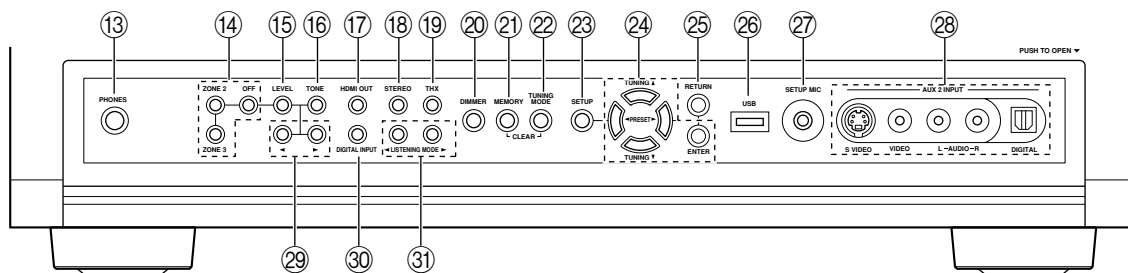
The actual front panel has various logos printed on it. They are not shown here for clarity.

For detailed information, see the pages in parentheses.

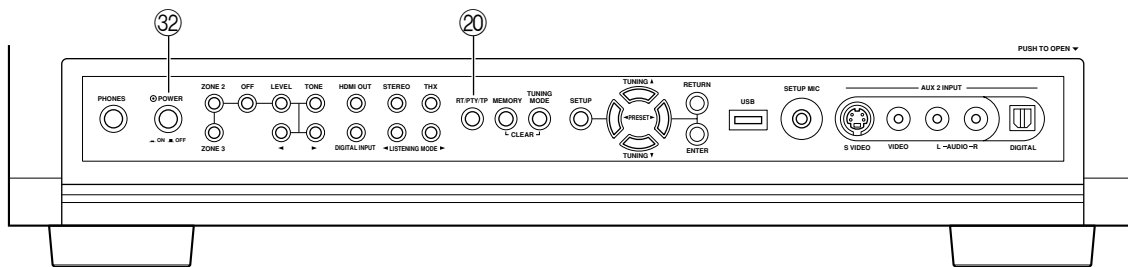
- ① **STANDBY/ON button (50)**  
Sets the AV receiver to On or Standby.
- ② **STANDBY indicator (50)**  
Lights up when the AV receiver is on Standby and flashes while a signal is being received from the remote controller.
- ③ **READY indicator (109)**  
North American model doesn't have this indicator.  
Lights up when the AV receiver is on Standby and HDMI Power Control is enabled.
- ④ **ZONE 2 indicator (123)**  
Flashes when Zone 2 is being set. Lights up when Zone 2 is on.
- ⑤ **ZONE 3 indicator (123)**  
Flashes when Zone 3 is being set. Lights up when Zone 3 is on.
- ⑥ **Remote-control sensor (15)**  
Receives control signals from the remote controller.
- ⑦ **Display**  
See "Display" on page 11.
- ⑧ **DISPLAY button (77)**  
Displays various information about the currently selected input source.
- ⑨ **MASTER VOLUME control (68)**  
Sets the volume of the AV receiver to  $-\infty$  dB,  $-81.5$  dB,  $-81.0$  dB through  $+18.0$  dB (relative display).  
The volume level can also be displayed as an absolute value. See "Volume Setup" on page 106.
- ⑩ **PURE AUDIO button and indicator (79)**  
Selects the Pure Audio listening mode. The indicator lights up when this mode is selected. Pressing this button again selects the previous listening mode.
- ⑪ **AUDIO SEL button (78)**  
Selects the audio input: analog, digital, HDMI, or multichannel.
- ⑫ **Input selector buttons (68)**  
Select the following input sources: DVD, VCR/DVR, CBL/SAT, GAME/TV, AUX 1, AUX 2, TAPE, TUNER, CD, PHONO, NET/USB.

## Getting to Know the AV Receiver—Continued

### North American model



### Other models



For detailed information, see the pages in parentheses.

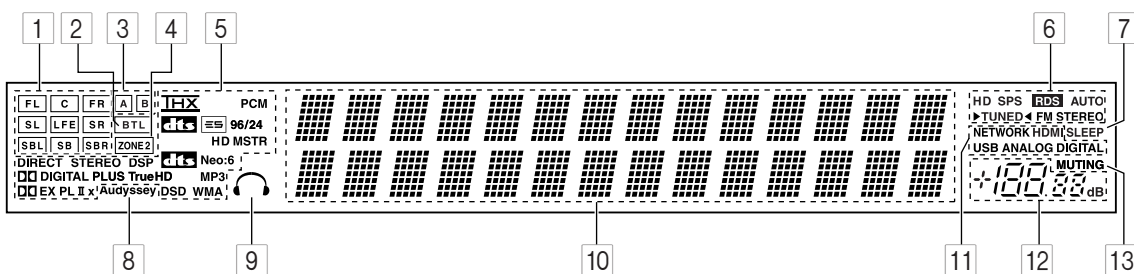
- ⑬ **PHONES jack (77)**  
This 1/4-inch phone jack is for connecting a standard pair of stereo headphones for private listening.
- ⑭ **ZONE 2, ZONE 3, and OFF buttons (123)**  
The ZONE 2 button is used when setting Zone 2.  
The ZONE 3 button is used when setting Zone 3.  
The OFF button is used to turn off Zone 2 or Zone 3.
- ⑮ **LEVEL button (124)**  
Used when adjusting the volume level of Zone 2 or Zone 3.
- ⑯ **TONE button (124)**  
Used to adjust the tone (bass and treble).
- ⑰ **HDMI OUT button (54)**  
Used to set the HDMI Monitor setting.
- ⑱ **STEREO button (79)**  
Selects the Stereo listening mode.
- ⑲ **THX button (79)**  
Selects the THX listening modes.
- ⑳ **DIMMER (RT/PTY/TP) button (72, 76)**  
Adjusts the display brightness.  
On models other than the North American model, this is the RT/PTY/TP button, and it's used with RDS (Radio Data System). See "Using RDS" on page 71.
- ㉑ **MEMORY button (73)**  
Used when storing or deleting radio presets.
- ㉒ **TUNING MODE button (69)**  
Selects the Auto or Manual tuning mode for AM and FM radio.
- ㉓ **SETUP button**  
Opens and closes the onscreen setup menus, which are displayed on the connected TV.
- ㉔ **TUNING, PRESET, Arrow, and ENTER buttons**  
When AM or FM is selected, the TUNING [▲] [▼] buttons are used for radio tuning, and the PRESET [◀] [▶] buttons are used to select radio presets (see page 73). With the onscreen setup menus, they work as arrow buttons and are used to select and set items. The ENTER button is also used with the onscreen setup menus.
- ㉕ **RETURN button**  
Selects the previously displayed onscreen setup menu.
- ㉖ **USB port**  
A USB mass storage device, such as a USB flash drive or MP3 player, containing music files (MP3, WMA, WAV, M4A) can be plugged in here and the music selected and played through the AV receiver.
- ㉗ **SETUP MIC (61)**  
The automatic speaker setup microphone connects here.
- ㉘ **AUX 2 INPUT (45, 87)**  
Used to connect a camcorder, game console, and so on. There are input jacks for optical digital audio, S-Video, composite video, and analog audio.

## Getting to Know the AV Receiver—Continued

- 29 **Up [▶] and Down [◀] buttons (90, 124)**  
Used to adjust the tone, and the volume and balance of Zone 2 and Zone 3.
- 30 **DIGITAL INPUT button (59)**  
Used to assign digital inputs to input selectors.

- 31 **LISTENING MODE [◀]/[▶] buttons (79)**  
Select the Onkyo original listening modes.
- 32 **POWER switch (50)**  
American models do not have this switch.  
This is the main power switch. When set to OFF, the AV receiver is completely shutdown. It must be set to ON to set the AV receiver to On or Standby.

### Display



For detailed information, see the pages in parentheses.

- 1 **Speaker/channel indicators (84)**  
Indicate the speaker configuration and channels used by the current input source.
- : A box is displayed for each speaker that's set in the Speaker Configuration. No box appears for speakers that are set to No or None.
- The following abbreviations indicate which audio channels are included in the current input signal.
- **FL**: Front left
  - **C**: Center
  - **FR**: Front right
  - **SL**: Surround left
  - **LFE**: Subwoofer (Low Frequency Effects)
  - **SR**: Surround right
  - **SBL**: Surround back left
  - **SB**: Surround back
  - **SBR**: Surround back right
- 2 **BTL indicator (51)**  
Lights up when the Speaker Type setting is set to BTL for bridged front speaker operation.
- 3 **A and B indicators (68)**  
Indicate which speaker set is selected: A or B.
- 4 **ZONE 2 indicator (123)**  
Lights up when Powered Zone 2 is being used.
- 5 **Listening mode and format indicators (79)**  
Show the selected listening mode and audio input signal format.
- 6 **Tuning indicators (69)**
- HD (North American model only) (74)**: Lights up if the current AM or FM station supports HD Radio technology.
  - SPS (North American model only) (75)**: Lights up when tuned to a HD Radio station that's transmitting secondary multicast channels.
  - RDS (71)**: Lights up when tuned to a radio station that supports RDS (Radio Data System).
  - AUTO (69)**: Lights up when Auto Tuning mode is selected for AM or FM radio. Goes off when Manual Tuning mode is selected.
  - TUNED (69)**: Lights up when tuned to a radio station.
  - FM STEREO (69)**: Lights up when tuned to a stereo FM station.
- 7 **SLEEP indicator (77)**  
Lights up when the Sleep function has been set.
- 8 **Audyssey indicator (61)**  
Lights up during automatic speaker setup.
- 9 **Headphone indicator (77)**  
Lights up when a pair of headphones are plugged into the PHONES jack.
- 10 **Message area**  
Displays various information.

## Getting to Know the AV Receiver—Continued

### 11 Audio input indicators (74, 78)

Indicate the type of audio input that's selected as the audio source: HDMI, ANALOG, or DIGITAL.

While a digital HD Radio transmission is being received, the DIGITAL indicator lights up. While an analog HD Radio transmission is being received, the ANALOG indicator lights up.

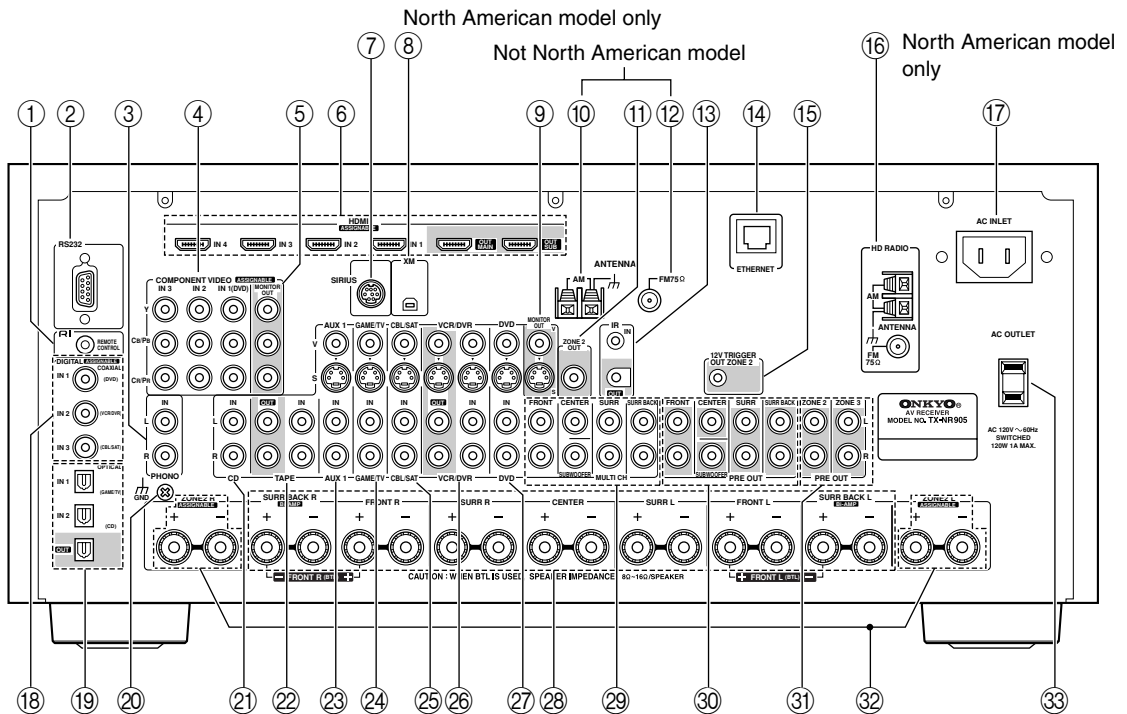
### 12 Volume level (68)

Displays the volume level.

### 13 MUTING indicator (76)

Flashes while the AV receiver is muted.

## Rear Panel



### 1 RI REMOTE CONTROL

This **RI** (Remote Interactive) jack can be connected to the **RI** jack on another **RI**-capable Onkyo component for remote and system control.

To use **RI**, you must make an analog audio connection (RCA) between the AV receiver and the other component, even if they are connected digitally.

### 2 RS232

This port is for connecting the AV receiver to home automation equipment and external controllers.

### 3 PHONO IN

This audio input is for connecting a turntable.

### 4 COMPONENT VIDEO IN 1, 2, and 3

These RCA component video inputs are for connecting components with a component video output, such as a DVD player, DVD recorder, or DVR (digital video recorder). They're assignable, which

means you can assign each one to an input selector to suit your setup. See "Component Video Input Setup" on page 56.

### 5 COMPONENT VIDEO MONITOR OUT

This RCA component video output is for connecting a TV or projector with a component video input.

### 6 HDMI IN 1–4, OUT MAIN, and OUT SUB

HDMI (High Definition Multimedia Interface) connections carry digital audio and digital video.

The HDMI inputs are for connecting components with an HDMI output, such as a DVD player, DVD recorder, or DVR (digital video recorder). They're assignable, which means you can assign each one to an input selector to suit your setup. See "HDMI Input Setup" on page 54.

The HDMI outputs are for connecting a TV or projector with an HDMI input.

**⑦ SIRIUS antenna (on North American model)**

This jack is for connecting a SIRIUS digital antenna, sold separately (see the separate SIRIUS instructions).

**⑧ XM antenna (on North American model)**

This jack is for connecting an XM Mini-Tuner and Home Dock, sold separately (see the separate XM instructions).

**⑨ MONITOR OUT**

The S-Video or composite video jack should be connected to a video input on your TV or projector.

**⑩ AM ANTENNA (not North American model)**

These push terminals are for connecting an AM antenna.

**⑪ ZONE 2 OUT**

This composite video output can be connected to a video input on a TV in Zone 2.

**⑫ FM ANTENNA (not North American model)**

This jack is for connecting an FM antenna.

**⑬ IR IN/OUT**

A commercially available IR receiver can be connected to the IR IN jack, allowing you to control the AV receiver while you're in Zone 2, or control it when it's out of sight, for example, installed in a cabinet.

A commercially available IR emitter can be connected to the IR OUT jack to pass IR (infrared) remote control signals through to other components.

**⑭ 12V TRIGGER OUT ZONE 2**

This output can be connected to the 12-volt trigger input on a component in Zone 2. When Zone 2 is turned on, a 12-volt trigger signal is output.

**⑮ ETHERNET port**

This port is for connecting the AV receiver to your Ethernet network (e.g., router or switch) for playing music files on a networked computer or media server, or for listening to Internet radio.

**⑯ AM and FM ANTENNA (HD Radio) (on North American model)**

The AM push terminals are for connecting an AM antenna. The FM jack is for connecting an FM antenna.

**⑰ AC INLET**

The supplied power cord is connected here. The other end of the power cord should be connected to a suitable wall outlet.

**⑱ DIGITAL COAXIAL IN 1, 2, and 3**

These coaxial digital audio inputs are for connecting components with a coaxial digital audio output, such as a CD player or DVD player. They're assignable, which means you can assign each one to an input selector to suit your setup. See "Digital Input Setup" on page 58.

**⑲ DIGITAL OPTICAL IN 1, 2, and OUT**

These optical digital audio inputs are for connecting components with an optical digital audio output, such as a CD player or DVD player. They're assignable, which means you can assign each one to an input selector to suit your setup. See "Digital Input Setup" on page 58.

The optical digital audio output is for connecting a digital recorder with an optical digital input, such as a CD recorder.

**⑳ GND screw**

This screw is for connecting a turntable's ground wire.

**㉑ CD IN**

This analog audio input is for connecting a CD player's analog audio output.

**㉒ TAPE IN/OUT**

These analog audio input and output jacks are for connecting a recorder with an analog audio input and output, such as a cassette deck, MD recorder, etc.

**㉓ AUX 1 IN**

A VCR for playback only or other video source can be connected here. There's S-Video and composite video input jacks for connecting the video signal.

**㉔ GAME/TV IN**

A game console or TV output can be connected here. There's S-Video and composite video input jacks for connecting the video signal.

**㉕ CBL/SAT IN**

A cable or satellite receiver can be connected here. There's S-Video and composite video input jacks for connecting the video signal.

**㉖ VCR/DVR IN/OUT**

A video component, such as a VCR or DVR, can be connected here for recording and playback. There's S-Video and composite video input and output jacks for connecting the video signal.

**㉗ DVD IN**

This input is for connecting a DVD player. There's S-Video and composite video input jacks for connecting the video signal.

**㉘ FRONT L/R, CENTER, SURR L/R, and SURR BACK L/R SPEAKERS**

These terminal posts are for connecting the front Speakers A, center, surround, and surround back speakers.

The FRONT L/R and SURR BACK L/R terminal posts can be used with front Speakers A and surround back speakers, respectively, or used to bi-amp or bridge front Speakers A. See "Bi-amping Front Speakers A" and "Bridging Front Speakers A" on page 28.

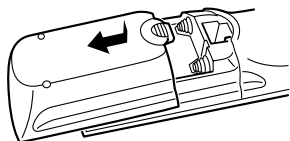
- ②⑨ **MULTI CH input: FRONT L/R, CENTER, SUBWOOFER, SURR L/R, and SURR BACK L/R**  
This analog multichannel input is for connecting a component with a 5.1/7.1-channel analog audio output, such as a DVD player, DVD-Audio or SACD-capable player, or an MPEG decoder.
- ③⑩ **PRE OUT: FRONT L/R, CENTER, SUBWOOFER, SURR L/R, and SURR BACK L/R**  
This 5.1/7.1 multichannel analog audio output can be connected to the analog audio input on a multichannel power amplifier for when you want to use the AV receiver solely as a preamplifier. The SUBWOOFER jack is for connecting a powered subwoofer.
- ③① **PRE OUT: ZONE 2, ZONE 3**  
These analog audio outputs can be connected to the line inputs on amplifiers in Zone 2 and Zone 3.
- ③② **ZONE 2 L/R SPEAKERS**  
These terminal posts are for connecting speakers in Zone 2 or front Speakers B.  
  
The ZONE 2 L/R and SURR BACK L/R terminal posts can be used with front Speakers B and surround back speakers, respectively, or used to bi-amp or bridge front Speakers B. See “Bi-amping Front Speakers B” and “Bridging Front Speakers A” on page 28.
- ③③ **AC OUTLET (North American and European models only)**  
These switched AC outlets can be used to supply power to other AV components. The type and number of outlets depends on the country in which you purchased your AV receiver.

See pages 22–49 for hookup information.

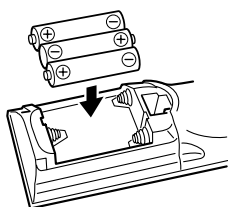
# Remote Controller

## Installing the Batteries

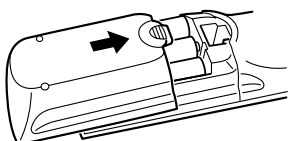
- 1 To open the battery compartment, press the small hollow and slide open the cover.**



- 2 Insert the three supplied batteries (AA/R6) in accordance with the polarity diagram inside the battery compartment.**



- 3 Slide the cover shut.**

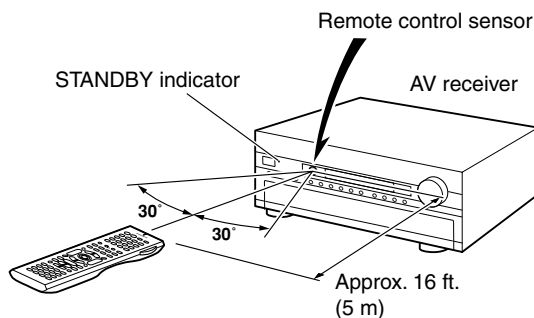


### Notes:

- If the remote controller doesn't work reliably, try replacing the batteries.
- Don't mix new and old batteries or different types of batteries.
- If you intend not to use the remote controller for a long time, remove the batteries to prevent damage from leakage or corrosion.
- Expired batteries should be removed as soon as possible to prevent damage from leakage or corrosion.

## Using the Remote Controller

When using the remote controller, point it toward the AV receiver's remote control sensor, as shown below.



### Notes:

- The remote controller may not work reliably if the AV receiver is subjected to bright light, such as direct sunlight or inverter-type fluorescent lights. Keep this in mind when installing.
- If another remote controller of the same type is used in the same room, or the AV receiver is installed close to equipment that uses infrared rays, the remote controller may not work reliably.
- Don't put anything on top of the remote controller, such as a book or magazine, because a button may be pressed continuously, thereby draining the batteries.
- The remote controller may not work reliably if the AV receiver is installed in a rack behind colored glass doors. Keep this in mind when installing.
- The remote controller will not work if there's an obstacle between it and the AV receiver's remote control sensor.

## About the Remote Controller Modes

As well as the AV receiver, you can also use the remote controller to control your other AV components. The remote controller has a specific operating mode for use with each type of component. Modes are selected by using the REMOTE MODE buttons.

### RECEIVER/TAPE Mode

In RECEIVER/TAPE mode, you can control the AV receiver and an Onkyo cassette recorder connected via **RI**.

### DVD Mode

By default, you can control an Onkyo DVD player in this mode. By entering the appropriate remote control code, you can control components made by other manufacturers (see page 126).

### CD/CDR/MD Mode

By default, you can control an Onkyo CD player in this mode. By entering the appropriate remote control code, you can control a CD player, MD recorder, or CD recorder made by another manufacturer (see page 126).

### DOCK Mode

This mode is for controlling an Apple iPod in an Onkyo RI Dock. You must enter the appropriate remote control code first (see page 126).

### TV and VCR Modes

With these modes, you can control a TV and VCR. You must enter the appropriate remote control code first (see page 126).

### CABLE/SAT Mode

In CABLE/SAT mode, you can control a cable or satellite TV receiver. You must enter the appropriate remote control code first (see page 126).

### NET/USB Mode

This mode is for playing music files on a networked computer, media server, or USB mass storage device, or for listening to Internet radio.

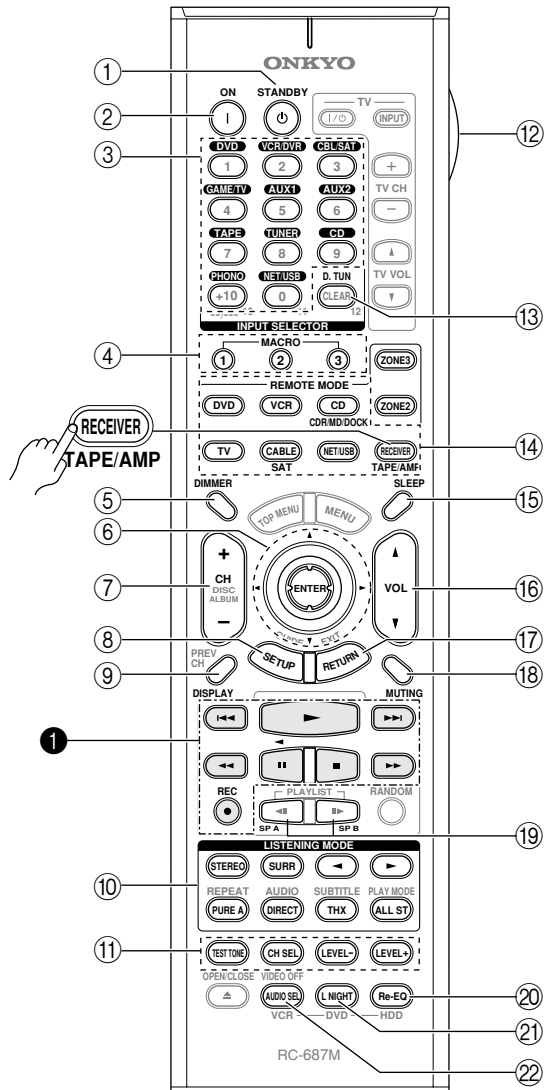
### ZONE 2/ZONE 3 Modes

These modes are for controlling Zone 2 and Zone 3 (see page 122).

## RECEIVER/TAPE Mode

RECEIVER/TAPE mode is used to control the AV receiver. It can also be used to control an Onkyo cassette recorder connected via **RI**.

**To set the remote controller to RECEIVER/TAPE mode, press the [RECEIVER] REMOTE MODE button.**



**1 Use the REMOTE MODE buttons to select a mode.**

**2 Use the buttons supported by that mode to control the component.**

RECEIVER/TAPE mode: see right column

DVD mode: see page 18

CD/MD/CDR mode: see page 19

DOCK mode: see page 20

NET/USB mode: see page 21

TV, VCR, CABLE/SAT modes: see page 128

### Note:

- Some of the remote controller functions described in this manual may not work as expected with other components.



## Remote Controller—Continued

For detailed information, see the pages in parentheses.

- ① **STANDBY button (50)**  
Sets the AV receiver to Standby.
- ② **ON button (50)**  
Turns on the AV receiver.
- ③ **INPUT SELECTOR buttons (68)**  
Used to select the input source.
- ④ **MACRO buttons (130)**  
Used with the Macro function.
- ⑤ **DIMMER button (76)**  
Adjusts the display brightness.
- ⑥ **Arrow [▲]/[▼]/[◀]/[▶] and ENTER buttons**  
Used to select and adjust settings.
- ⑦ **CH +/- button (73)**  
Selects radio presets.
- ⑧ **SETUP button**  
Used to change settings.
- ⑨ **DISPLAY button (77)**  
Displays information about the current input source.
- ⑩ **LISTENING MODE buttons (79)**  
Used to select the listening modes. The [STEREO], [SURR], and LISTENING MODE [◀]/[▶] buttons can be used at any time, regardless of the currently selected remote controller mode.
- ⑪ **TEST TONE, CH SEL, LEVEL–, and LEVEL+ buttons (76, 99)**  
Used to adjust the level of each speaker.
- ⑫ **LIGHT button**  
Turns the remote controller's illuminated buttons on or off.
- ⑬ **D.TUN button (70)**  
Selects the Direct tuning mode for radio.
- ⑭ **REMOTE MODE buttons (16)**  
Used to select the remote controller modes. When you press a button, the REMOTE MODE button for the currently selected mode lights up.
- ⑮ **SLEEP button (77)**  
Used with the Sleep function.
- ⑯ **VOL [▲]/[▼] button (68)**  
Adjusts the volume of the AV receiver regardless of the currently selected remote controller mode.
- ⑰ **RETURN button**  
Returns to the previous display when changing settings.
- ⑱ **MUTING button (76)**  
Mutes or unmutes the AV receiver.
- ⑲ **SP A and SP B buttons (8, 23)**  
Used to select Speakers A or Speakers B.

- ⑳ **Re-EQ button (89)**  
Turns the Re-EQ function on or off.
- ㉑ **L NIGHT button (89)**  
Turns the Late Night function on or off.
- ㉒ **AUDIO SEL button (78)**  
Selects the audio input: analog, digital, HDMI, or multichannel.

### ■ TAPE mode

On twin cassette decks, only Deck B can be controlled.

#### ① Previous and Next [◀◀]/[▶▶] buttons

The Previous [◀◀] button selects the previous track. During playback it selects the beginning of the current track. The Next [▶▶] button selects the next track.

Depending on how they were recorded, the Previous and Next [◀◀]/[▶▶] buttons may not work properly with some cassette tapes.

#### Play [▶] button

Starts playback.

#### Rewind and Fast Forward [◀◀]/[▶▶] buttons

The Rewind [◀◀] button starts rewind. The Fast Forward [▶▶] button starts fast forward.

#### Reverse Play [◀] button

Starts reverse playback.

#### Stop [■] button

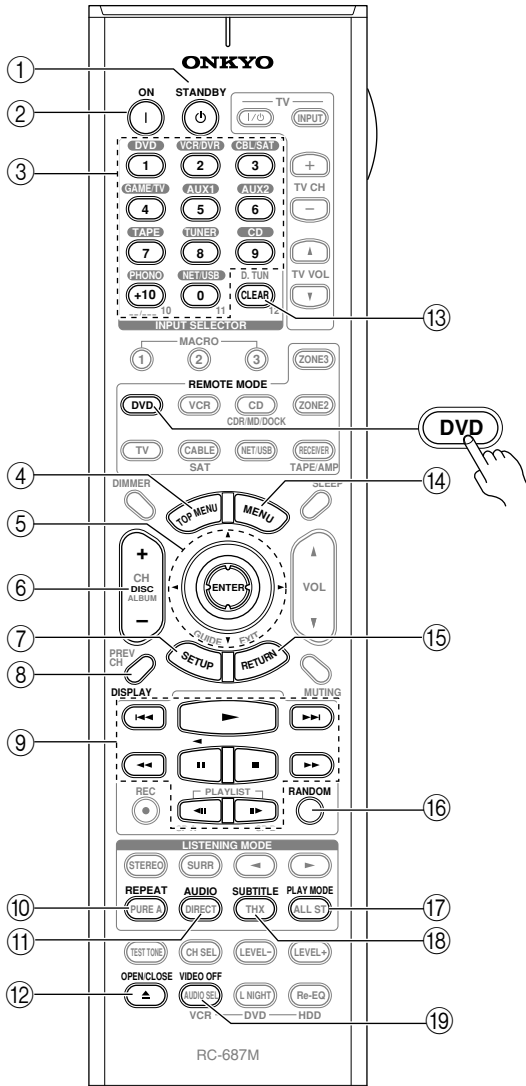
Stops playback.

#### REC [●] button

Starts recording.

## DVD Mode

To set the remote controller to DVD mode, press the [DVD] REMOTE MODE button.

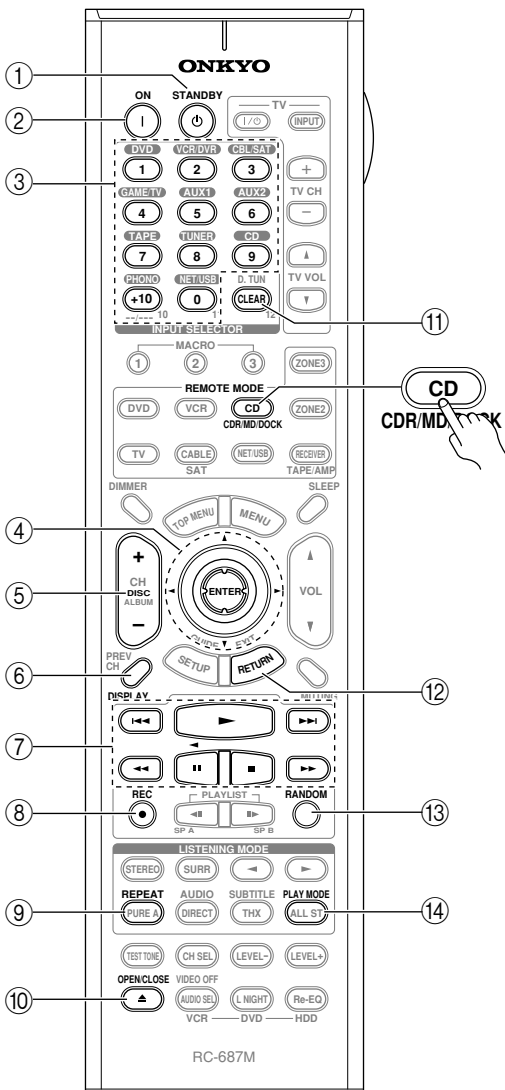


- ① **STANDBY button**  
Sets the DVD player to Standby.
- ② **ON button**  
Turns on the DVD player.
- ③ **Number buttons**  
Used to enter title, chapter, and track numbers, and to enter times for locating specific points.
- ④ **TOP MENU button**  
Selects a DVD's top menu.
- ⑤ **Arrow [▲]/[▼]/[◀]/[▶] and ENTER buttons**  
Used to navigate menus and select items.
- ⑥ **DISC +/- button**  
Selects discs on a DVD changer.
- ⑦ **SETUP button**  
Used to access the DVD player's settings.
- ⑧ **DISPLAY button**  
Displays information about the current disc, title, chapter, or track, including elapsed time, remaining time, total time, and so on.
- ⑨ **Playback buttons**  
From left to right: Previous, Play, Next, Rewind, Pause, Stop, Fast Forward, Slow Reverse, and Slow Forward.
- ⑩ **REPEAT button**  
Used with the repeat playback function.
- ⑪ **AUDIO button**  
Selects foreign language soundtracks and audio formats (e.g., Dolby Digital or DTS).
- ⑫ **OPEN/CLOSE [▲] button**  
Opens and closes the disc tray.
- ⑬ **CLEAR button**  
Cancels functions and clears entered numbers.
- ⑭ **MENU button**  
Displays a DVD's menu.
- ⑮ **RETURN button**  
Exits the DVD player's onscreen setup menu.
- ⑯ **RANDOM button**  
Used with the random playback function.
- ⑰ **PLAY MODE button**  
Selects play modes on components with selectable play modes.
- ⑱ **SUBTITLE button**  
Selects subtitles.
- ⑲ **VIDEO OFF button**  
Turns off the internal video circuitry, eliminating any possibility of interference.

## CD/MD/CDR Modes

To control an Onkyo CD player, MD recorder, or CD recorder, or a CD or MD player/recorder made by another manufacturer, press the [CD] REMOTE MODE button to select the CD/MD/CDR remote controller mode.

In order to control an Onkyo MD recorder or CD recorder, or a component made by another manufacturer, you must first enter the appropriate remote control code (see page 126).



- ① **STANDBY button**  
Sets the component to Standby.
- ② **ON button**  
Set the component to On or Standby.
- ③ **Number buttons**  
Used to enter track numbers and times for locating specific points.
- ④ **Arrow [▲]/[▼]/[◀]/[▶] and ENTER buttons**  
Used with some components.
- ⑤ **DISC +/- button**  
Selects discs on a CD changer.
- ⑥ **DISPLAY button**  
Displays information about the current disc or track, including elapsed time, remaining time, total time, and so on.
- ⑦ **Playback buttons**  
From left to right: Previous, Play, Next, Rewind, Pause, Stop, and Fast Forward.
- ⑧ **REC [●] button**  
Starts recording.
- ⑨ **REPEAT button**  
Used with the repeat playback function.
- ⑩ **OPEN/CLOSE [▲] button**  
Opens or closes the disc tray or ejects the MiniDisc.
- ⑪ **CLEAR button**  
Cancels functions and clears entered numbers.
- ⑫ **RETURN button**  
Used with some components.
- ⑬ **RANDOM button**  
Used with the random playback function.
- ⑭ **PLAY MODE button**  
Selects play modes on components with selectable play modes.

## DOCK Mode

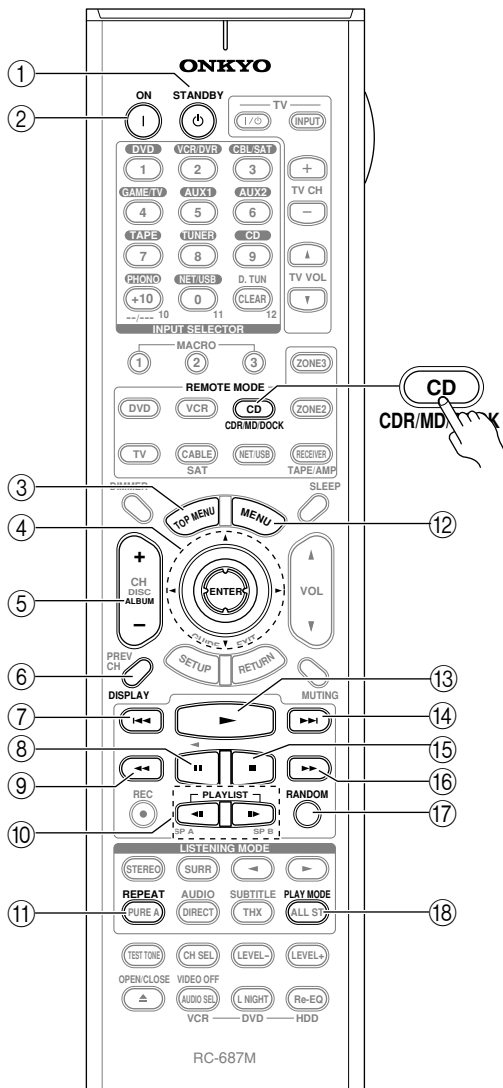
Dock mode is for controlling an Apple iPod in an Onkyo RI Dock.

To control an RI Dock, press the [CD] REMOTE MODE button to select the DOCK remote controller mode.

In order to control an RI Dock, you must first enter the appropriate remote control code (see page 126).

### When Using an RI Dock:

- Connect the RI Dock to the TAPE IN or GAME/TV IN L/R jacks.
- Set the RI Dock's RI MODE switch to HDD or HDD/DOCK.
- Set the AV receiver's Input Display to DOCK (see page 57).
- See to the RI Dock's instruction manual for more information.



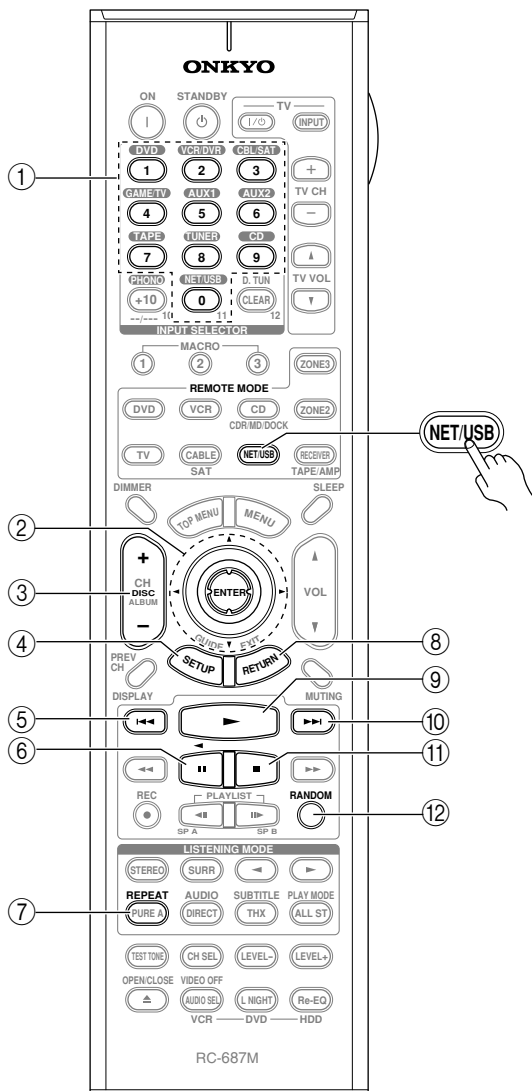
- STANDBY button**  
Turns off the iPod.
- ON button\***  
Turns on the iPod.
- TOP MENU button**  
Works as a Mode button when used with a DS-A2 RI Dock.
- Arrow [▲]/[▼] and ENTER buttons\***  
Used to navigate menus and select items.
- ALBUM +/- button\***  
Selects the next or previous album.
- DISPLAY button\***  
Turns on the backlight for 30 seconds.
- Previous [◀◀] button**  
Restarts the current song. Press it twice to select the previous song.
- Pause [||] button**  
Pauses playback. (With 3rd generation iPods, it works as a Play/Pause button.)
- Rewind [◀◀] button**  
Press and hold to rewind.
- PLAYLIST [◀◀]/[▶▶] buttons\***  
Used to select the previous or next playlist on the iPod.
- REPEAT button\***  
Used with the repeat function.
- MENU button\***  
Used to access menus.
- Play [▶] button**  
Starts playback. If the component is off, it will turn on automatically. (With 3rd generation iPods, this button works as a Play/Pause button.)
- Next [▶▶] button**  
Selects the next song.
- Stop [■] button**  
Stops playback and displays a menu.
- Fast Forward [▶▶] button**  
Press and hold to fast forward.
- RANDOM button\***  
Used with the shuffle function.
- PLAY MODE button**  
Used to select play modes on components with selectable play modes.  
Works as a Resume button when used with a DS-A2 RI Dock.

\*Buttons marked with an asterisk (\*) are not supported by 3rd generation iPods.

## NET/USB Mode

NET/USB mode is for playing music files on a networked computer, media server, or USB mass storage device, or for listening to Internet radio.

To set the remote controller to NET/USB mode, press the [NET/USB] REMOTE MODE button.



- ① **Number buttons**  
Used to enter track numbers.
- ② **Arrow [▲]/[▼]/[◀]/[▶] and ENTER buttons**  
Used to navigate menus and select items.
- ③ **CH +/- button**  
Used to select Internet radio stations.
- ④ **SETUP button**  
Displays the URL input screen for Internet radio.
- ⑤ **Previous [◀◀] button**  
Restarts the current song. Press it twice to select the previous song.
- ⑥ **Pause [||] button**  
Pauses playback of music stored on a USB mass storage device.
- ⑦ **REPEAT button**  
Used with the repeat playback function, which can be used with music files on a networked computer, media server, or USB mass storage device.
- ⑧ **RETURN button**  
Returns to the previous display.
- ⑨ **Play [▶] button**  
Starts playback.
- ⑩ **Next [▶▶] button**  
Selects the next song.
- ⑪ **Stop [■] button**  
Stops playback.
- ⑫ **RANDOM button**  
Used with the random playback function, which can be used with music files on a networked computer, media server, or USB mass storage device.

# Connecting Your Speakers

## Enjoying Home Theater

Thanks to the AV receiver's superb capabilities, you can enjoy surround sound with a real sense of movement in your own home—just like being in a movie theater or concert hall. You can enjoy DVDs featuring Dolby Digital or DTS. With analog or digital TV, you can enjoy Dolby Pro Logic IIx, DTS Neo:6, or Onkyo's original DSP listening modes. You can also enjoy THX Surround EX (THX-certified THX speaker system recommended).

### Front left and right speakers

These output the main sound. Their role in a home theater is to provide a solid anchor for the sound image. They should be positioned facing the listener at about ear level, and equally spaced from the TV. Angle them inward slightly so as to create a triangle, with the listener at the apex.

### Center speaker

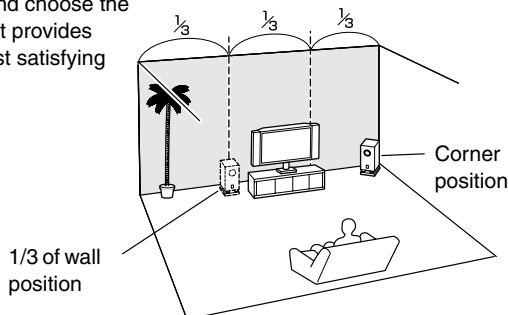
This speaker enhances the front left and right speakers, making sound movements distinct and providing a full sound image. For movies it's used mainly for dialog.

Position it close to your TV (preferably on top) facing forward at about ear level, or at the same height as the front left and right speakers.

### Subwoofer

The subwoofer handles the bass sounds of the LFE (Low-Frequency Effects) channel. The volume and quality of the bass output from your subwoofer will depend on its position, the shape of your listening room, and your listening position. In general, a good bass sound can be obtained by installing the subwoofer in a front corner, or at one-third the way along the front wall, as shown.

**Tip:** To find the best position for your subwoofer, while playing a movie or some music with good bass, experiment by placing your subwoofer at various positions within the room and choose the one that provides the most satisfying results.



### Surround left and right speakers

These speakers are used for precise sound positioning and to add realistic ambience.

Position them at the sides of the listener, or slightly behind, about 2–3 feet (60–100 cm) above ear level. Ideally they should be equally spaced from the listener.

### Surround back left and right speakers

These speakers are necessary to enjoy Dolby Digital EX, DTS-ES Matrix, DTS-ES Discrete, THX Surround EX, etc. They enhance the realism of surround sound and improve sound localization behind the listener. Position them behind the listener about 2–3 feet (60–100 cm) above ear level.

## Connecting Your Speakers

### About Speakers A and Speakers B

Speakers A and Speakers B allows you to have two speaker configurations of up to 7.1 speakers. Each configuration has its own pair of stereo front speakers and can use the same subwoofer, center, surround, and surround back speakers, as required. You could, for example, use Speakers A when watching a DVD movie with 7.1-channels surround sound and use Speakers B for serious music listening with a pair of stereo speakers and the subwoofer (2.1-channels).

The speakers are configured by using the “Speaker Settings” on page 51 and “Speaker Setup” on page 94.

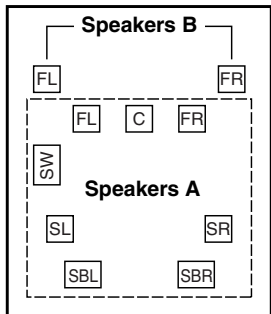
Front Speakers A and front Speakers B can be wired normally, bi-amped, or bridged, but A and B cannot be bi-amped or bridged at the same time. For example, if front Speakers A are bridged, front Speakers B can only be wired normally. Similarly, if front Speakers B are bi-amped, Speakers A can only be wired normally. When bridging is used, the AV receiver can drive 2 speakers in the main room (2.1 speakers if you’re using a powered subwoofer). When bi-amping is used, the AV receiver can drive up to 5.1 speakers in the main room. See pages 27–30 for more information.

The Speakers A and Speakers B configurations are selected by using the [SP A] and [SP B] buttons on the remote controller. Only one configuration can be selected at a time.

The versatility offered by the Speakers A and Speakers B configurations means you can configure the AV receiver to suit your exact requirements and application. Two typical applications are shown below.

#### ■ 7.1-channel Playback with Speakers A and Stereo Playback with Speakers B

In this example, Speakers A provides 7.1-channel surround sound for enjoying DVD movies, while Speakers B is used for serious music listening with a pair of top-quality stereo speakers.



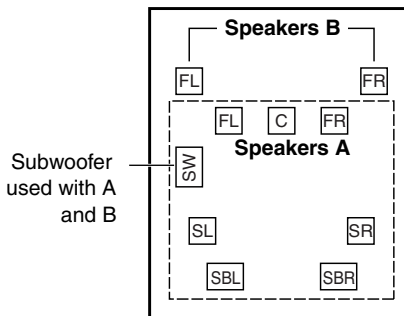
2-1.Speaker Settings	
Speaker Impedance	6ohms
Front(Speaker A)	Normal
Front(Speaker B)	Normal

2-2.Speaker Config	
Speakers A	
Subwoofer	Use
Front	Use
Center	Use
Surround	Use
Surr Back	Use

2-2.Speaker Config	
Speakers B	
Subwoofer	Not Use
Front	Use
Center	Not Use
Surround	Not Use
Surr Back	Not Use

#### ■ 7.1-channel Playback with Bridged Front Speakers

In this example, Speakers A provides 7.1-channel surround sound for enjoying DVD movies, while Speakers B is bridged for use with a pair of high-power stereo speakers, the subwoofer is used with Speakers A and Speakers B.



2-1.Speaker Settings	
Speaker Impedance	6ohms
Front(Speaker A)	Normal
Front(Speaker B)	BTL

2-2.Speaker Config	
Speakers A	
Subwoofer	Use
Front	Use
Center	Use
Surround	Use
Surr Back	Use

2-2.Speaker Config	
Speakers B	
Subwoofer	Use
Front	Use
Center	Not Use
Surround	Not Use
Surr Back	Not Use

## Connecting Your Speakers—Continued

### Speaker Configuration

For 7.1-channel surround-sound playback, you need seven speakers and a powered subwoofer.

The following table shows which channels you should use based on the number of speakers you have.

Number of speakers:	2	3	4	5	6	7
Front left	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Front right	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Center		✓		✓	✓	✓
Surround left			✓	✓	✓	✓
Surround right			✓	✓	✓	✓
Surround back*					✓	
Surround back left						✓
Surround back right						✓

\* If you're using only one surround back speaker, connect it to the SURR BACK L terminals.

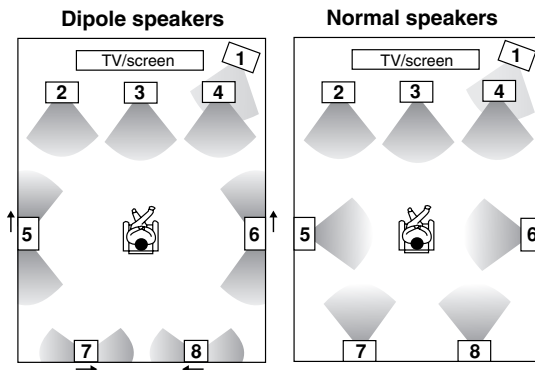
No matter how many speakers you use, a powered subwoofer is recommended for a powerful and solid bass.

To get the best from your surround-sound system, you must set the speaker settings. You can do this automatically (see page 61) or manually (see page 94).

### Using Dipole Speakers

You can use dipole speakers for the surround left and right and surround back left and right speakers. Dipole speakers output the same sound in two directions.

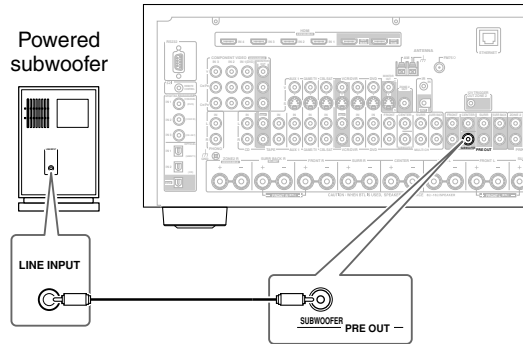
Dipole speakers typically have an arrow printed on them to indicate how they should be positioned. The surround left and right dipole speakers should be positioned so that their arrows point toward your TV or screen, while the surround back left and right dipolar speakers should be positioned so that their arrows point toward each other, as shown.



- |  |  |
|--|--|
| <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Subwoofer</li> <li>2. Front left speaker</li> <li>3. Center speaker</li> <li>4. Front right speaker</li> <li>5. Surround left speaker</li> </ol> | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>6. Surround right speaker</li> <li>7. Surround back left speaker</li> <li>8. Surround back right speaker</li> </ol> |
|--|--|

### Connecting a Powered Subwoofer

Using a suitable cable, connect the AV receiver's SUBWOOFER PRE OUT to the input on your powered subwoofer. If your subwoofer is unpowered and you're using an external amplifier, connect the SUBWOOFER PRE OUT to the amp's input.



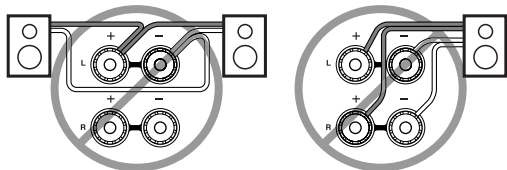
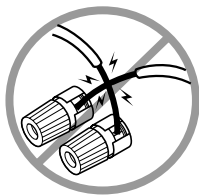


## Connecting Your Speakers—Continued

### Speaker Connection Precautions

Read the following before connecting your speakers:

- You can connect speakers with an impedance of between 4 and 16 ohms. If the impedance of any of the connected speakers is 4 ohms or more but less than 6, be sure to set the speaker impedance to 4 ohms (see page 51). If you use speakers with a lower impedance, and use the amplifier at high volume levels for a long period of time, the built-in amp protection circuit may be activated.
- Disconnect the power cord from the wall outlet before making any connections.
- Read the instructions supplied with your speakers.
- Pay close attention to speaker wiring polarity. Connect positive (+) terminals to only positive (+) terminals, and negative (–) terminals to only negative (–) terminals. If you get them the wrong way around, the sound will be out of phase and will sound unnatural.
- Unnecessarily long or very thin speaker cables may affect the sound quality and should be avoided.
- Be careful not to short the positive and negative wires. Doing so may damage the AV receiver.
- Don't connect more than one cable to each speaker terminal. Doing so may damage the AV receiver.
- Don't connect a speaker to several terminals.



### Attaching the Speaker Labels

The AV receiver's positive (+) speaker terminals are color-coded for ease of identification. (The negative (–) speaker terminals are all black.)

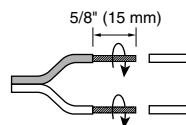
Speaker terminal	Color
Front left, Zone 2 left	White
Front right, Zone 2 right	Red
Center	Green
Surround left	Blue
Surround right	Gray
Surround back left	Brown
Surround back right	Tan

The supplied speaker labels are also color-coded and you should attach them to the positive (+) side of each speaker cable in accordance with the above table. All you need to do then is to match the color of each label to the corresponding speaker terminal.



### Connecting the Speaker Cables

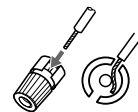
- 1 Strip about 5/8" (15 mm) of insulation from the ends of the speaker cables, and twist the bare wires tightly, as shown.**



- 2 Unscrew the terminal.**



- 3 Fully insert the bare wire.**



- 4 Screw the terminal tight.**

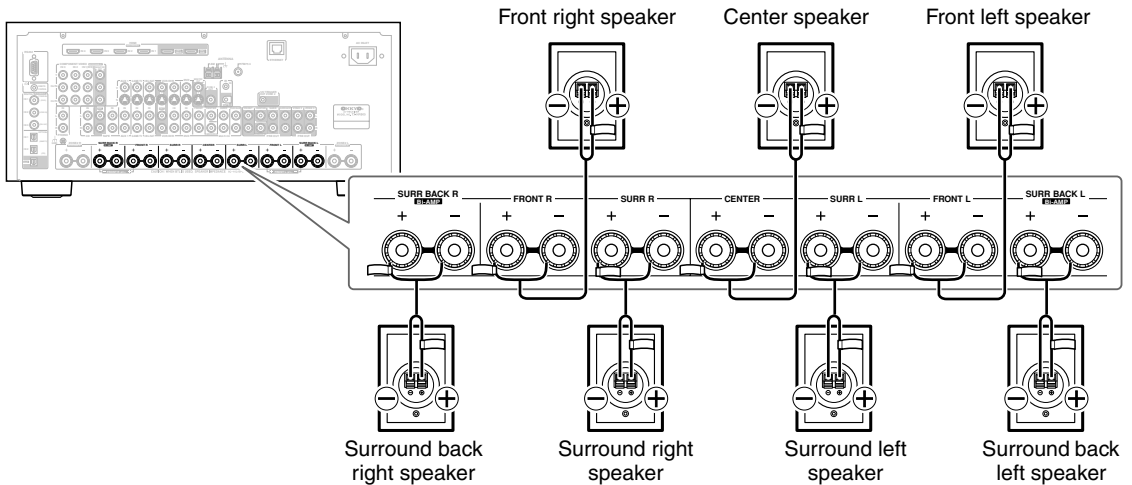


## Connecting Your Speakers—Continued

### ■ 7.1-channel Playback with Speakers A

The following illustration shows which speaker should be connected to each pair of terminals for 7.1-channel playback with Speakers A.

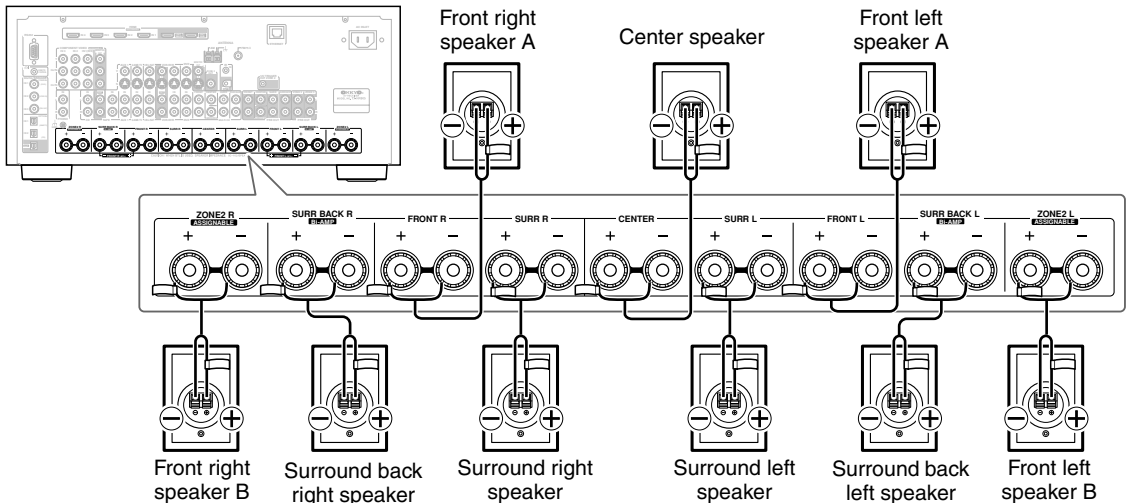
If you're using only one surround back speaker, connect it to the SURR BACK L terminals.



### ■ 7.1-channel Playback with Speakers A or Speakers B

The following illustration shows which speaker should be connected to each pair of terminals for up to 7.1-channel playback with Speakers A or Speakers B.

If you're using only one surround back speaker, connect it to the SURR BACK L terminals.



#### Notes:

- When Speakers A is selected, the front left speaker A and front right speaker A become the main front speakers. When Speakers B is selected, the front left speaker B and front right speaker B become the main front speakers.
- The speakers are configured by using the “Speaker Settings” on page 51 and “Speaker Setup” on page 94.
- You can choose which of the speakers you want to use with the Speakers A and Speakers B configurations (see page 97).

## Connecting Your Speakers—Continued

### Bi-amping Front Speakers A

The FRONT L/R and SURR BACK L/R terminal posts can be used with front Speakers A and surround back speakers respectively, or bi-amped to provide separate tweeter and woofer feeds for front Speakers A, providing improved bass and treble performance.

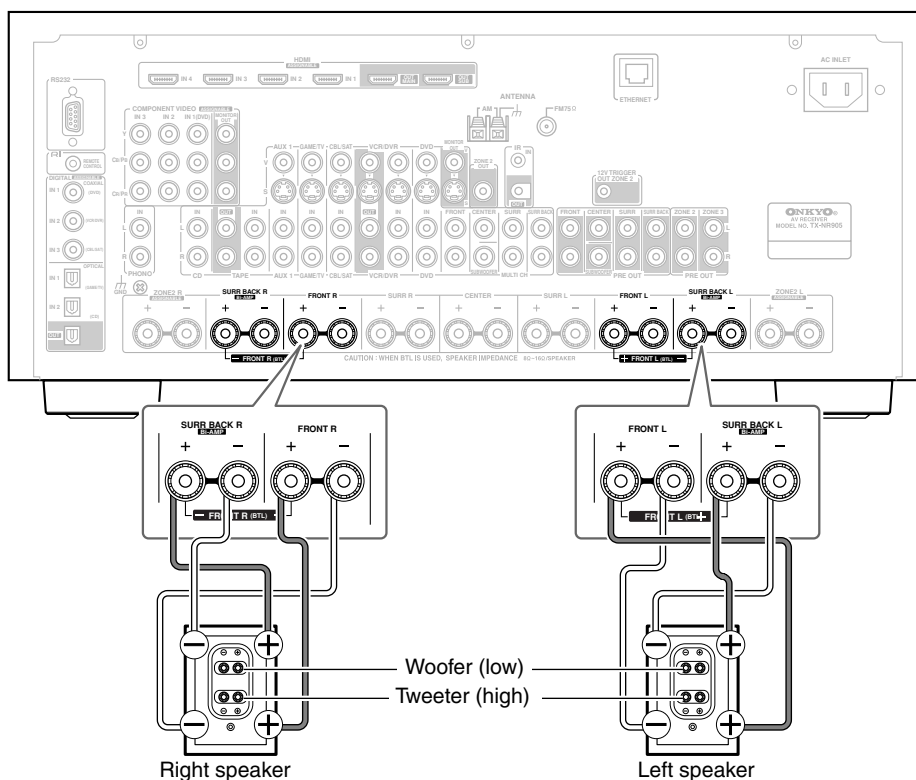
- When bi-amping is used, the AV receiver is able to drive up to 5.1 speakers in the main room.
- For bi-amping, the FRONT L/R terminal posts connect to the front speakers' tweeter terminals. And the SURR BACK L/R terminal posts connect to the front speakers' woofer terminals.
- Once you've completed the bi-amping connections shown below and turned on the AV receiver, you must set the Speaker Type Front A setting to Bi-Amp to enable bi-amping (see page 51).
- When front Speakers A are biamped, front Speakers B must be wired normally or not used.

#### Important:

- **When making the bi-amping connections, be sure to remove the jumper bars that link the speakers' tweeter (high) and woofer (low) terminals.**
- Bi-amping can only be used with speakers that support bi-amping. Refer to your speaker manual.

### Bi-amping Speaker Hookup

- 1** Connect the AV receiver's FRONT R positive (+) terminal to the right speaker's positive (+) tweeter (high) terminal. And connect the AV receiver's FRONT R negative (–) terminal to the right speaker's negative (–) tweeter (high) terminal.
- 2** Connect the AV receiver's SURR BACK R positive (+) terminal to the right speaker's positive (+) woofer (low) terminal. And connect the AV receiver's SURR BACK R negative (–) terminal to the right speaker's negative (–) woofer (low) terminal.
- 3** Connect the AV receiver's FRONT L positive (+) terminal to the left speaker's positive (+) tweeter (high) terminal. And connect the AV receiver's FRONT L negative (–) terminal to the left speaker's negative (–) tweeter (high) terminal.
- 4** Connect the AV receiver's SURR BACK L positive (+) terminal to the left speaker's positive (+) woofer (low) terminal. And connect the AV receiver's SURR BACK L negative (–) terminal to the left speaker's negative (–) woofer (low) terminal.



## Bridging Front Speakers A

The FRONT L/R and SURR BACK L/R terminal posts can be used with front speakers and surround back speakers respectively, or bridged together to provide almost double the output power for the front speakers.

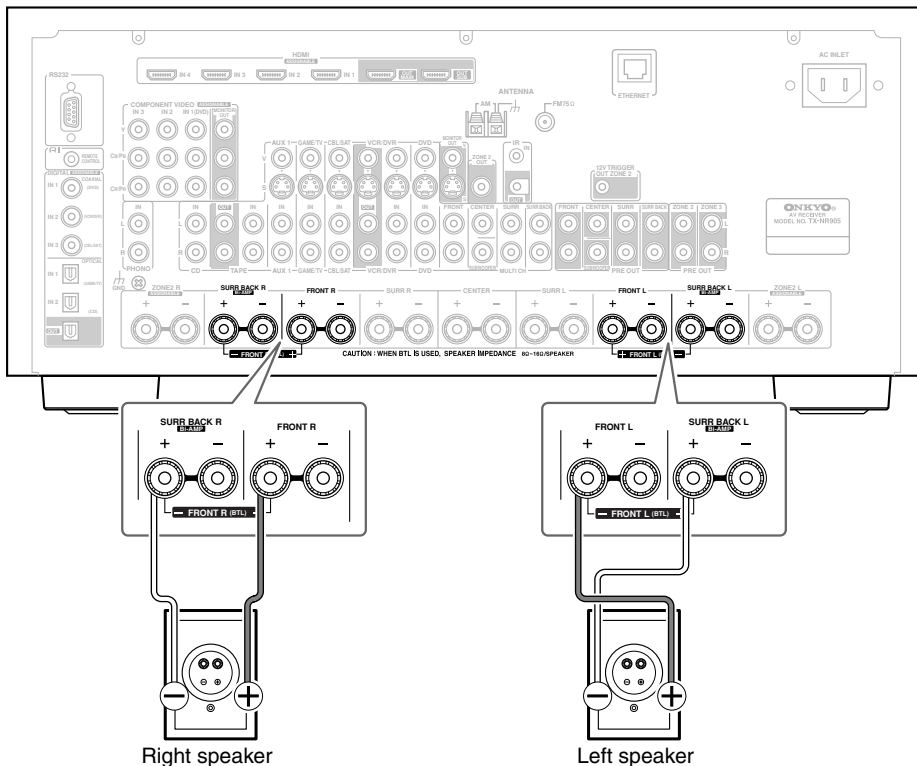
- When bridging is used, the AV receiver is able to drive 2 speakers in the main room (2.1 speakers if you're using a powered subwoofer).
- For bridging, the positive (+) FRONT L/R and SURR BACK L/R terminal posts are used, but the negative (-) FRONT L/R and SURR BACK L/R terminals are not.
- Once you've completed the bridging connections shown below and turned on the AV receiver, you must set the Speaker Type Front A setting to BTL to enable bridging (see page 51).
- When front Speakers A are bridged, front Speakers B must be wired normally or not used.

### Notes:

- **Use only front speakers with an impedance of 8 ohms or higher for bridging. Failure to do so may seriously damage the AV receiver.**
- When using bridging, make sure that your front speakers can handle the additional power.

## Bridged Speaker Hookup

- 1 Connect the AV receiver's FRONT R positive (+) terminal to the right speaker's positive (+) terminal. And connect the AV receiver's SURR BACK R positive (+) terminal to the right speaker's negative terminal.
- 2 Connect the AV receiver's FRONT L positive (+) terminal to the left speaker's positive (+) terminal. And connect the AV receiver's SURR BACK L positive (+) terminal to the left speaker's negative terminal.



## Bi-amping Front Speakers B

The ZONE 2 L/R and SURR BACK L/R terminal posts can be used with front Speakers B and surround back speakers respectively, or bi-amped to provide separate tweeter and woofer feeds for front Speakers B, providing improved bass and treble performance.

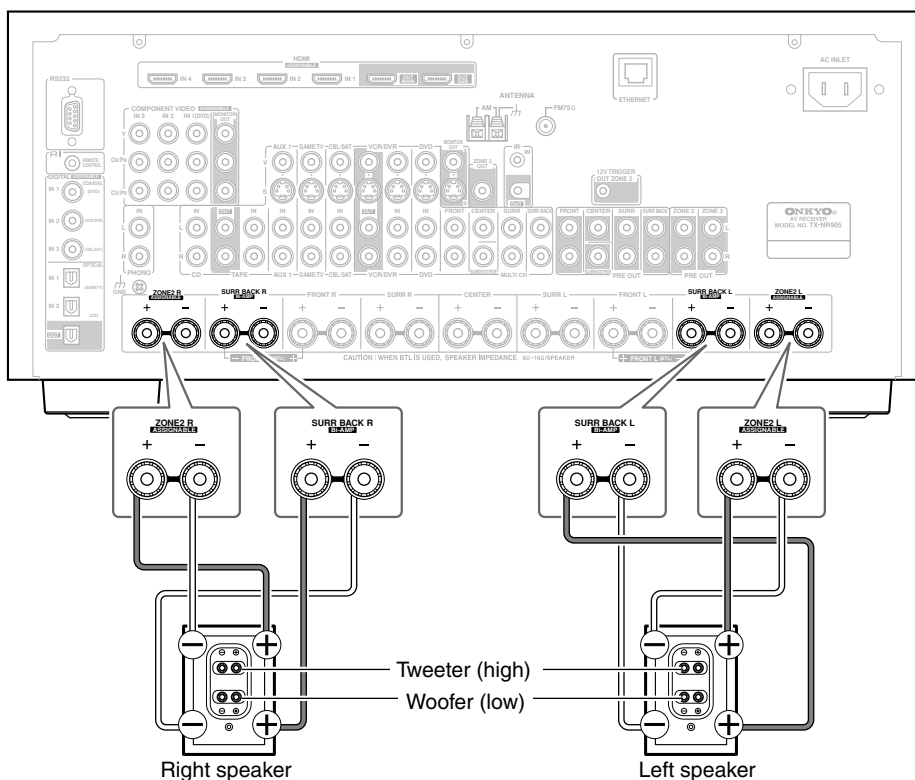
- When bi-amping is used, the AV receiver is able to drive up to 5.1 speakers in the main room.
- For bi-amping, the ZONE 2 L/R terminal posts connect to the front speakers' tweeter terminals. And the SURR BACK L/R terminal posts connect to the front speakers' woofer terminals.
- Once you've completed the bi-amping connections shown below and turned on the AV receiver, you must set the Speaker Type Front B setting to Bi-Amp to enable bi-amping (see page 51).
- When front Speakers B are biamped, front Speakers A must be wired normally.

### Important:

- **When making the bi-amping connections, be sure to remove the jumper bars that link the speakers' tweeter (high) and woofer (low) terminals.**
- Bi-amping can only be used with speakers that support bi-amping. Refer to your speaker manual.

## Bi-amping Speaker Hookup

- 1 Connect the AV receiver's ZONE 2 R positive (+) terminal to the right speaker's positive (+) tweeter (high) terminal. And connect the AV receiver's ZONE 2 R negative (-) terminal to the right speaker's negative (-) tweeter (high) terminal.
- 2 Connect the AV receiver's SURR BACK R positive (+) terminal to the right speaker's positive (+) woofer (low) terminal. And connect the AV receiver's SURR BACK R negative (-) terminal to the right speaker's negative (-) woofer (low) terminal.
- 3 Connect the AV receiver's ZONE 2 L positive (+) terminal to the left speaker's positive (+) tweeter (high) terminal. And connect the AV receiver's ZONE 2 L negative (-) terminal to the left speaker's negative (-) tweeter (high) terminal.
- 4 Connect the AV receiver's SURR BACK L positive (+) terminal to the left speaker's positive (+) woofer (low) terminal. And connect the AV receiver's SURR BACK L negative (-) terminal to the left speaker's negative (-) woofer (low) terminal.



## Bridging Front Speakers B

The ZONE 2 L/R and SURR BACK L/R terminal posts can be used with front speakers and surround back speakers respectively, or bridged together to provide almost double the output power for the front speakers.

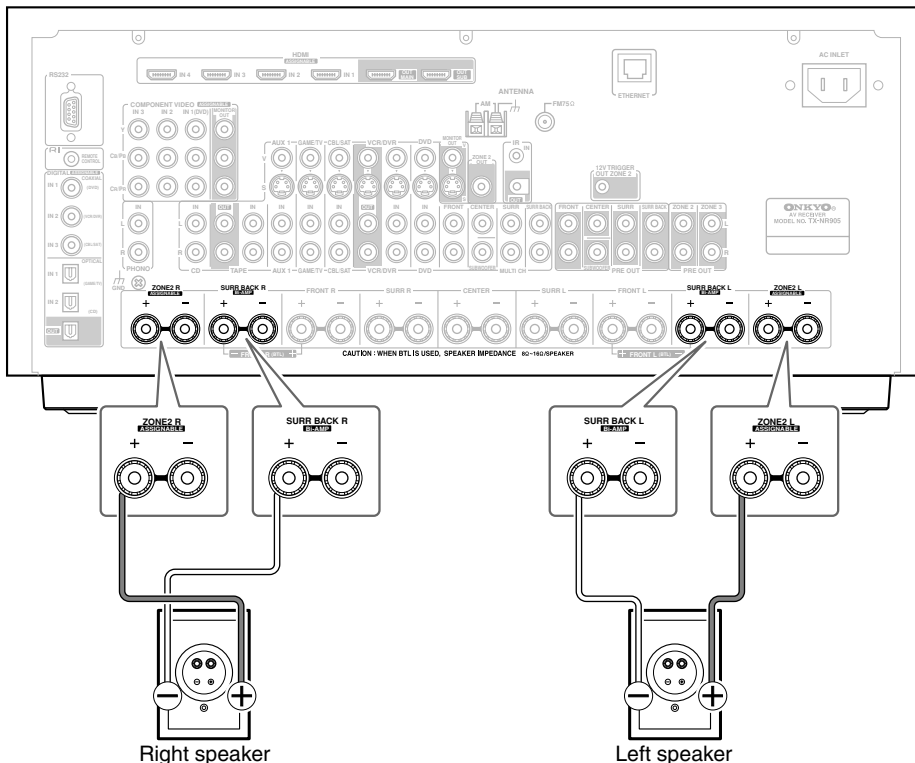
- When bridging is used, the AV receiver is able to drive 2 speakers in the main room (2.1 speakers if you're using a powered subwoofer).
- For bridging, the positive (+) ZONE 2 L/R and SURR BACK L/R terminal posts are used, but the negative (-) ZONE 2 L/R and SURR BACK L/R terminals are not.
- Once you've completed the bridging connections shown below and turned on the AV receiver, you must set the Speaker Type Front B setting to BTL to enable bridging (see page 51).
- When front Speakers B are bridged, front Speakers A must be wired normally.

### Notes:

- **Use only front speakers with an impedance of 8 ohms or higher for bridging. Failure to do so may seriously damage the AV receiver.**
- When using bridging, make sure that your front speakers can handle the additional power.

## Bridged Speaker Hookup

- 1 Connect the AV receiver's ZONE 2 R positive (+) terminal to the right speaker's positive (+) terminal. And connect the AV receiver's SURR BACK R positive (+) terminal to the right speaker's negative terminal.
- 2 Connect the AV receiver's ZONE 2 L positive (+) terminal to the left speaker's positive (+) terminal. And connect the AV receiver's SURR BACK L positive (+) terminal to the left speaker's negative terminal.

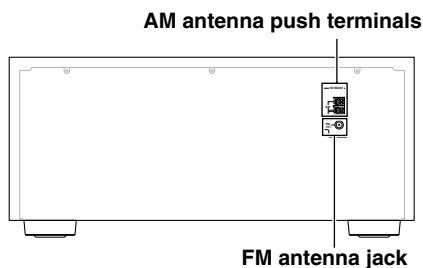


# Connecting Antennas

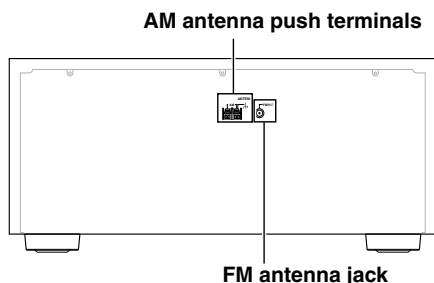
This section explains how to connect the supplied indoor FM antenna and AM loop antenna, and how to connect commercially available outdoor FM and AM antennas.

The AV receiver won't pick up any radio signals without any antenna connected, so you must connect the antenna to use the tuner.

## ■ North American Model



## ■ Other Models

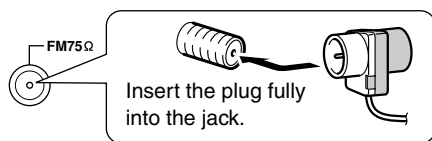


## Connecting the Indoor FM Antenna

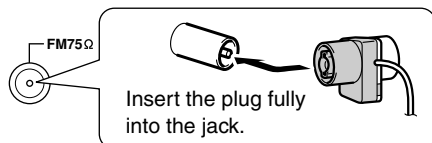
The supplied indoor FM antenna is for indoor use only.

### 1 Attach the FM antenna, as shown.

#### ■ American Model

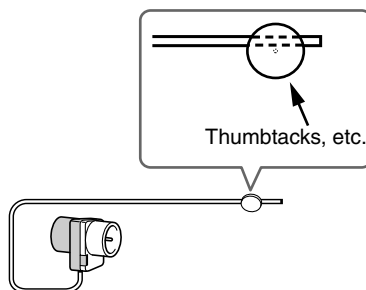


#### ■ Other Models



Once your AV receiver is ready for use, you'll need to tune into an FM radio station and adjust the position of the FM antenna to achieve the best possible reception.

### 2 Use thumbtacks or something similar to fix the FM antenna into position.



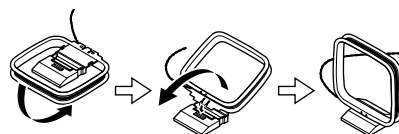
**Caution:** Be careful that you don't injure yourself when using thumbtacks.

If you cannot achieve good reception with the supplied indoor FM antenna, try a commercially available outdoor FM antenna instead (see page 32).

## Connecting the AM Loop Antenna

The supplied indoor AM loop antenna is for indoor use only.

### 1 Assemble the AM loop antenna, inserting the tabs into the base, as shown.

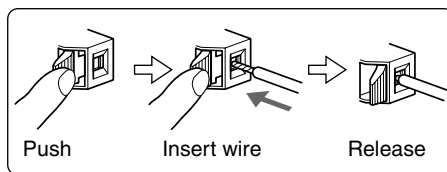


### 2 Connect both wires of the AM loop antenna to the AM push terminals, as shown.

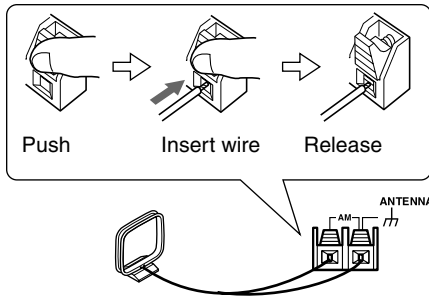
(The antenna's wires are not polarity sensitive, so they can be connected either way around).

Make sure that the wires are attached securely and that the push terminals are gripping the bare wires, not the insulation.

#### ■ North American Model



## 3 ■ Other Models



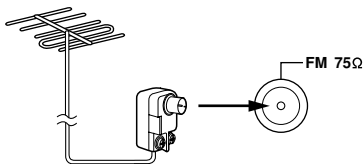
Once your AV receiver is ready for use, you'll need to tune into an AM radio station and adjust the position of the AM antenna to achieve the best possible reception.

Keep the antenna as far away as possible from your AV receiver, TV, speaker cables, and power cords.

If you cannot achieve good reception with the supplied indoor AM loop antenna, try using it with a commercially available outdoor AM antenna (see page 32).

## Connecting an Outdoor FM Antenna

If you cannot achieve good reception with the supplied indoor FM antenna, try a commercially available outdoor FM antenna instead.

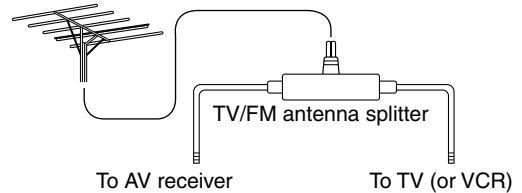


### Notes:

- Outdoor FM antennas work best outside, but usable results can sometimes be obtained when installed in an attic or loft.
- For best results, install the outdoor FM antenna well away from tall buildings, preferably with a clear line of sight to your local FM transmitter.
- Outdoor antenna should be located away from possible noise sources, such as neon signs, busy roads, etc.
- For safety reasons, outdoor antenna should be situated well away from power lines and other high-voltage equipment.
- Outdoor antenna must be grounded in accordance with local regulations to prevent electrical shock hazards.

## ■ Using a TV/FM Antenna Splitter

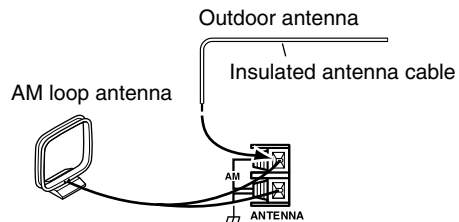
It's best not to use the same antenna for both FM and TV reception, as this can cause interference problems. If circumstances demand it, use a TV/FM antenna splitter, as shown.



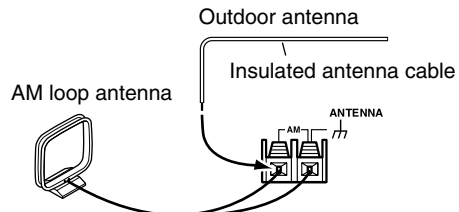
## Connecting an Outdoor AM Antenna

If good reception cannot be achieved using the supplied AM loop antenna, an outdoor AM antenna can be used in addition to the loop antenna, as shown.

### ■ North American Model



### ■ Other Models



Outdoor AM antennas work best when installed horizontally outside, but good results can sometimes be obtained indoors by mounting horizontally above a window. Note that the AM loop antenna should be left connected.

Outdoor antenna must be grounded in accordance with local regulations to prevent electrical shock hazards.



# Connecting Your Components

## About AV Connections

- Before making any AV connections, read the manuals supplied with your other AV components.
- Don't connect the power cord until you've completed and double-checked all AV connections.

## Optical Digital Jacks

The AV receiver's optical digital jacks have shutter-type covers that open when an optical plug is inserted and close when it's removed. Push plugs in all the way.

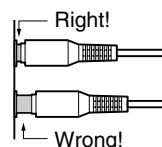
**Caution:** To prevent shutter damage, hold the optical plug straight when inserting and removing.

## AV Connection Color Coding

RCA-type AV connections are usually color coded: red, white, and yellow. Use red plugs to connect right-channel audio inputs and outputs (typically labeled "R"). Use white plugs to connect left-channel audio inputs and outputs (typically labeled "L"). And use yellow plugs to connect composite video inputs and outputs.



- Push plugs in all the way to make good connections (loose connections can cause noise or malfunctions).
- To prevent interference, keep audio and video cables away from power cords and speaker cables.



## AV Cables and Jacks

### Video

Cable	Jack	Description
		HDMI connections can carry uncompressed standard- or high-definition digital video and audio and offer the best picture and sound quality.
		Component video separates the luminance (Y) and color difference signals (Pr, Pb), providing the best picture quality. (Some TV manufacturers label their component video jacks slightly differently.)
		S-Video separates the luminance and color signals and provides better picture quality than composite video.
		Composite video is commonly used on TVs, VCRs, and other video equipment.

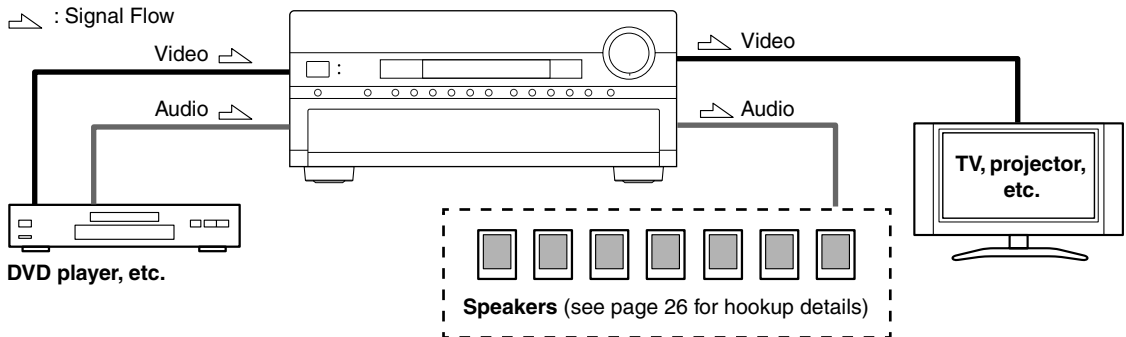
### Audio

		This offers the best sound quality and allows you to enjoy Dolby Digital and DTS. The audio quality is the same as for coaxial.
		This offers the best sound quality and allows you to enjoy Dolby Digital and DTS. The audio quality is the same as for optical.
		This cable carries analog audio. It's the most common connection format for analog audio and can be found on virtually all AV components.
		This cable carries multichannel analog audio and is typically used to connect DVD players with a 7.1-channel analog audio output. Several standard analog audio cables can be used instead of a multichannel cable.

**Note:** The AV receiver does not support SCART connections.

## Connecting Audio and Video Signals to the AV Receiver

By connecting both the audio and video outputs of your DVD player and other AV components to the AV receiver, you can switch the audio and video signals simultaneously simply by changing the input source on the AV receiver.



## Which Connections Should I Use?

The AV receiver supports several connection formats for compatibility with a wide range of AV equipment. The format you choose will depend on the formats supported by your other components. Use the following sections as a guide.

For video components, you must make an audio connection and a video connection.

### Video Connection Formats

Video equipment can be connected to the AV receiver by using any one of the following video connection formats: composite video, S-Video, component video, or HDMI, the latter offering the best picture quality.

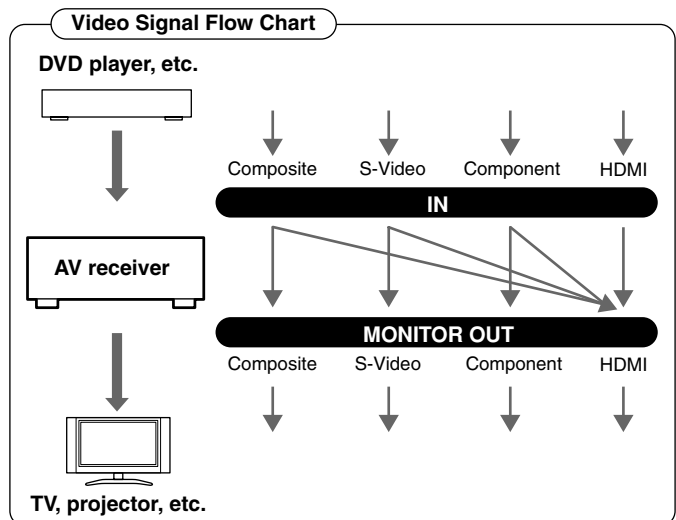
The AV receiver can upconvert and downconvert between video formats, depending on the HDMI Monitor setting, which generally determines whether video signals are upconverted for the component video output or the HDMI outputs.

**For optimal video performance, THX recommends that video signals pass through the system without upconversion (e.g., component video input through to component video output). It's also recommended that you set the Immediate Display preference to Off (page 107).**

### ■ HDMI Monitor Setting Set to Main or Sub

With the HDMI Monitor setting set to Main or Sub (see page 52), video input signals flow through the AV receiver as shown, with composite video, S-Video, and component video sources all being upconverted for the respective HDMI output. **Use the Main or Sub setting if you connect the AV receiver's HDMI OUT MAIN or HDMI OUT SUB, respectively, to your TV.**

The composite video, S-Video, and component video outputs pass through their respective input signals as they are.



## Connecting Your Components—Continued

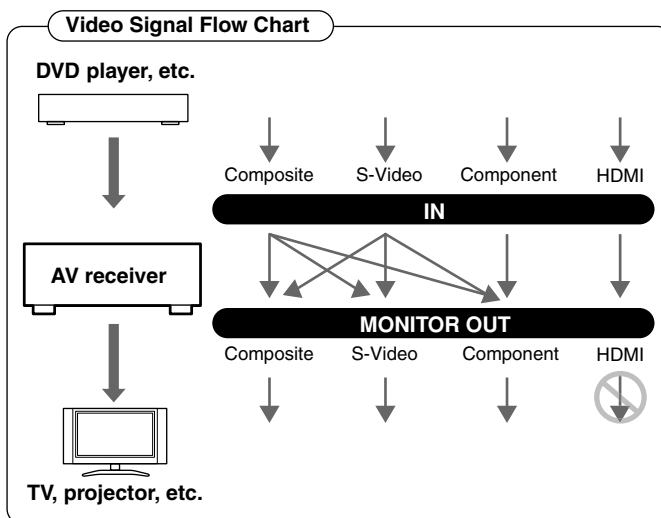
### ■ HDMI Monitor Setting Set to No

With the HDMI Monitor setting set to No (see page 52), video input signals flow through the AV receiver as shown, with composite video and S-Video sources being upconverted for the component video output. **Use this setting if you connect the AV receiver's COMPONENT VIDEO OUT to your TV.**

Composite video is upconverted to S-Video and S-Video is downconverted to composite video. Note that these conversions only apply to the MONITOR OUT V and S outputs, not the VCR/DVR OUT V and S outputs.

The composite video, S-Video, and component video outputs pass through their respective input signals as they are.

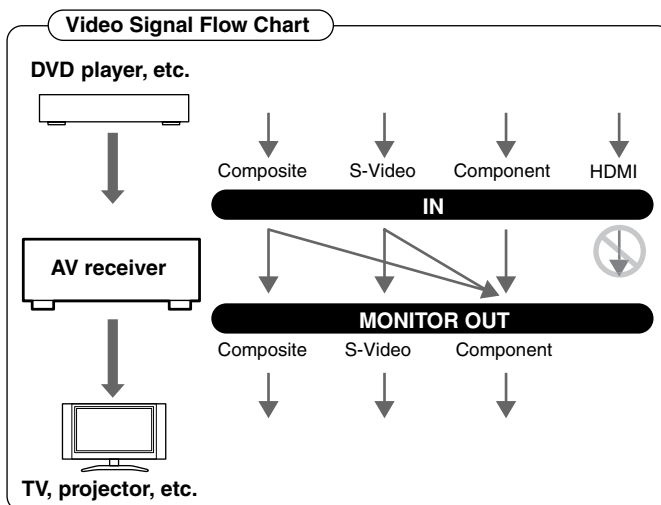
This signal flow also applies when the Monitor Out Resolution setting is set to Through (see page 52).



### Video Signal Flow and the Resolution Setting

When the HDMI Monitor setting is set to No (see page 52), if the Monitor Out Resolution setting is set to anything other than Through (see page 52), the video signal flow will be as shown here, with composite video and S-Video sources being upconverted for the component video output.

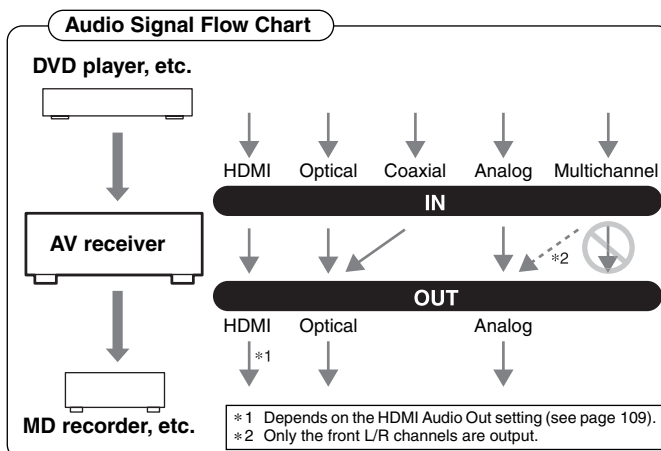
The composite video, S-Video, and component video outputs pass through their respective analog input signals as they are. HDMI input signals are not output.



### Audio Connection Formats

Audio equipment can be connected to the AV receiver by using any of the following audio connection formats: analog, optical, coaxial, analog multichannel, or HDMI.

When choosing a connection format, bear in mind that the AV receiver does not convert digital input signals for analog line outputs and vice versa. For example, audio signals connected to an optical or coaxial digital input are not output by the analog TAPE OUT.



# Connecting Your Components—Continued

## Connecting a TV or Projector

### Step 1: Video Connection

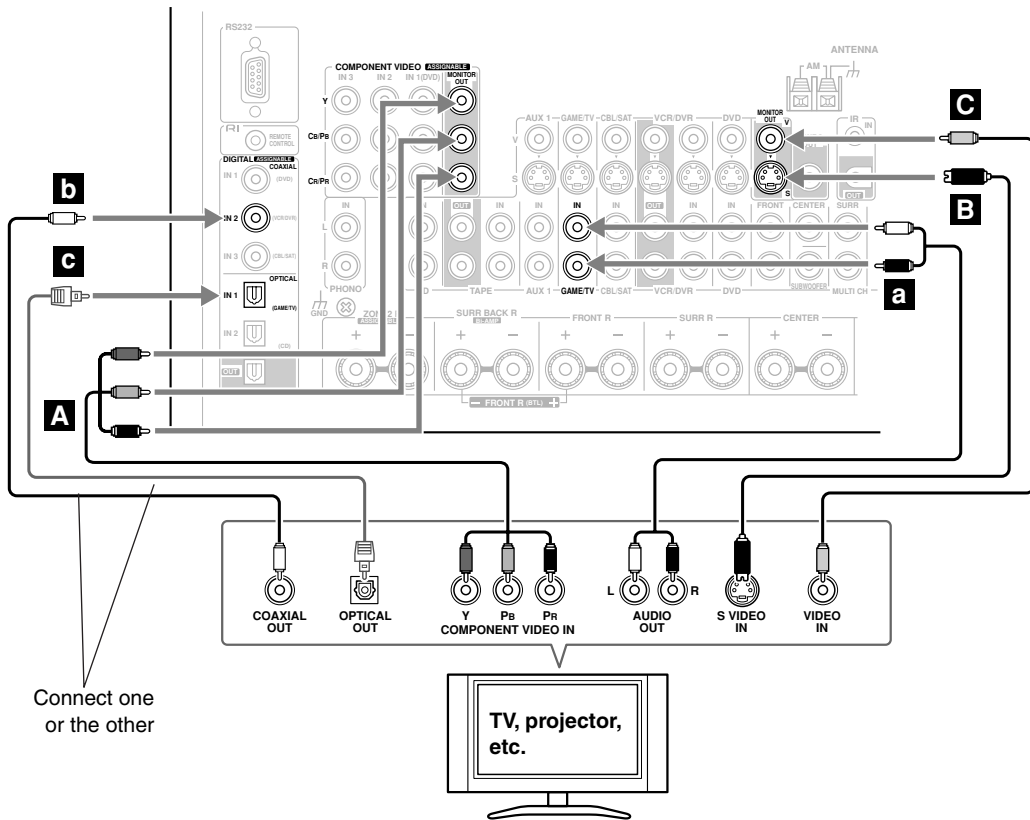
Choose a video connection that matches your TV (**A**, **B**, or **C**), and then make the connection.

### Step 2: Audio Connection

Choose an audio connection that matches your TV (**a**, **b**, or **c**), and then make the connection.

- With connection **a**, you can listen to and record audio from your TV or listen in Zone 2 or Zone 3.
- To enjoy Dolby Digital and DTS, use connection **b** or **c**. (To record or listen in Zone 2 or Zone 3 as well, use **a** and **b**, or **a** and **c**.)

Connection	AV receiver	Signal flow	TV	Picture quality
<b>A</b>	COMPONENT VIDEO MONITOR OUT	⇒	Component video input	Best
<b>B</b>	MONITOR OUT S	⇒	S-Video input	Better
<b>C</b>	MONITOR OUT V	⇒	Composite video input	Standard
<b>a</b>	GAME/TV IN L/R	⇐	Analog audio L/R output	
<b>b</b>	DIGITAL COAXIAL IN 2	⇐	Digital coaxial output	
<b>c</b>	DIGITAL OPTICAL IN 1	⇐	Digital optical output	



If your TV has no audio outputs, connect an audio output from your VCR or cable or satellite receiver to the AV receiver and use its tuner to listen to TV programs through the AV receiver (see pages 39 and 41).

## Connecting Your Components—Continued

### Connecting a DVD player

#### Step 1: Video Connection

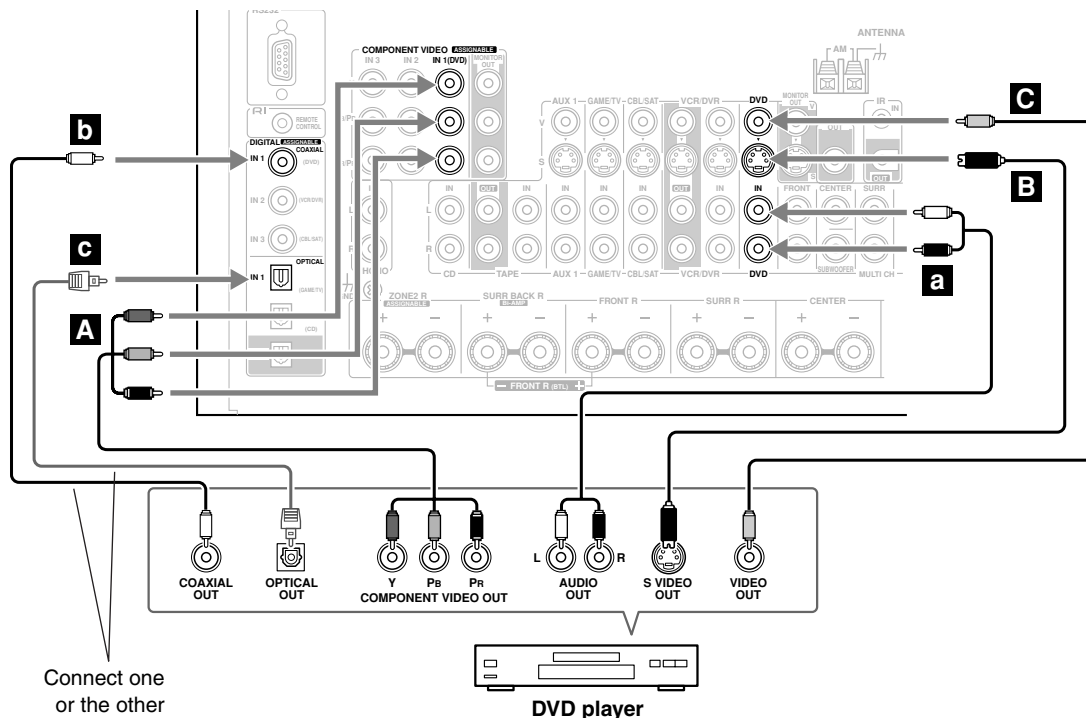
Choose a video connection that matches your DVD player (**A**, **B**, or **C**), and then make the connection. If you use connection **A**, you must connect the AV receiver to your TV with the same type of connection.

#### Step 2: Audio Connection

Choose an audio connection that matches your DVD player (**a**, **b**, or **c**), and then make the connection.

- With connection **a**, you can listen to and record audio from a DVD or listen in Zone 2 or Zone 3.
- To enjoy Dolby Digital and DTS, use connection **b** or **c**. (To record or listen in Zone 2 or Zone 3 as well, use **a** and **b**, or **a** and **c**.)
- If your DVD player has main left and right outputs and multichannel left and right outputs, be sure to use the main left and right outputs for connection **a**.

Connection	AV receiver	Signal flow	DVD player	Picture quality
<b>A</b>	COMPONENT VIDEO IN 1	←	Component video output	Best
<b>B</b>	DVD IN S	←	S-Video output	Better
<b>C</b>	DVD IN V	←	Composite video output	Standard
<b>a</b>	DVD IN L/R	←	Analog audio L/R output	
<b>b</b>	DIGITAL COAXIAL IN 1	←	Digital coaxial output	
<b>c</b>	DIGITAL OPTICAL IN 1	←	Digital optical output	



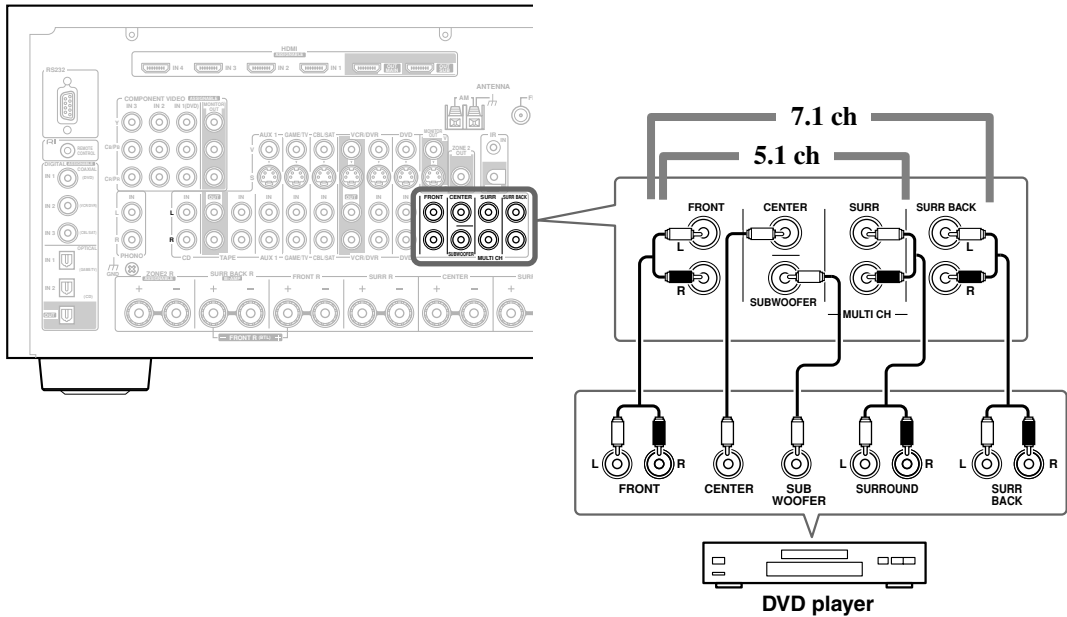
To connect a DVD player or DVD-Audio/SACD-capable player with a multichannel analog audio output, see page 38.

### Hooking Up the Multichannel Input

If your DVD player supports multichannel audio formats such as DVD-Audio and SACD, and it has a multichannel analog audio output, you can connect it to the AV receiver's multichannel input.

Use a multichannel analog audio cable, or several normal audio cables, to connect the AV receiver's MULTI CH FRONT L/R, CENTER, SURR L/R, SURR BACK L/R, and SUBWOOFER jacks to the 7.1-channel analog audio output on your DVD player. If your DVD player has a 5.1-channel analog audio output, don't connect anything to the AV receiver's SURR BACK L/R jacks.

Before using the multichannel input, you must assign it to an input selector. See "Analog Input Setup" on page 59. To select the multichannel input, see "Selecting Audio Inputs" on page 78. To adjust the subwoofer sensitivity for the multichannel input, see "Subwoofer Input Sensitivity" on page 109.



## Connecting a VCR or DVR for Playback



With this hookup, you can use the tuner in your VCR or DVR to listen to your favorite TV programs via the AV receiver, which is useful if your TV has no audio outputs.

### Step 1: Video Connection

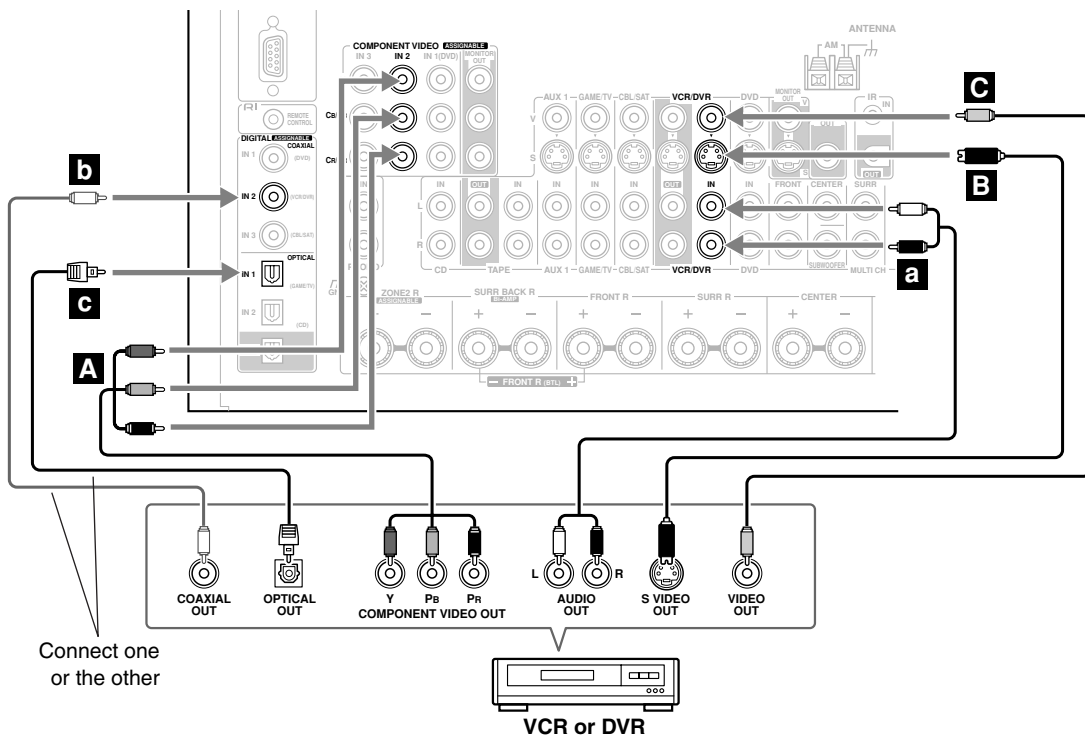
Choose a video connection that matches your VCR or DVR (**A**, **B**, or **C**), and then make the connection. If you use connection **A**, you must connect the AV receiver to your TV with the same type of connection.

### Step 2: Audio Connection

Choose an audio connection that matches your VCR or DVR (**a**, **b**, or **c**), and then make the connection.

- With connection **a**, you can listen to the VCR or DVR in Zone 2 or Zone 3.
- To enjoy Dolby Digital and DTS, use connection **b** or **c**. (To listen in Zone 2 or Zone 3 as well, use **a** and **b**, or **a** and **c**.)

Connection	AV receiver	Signal flow	VCR or DVR	Picture quality
<b>A</b>	COMPONENT VIDEO IN 2	←	Component video output	Best
<b>B</b>	VCR/DVR IN S	←	S-Video output	Better
<b>C</b>	VCR/DVR IN V	←	Composite video output	Standard
<b>a</b>	VCR/DVR IN L/R	←	Analog audio L/R output	
<b>b</b>	DIGITAL COAXIAL IN 2	←	Digital coaxial output	
<b>c</b>	DIGITAL OPTICAL IN 1	←	Digital optical output	



## Connecting a VCR or DVR for Recording

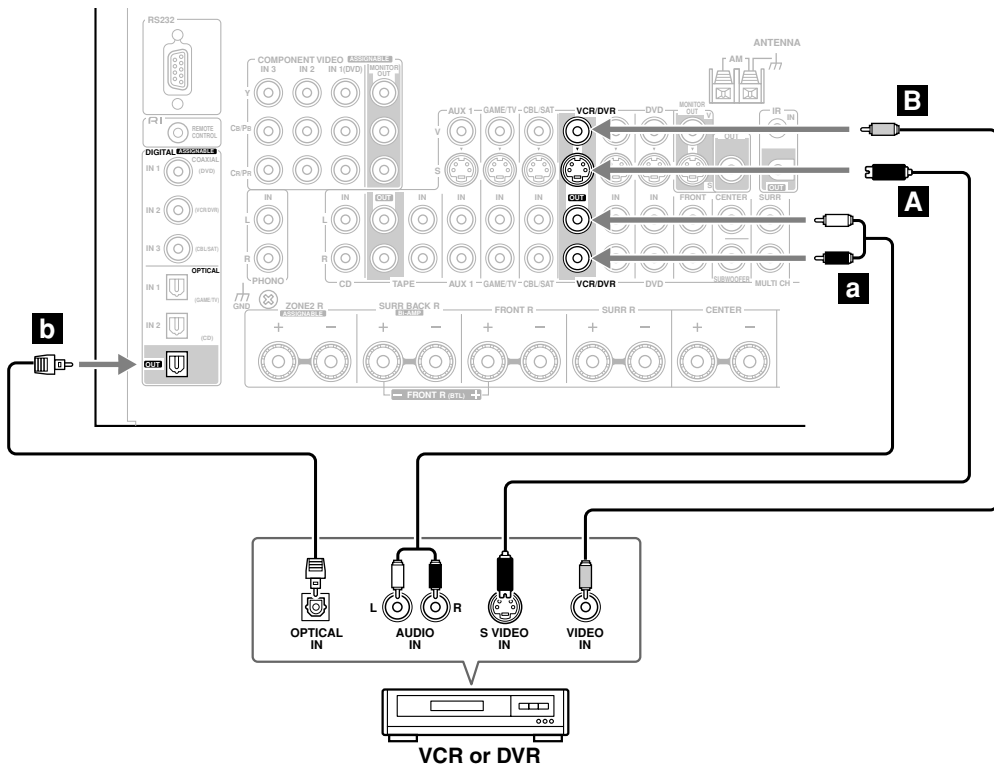
### Step 1: Video Connection

Choose a video connection that matches your VCR or DVR (**A** or **B**), and then make the connection. The video source to be recorded must be connected to the AV receiver via the same type of connection.

### Step 2: Audio Connection

Choose an audio connection that matches your VCR or DVR (**a** or **b**), and then make the connection.

Connection	AV receiver	Signal flow	VCR or DVD recorder	Picture quality
<b>A</b>	VCR/DVR OUT S	⇒	S-Video input	Better
<b>B</b>	VCR/DVR OUT V	⇒	Composite video input	Standard
<b>a</b>	VCR/DVR OUT L/R	⇒	Audio L/R input	
<b>b</b>	DIGITAL OPTICAL OUT	⇒	Digital optical input	



### Notes:

- The AV receiver must be turned on for recording. Recording is not possible while it's on Standby.
- If you want to record directly from your TV or another video source without going through the AV receiver, connect the audio and video outputs from your TV or other video component directly to the recording VCR/DVR's audio and video inputs. See the manuals supplied with your TV or VCR/DVR for details.
- Video signals connected to composite video inputs can only be recorded via the VCR/DVR OUT V jack. So if your source TV or VCR is connected to a composite video input, the recording VCR/DVR must be connected to the VCR/DVR OUT V jack. Likewise, video signals connected to S-Video inputs can only be recorded via the VCR/DVR OUT S jack. So if your source TV or VCR is connected to an S-Video input, the recording VCR/DVR must be connected to the VCR/DVR OUT S jack.



## Connecting a Satellite, Cable, or Terrestrial Set-top box or Other Video Source



With this hookup, you can use your satellite or cable receiver to listen to your favorite TV programs via the AV receiver, which is useful if your TV has no audio outputs.

### Step 1: Video Connection

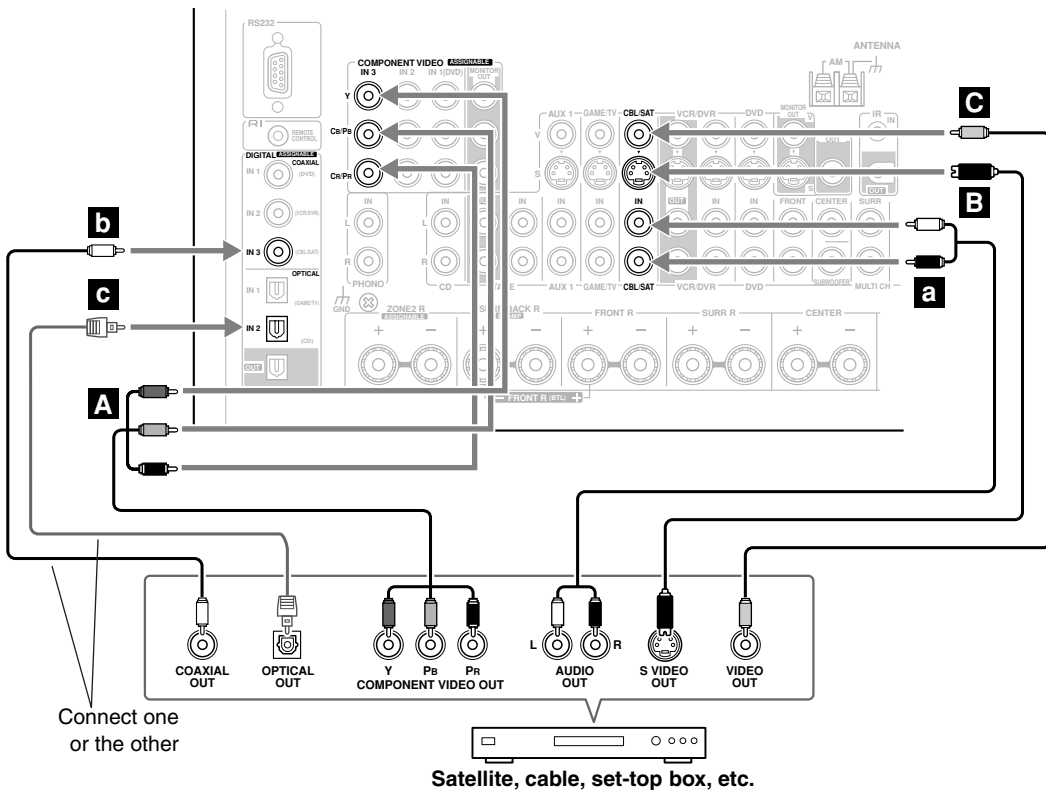
Choose a video connection that matches the video source (**A**, **B**, or **C**), and then make the connection. If you use connection **A**, you must connect the AV receiver to your TV with the same type of connection.

### Step 2: Audio Connection

Choose an audio connection that matches the video source (**a**, **b**, or **c**), and then make the connection.

- With connection **a**, you can listen to and record audio from the video source or listen in Zone 2 or Zone 3.
- To enjoy Dolby Digital and DTS, use connection **b** or **c**. (To record or listen in Zone 2 or Zone 3 as well, use **a** and **b**, or **a** and **c**.)

Connection	AV receiver	Signal flow	Video source	Picture quality
<b>A</b>	COMPONENT VIDEO IN 3	←	Component video output	Best
<b>B</b>	CBL/SAT IN S	←	S-Video output	Better
<b>C</b>	CBL/SAT IN V	←	Composite video output	Standard
<b>a</b>	CBL/SAT IN L/R	←	Analog audio L/R output	
<b>b</b>	DIGITAL COAXIAL IN 3	←	Digital coaxial output	
<b>c</b>	DIGITAL OPTICAL IN 2	←	Digital optical output	



### Connecting Components with HDMI

#### About HDMI

Designed to meet the increased demands of digital TV, HDMI (High Definition Multimedia Interface) is a new digital interface standard for connecting TVs, projectors, DVD players, set-top boxes, and other video components. Until now, several separate video and audio cables have been required to connect AV components. With HDMI, a single cable can carry control signals, digital video, and up to eight channels of digital audio (2-channel PCM, multichannel digital audio, or multichannel PCM).

The HDMI video stream (i.e., video signal) is compatible with DVI (Digital Visual Interface),<sup>\*1</sup> so TVs and displays with a DVI input can be connected by using an HDMI-to-DVI adapter cable. (This may not work with some TVs and displays, resulting in no picture.)

The AV receiver uses HDCP (High-bandwidth Digital Content Protection), so only HDCP-compatible components will display a picture.

The AV receiver's HDMI interface is based on the following standard:

High-Definition Multimedia Interface Specification Informational Version 1.3a

#### Supported Audio Formats

- 2-channel linear PCM (32–192 kHz, 16/20/24 bit)
- Multichannel linear PCM (7.1 ch, 32–192 kHz)
- Bitstream (DSD, Dolby Digital, Dolby Digital Plus, Dolby TrueHD, DTS, DTS-HD High Resolution, DTS-HD Master Audio)

Your DVD player must be able to output these formats from its HDMI OUT.

#### About Copyright Protection

The AV receiver supports HDCP (High-bandwidth Digital Content Protection),<sup>\*2</sup> a copy-protection system for digital video signals. Other devices connected to the AV receiver via HDMI must also support HDCP.

Use a commercially available HDMI cable (supplied with some components) to connect the AV receiver's HDMI OUT MAIN or HDMI OUT SUB to the HDMI input on your TV or projector.

\*1 DVI (Digital Visual Interface): The digital display interface standard set by the DDWG<sup>\*3</sup> in 1999.

\*2 HDCP (High-bandwidth Digital Content Protection): The video encryption technology developed by Intel for HDMI/DVI. It's designed to protect video content and requires a HDCP-compatible device to display the encrypted video.

\*3 DDWG (Digital Display Working Group): Lead by Intel, Compaq, Fujitsu, Hewlett Packard, IBM, NEC, and Silicon Image, this open industry group's objective is to address the industry's requirements for a digital connectivity specification for high-performance PCs and digital displays.

## Connecting Your Components—Continued

### Making HDMI Connections

**Step 1:** Use HDMI cables to connect the AV receiver's HDMI jacks to your HDMI-compatible DVD player, TV, projector, and so on.

**Step 2:** Assign each HDMI IN to an input selector. See “HDMI Input Setup” on page 54.

#### ■ Video Signals

Digital video signals received by the HDMI IN jacks are normally output by the HDMI MAIN OUT and SUB OUT for display on your TV. Composite video, S-Video, and component video sources can be upconverted for the HDMI outputs. See “Video Connection Formats” on page 34 for more information.

#### ■ Audio Signals

Digital audio signals received by the HDMI IN jacks are output by the speakers and headphones connected to the AV receiver. Normally, they are not output by the HDMI outputs, unless the HDMI Audio Out setting is set to On (see page 109).

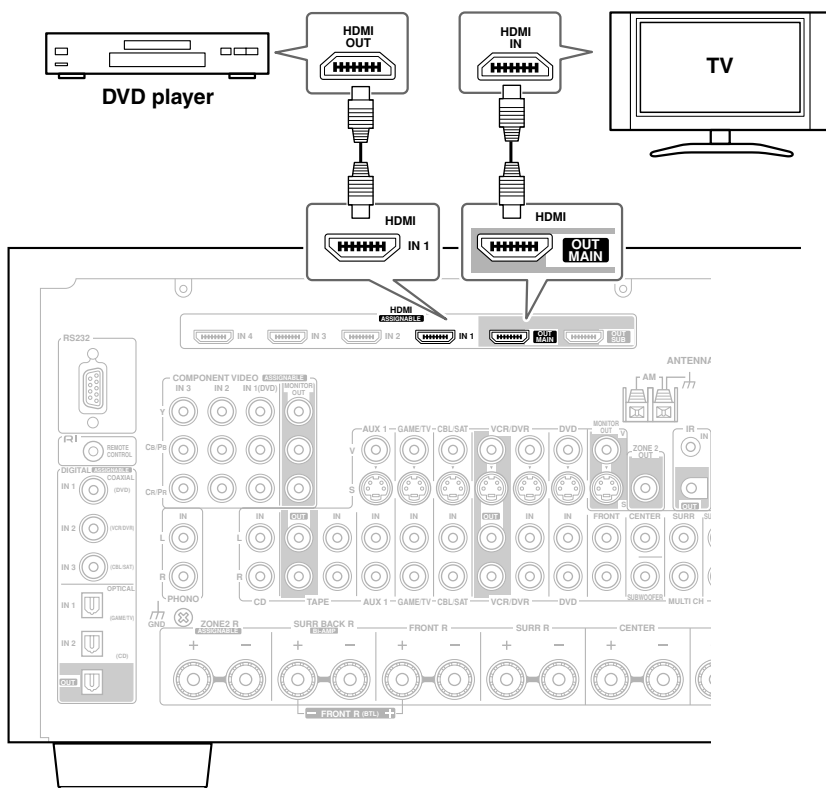


To listen to audio received by the HDMI IN jacks through your TV's speakers, set the HDMI Audio Out setting to On (see page 109), and set your DVD player's HDMI audio output setting to PCM.

When listening to audio from an HDMI component through the AV receiver's speakers, set the HDMI component so that its video can be seen on your TV (e.g., on your TV, select the input to which the HDMI component is connected). If your TV is not turned on or a different input is selected, the AV receiver's speakers may produce no sound or the sound may be cut off.

#### Note:

- When the HDMI Audio Out setting is set to On (see page 109), or TV Control is set to Enable and you're listening through your TV's speakers, if you turn up the AV receiver's volume control, the sound will be output by the AV receiver's speakers. To stop the AV receiver's speakers producing sound, change the settings, change your TV's settings, or turn down the AV receiver's volume.



## Connecting a Game Console

### Step 1: Video Connection

Choose a video connection that matches your game console (**A**, **B**, or **C**), and then make the connection.

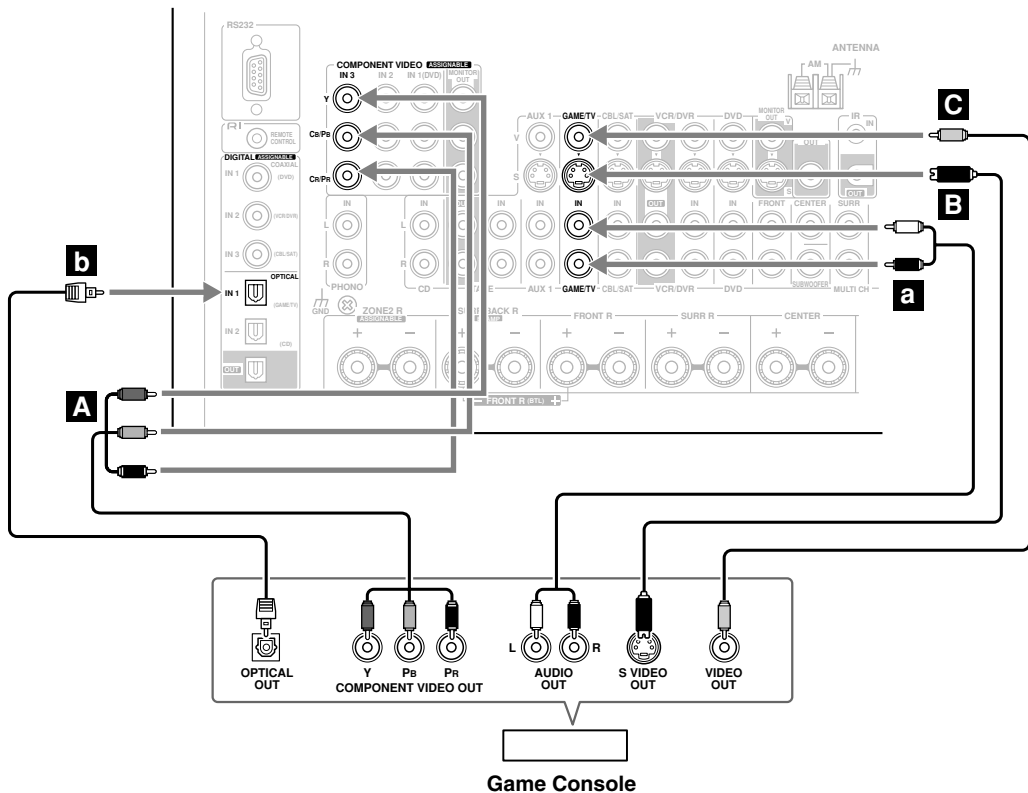
If you use connection **A**, you must connect the AV receiver to your TV with the same type of connection.

### Step 2: Audio Connection

Choose an audio connection that matches your DVD player (**a**, **b**, or **c**), and then make the connection.

- With connection **a**, you can listen to and record audio from your game console or listen in Zone 2 or Zone 3.
- To enjoy Dolby Digital and DTS, use connection **b**. (To record or listen in Zone 2 or Zone 3 as well, use **a** and **b**.)

Connection	AV receiver	Signal flow	Game console	Picture quality
<b>A</b>	COMPONENT VIDEO IN 3	←	Component video output	Best
<b>B</b>	GAME/TV IN S	←	S-Video output	Better
<b>C</b>	GAME/TV IN V	←	Composite video output	Standard
<b>a</b>	GAME/TV IN L/R	←	Analog audio L/R output	
<b>b</b>	DIGITAL OPTICAL IN 1	←	Digital coaxial output	



## Connecting Your Components—Continued

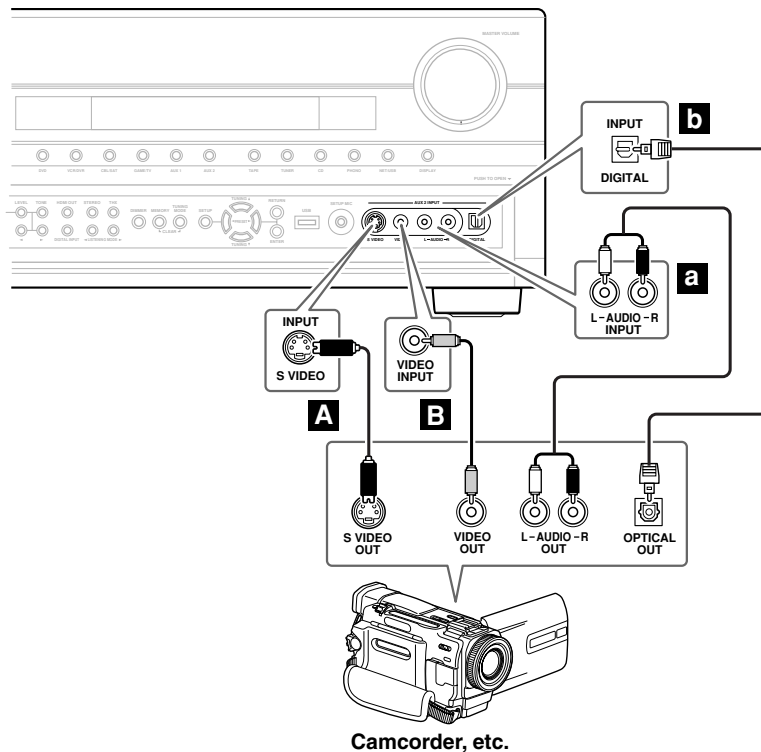
### Connecting a Camcorder or Other AV Component

#### Step 1: Video Connection

Choose a video connection that matches your camcorder (**A** or **B**), and then make the connection.

#### Step 2: Audio Connection

Choose an audio connection that matches your camcorder (**a** or **b**), and then make the connection.

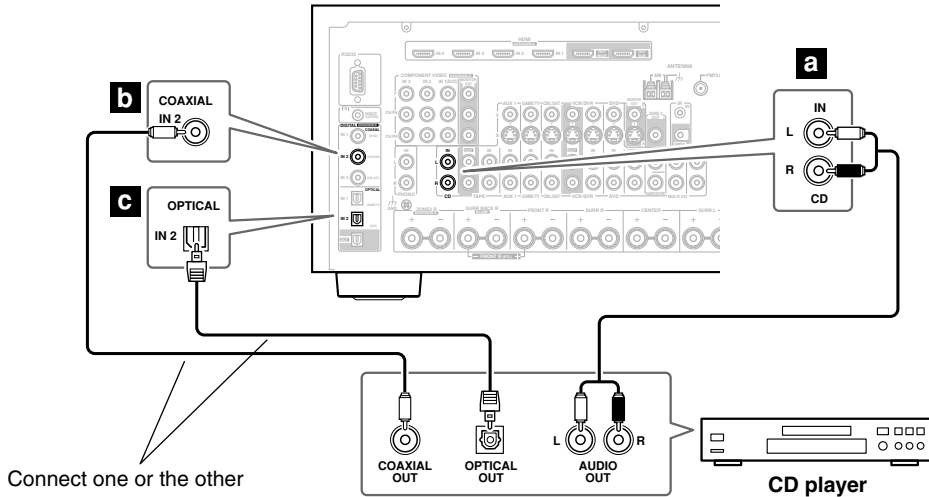


Connection	AV receiver	Signal flow	Camcorder
<b>A</b>	AUX 2 INPUT S VIDEO	←	S-Video output
<b>B</b>	AUX 2 INPUT VIDEO	←	Composite video output
<b>a</b>	AUX 2 INPUT L/R	←	Analog audio L/R output
<b>b</b>	AUX 2 INPUT DIGITAL	←	Digital optical output

## Connecting a CD Player

### Step 1:

Choose a connection that matches your CD player (**a**, **b**, or **c**), and then make the connection.



- With connection **a**, you can listen to and record audio from the CD player or listen in Zone 2 or Zone 3.
- To connect the CD player digitally, use connection **b** or **c**. (To record or listen in Zone 2 or Zone 3 as well, use **a** and **b**, or **a** and **c**.)

Connection	AV receiver	Signal flow	CD
<b>a</b>	CD IN L/R	←	Analog audio L/R output
<b>b</b>	DIGITAL COAXIAL IN 2	←	Digital coaxial output
<b>c</b>	DIGITAL OPTICAL IN 2	←	Digital optical output

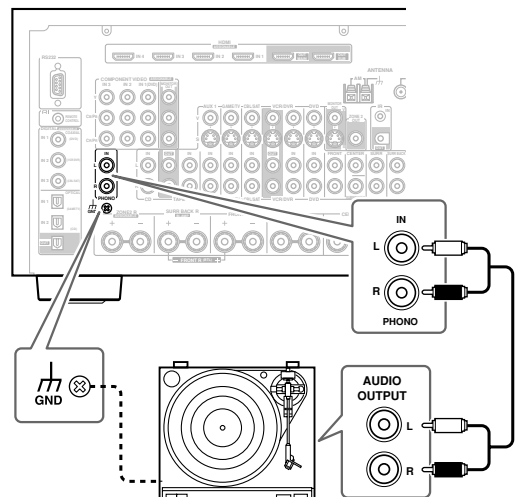
## Connecting a Turntable

The AV receiver's PHONO IN is designed for use with a moving magnet (MM) type cartridge.

Use an analog audio cable to connect the AV receiver's PHONO IN L/R jacks to the audio output on your turntable.

### Notes:

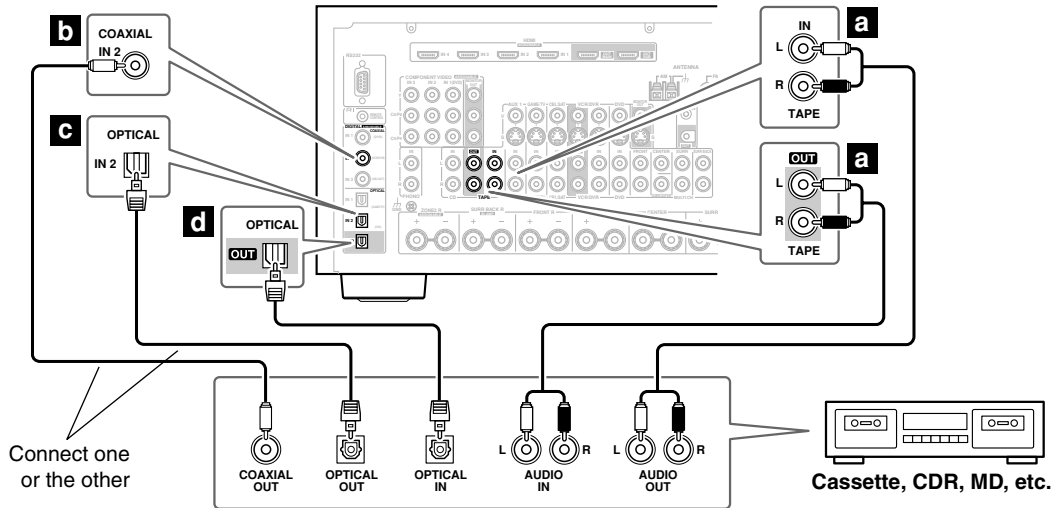
- If your turntable has a ground wire, connect it to the AV receiver's GND screw. With some turntables, connecting the ground wire may produce an audible hum. If this happens, disconnect it.
- If your turntable has a moving coil (MC) type cartridge, you'll need a commercially available MC head amp or MC transformer. Connect your turntable to the head amp or transformer, and connect that to the AV receiver's PHONO IN L/R jacks.
- You can also use a phono equalizer to connect a turntable with an MC-type cartridge. See your phono equalizer's manual for details.



## Connecting a Cassette, CDR, MiniDisc, or DAT Recorder

### Step 1:

Choose a connection that matches your recorder (**a**, **b**, **c**, or **d**), and then make the connection.



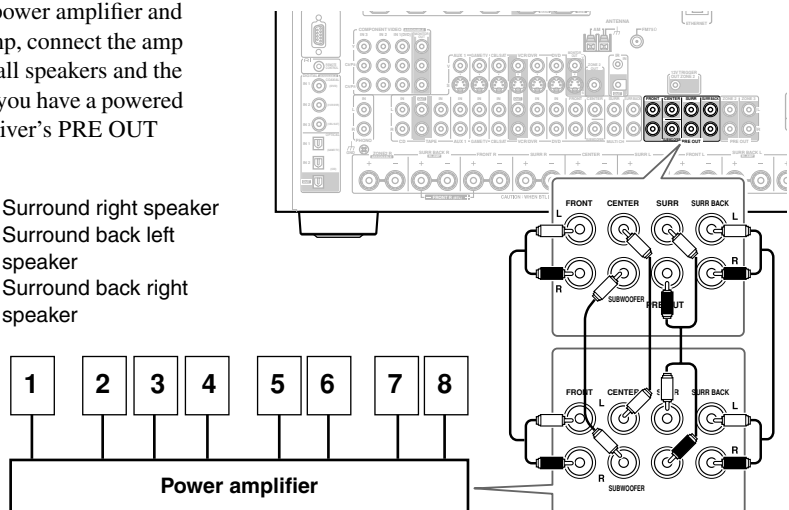
- With connection **a**, you can play and record or listen in Zone 2 or Zone 3.
- To connect the recorder digitally for playback, use connections **a** and **b**, or **a** and **c**.
- To connect the recorder digitally for recording, use connection **d**.

Connection	AV receiver	Signal flow	Cassette, CDR, MD, or DAT recorder
<b>a</b>	TAPE IN L/R TAPE OUT L/R	← ⇒	Analog audio L/R output Analog audio L/R input
<b>b</b>	DIGITAL COAXIAL IN 2	←	Digital coaxial output
<b>c</b>	DIGITAL OPTICAL IN 2	←	Digital optical output
<b>d</b>	DIGITAL OPTICAL OUT	⇒	Digital optical input

## Connecting a Power Amplifier

If you want to use a more powerful power amplifier and use the AV receiver solely as a preamp, connect the amp to the PRE OUT jacks, and connect all speakers and the subwoofer to the power amplifier. If you have a powered subwoofer, connect it to the AV receiver's PRE OUT SUBWOOFER jack.

1. Subwoofer
2. Front left speaker
3. Center speaker
4. Front right speaker
5. Surround left speaker
6. Surround right speaker
7. Surround back left speaker
8. Surround back right speaker

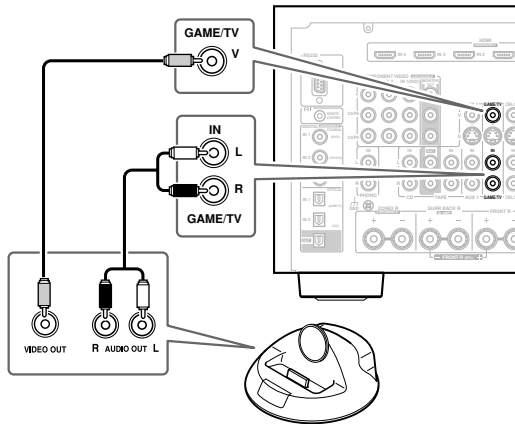


## Connecting an RI Dock

### ■ If Your iPod Supports Video:

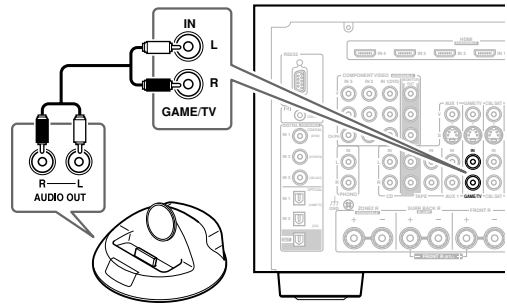
Connect your RI Dock's audio output jacks to the AV receiver's GAME/TV IN L/R jacks, and connect its video output jack to the AV receiver's GAME/TV IN V jack.

(Onkyo DS-A2 hookup shown below.)



### ■ If Your iPod Doesn't Support Video:

Connect your RI Dock's audio output jacks to the AV receiver's GAME/TV IN L/R jacks. (Onkyo DS-A2 hookup shown below.)



If you have an Onkyo DS-A1 RI Dock, connect its video output jack to the AV receiver's GAME/TV IN S jack.

### Notes:

- Enter the appropriate remote control code before using the AV receiver's remote controller for the first time (see page 127).
- Connect the RI Dock to the AV receiver with an **RI** cable (see page 49).
- Set the RI Dock's RI MODE switch to HDD or HDD/DOCK.
- Set the AV receiver's Input Display to DOCK (see page 57).
- See the RI Dock's instruction manual for more information.

## Connecting the Power Cords of Other Components (North American and European models only)

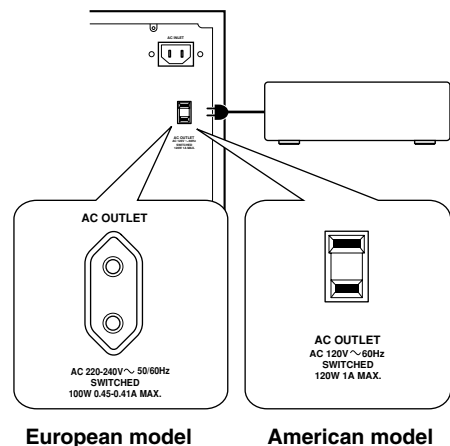
The AV receiver has AC outlets on its rear panel that can be used to connect the power cords of other components that you intend to use with the AV receiver. These components can then be left turned on so that they turn on and off as and when the AV receiver is set to On or Standby.

### Caution:

- Make sure that the total capacity of the components that you connect to the AC OUTLETS does not exceed the stated capacity (e.g., TOTAL 120 W).

### Notes:

- When the HDMI Control setting is set to Enable (page 109), the AC outlets are on all the time regardless of whether the AV receiver is set to On or Standby, or Ready mode in this case, so any components connected to them cannot be turned on or off automatically.
- Onkyo components connected via **RI** should be connected directly to a wall outlet, not an AC OUTLET on the AV receiver.
- The number of AC OUTLETS, socket type, and total capacity depends on the country in which you purchased the AV receiver.





### Connecting Onkyo **RI** Components

**Step 1:** Make sure that each Onkyo component is connected to the AV receiver with an analog audio cable (RCA).

**Step 2:** Make the necessary **RI** connections (see illustration below).

**Step 3:** If you're using an MD, CDR, or RI DOCK component, change the Input Display (see page 57).

With **RI** (Remote Interactive), you can use the following special functions:

#### Auto Power On/Standby

When you start playback on a component connected via **RI**, if the AV receiver is on Standby, it will automatically turn on and select that component as the input source. Similarly, when the AV receiver is set to Standby, all components connected via **RI** will also go on Standby. This function will not work with components that are connected to an AC OUTLET on the AV receiver.

#### Direct Change

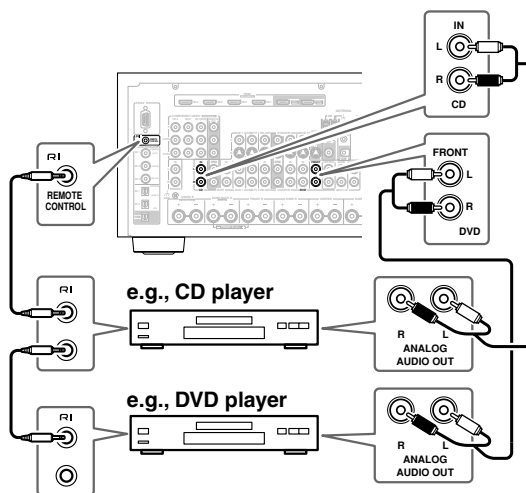
When playback is started on a component connected via **RI**, the AV receiver automatically selects that component as the input source. If your DVD player is connected to the AV receiver's multichannel input, you'll need to press the [AUDIO SEL] button repeatedly and select Multich to hear all channels (see page 78), as the Direct Change **RI** function selects the DVD IN L/R jacks.

#### Remote Control

You can use the AV receiver's remote controller to control your other **RI**-capable Onkyo components. You must enter the appropriate remote control code first (see page 127). And remember to point the remote controller at the AV receiver and not the other component.

#### Notes:

- Use only **RI** cables for **RI** connections. **RI** cables are supplied with Onkyo players (DVD, CD, etc.).
- Some components have two **RI** jacks. You can connect either one to the AV receiver. The other jack is for connecting additional **RI**-capable components.
- Connect only Onkyo components to **RI** jacks. Connecting other manufacturer's components may cause a malfunction.
- Some components may not support all **RI** functions. Refer to the manuals supplied with your other Onkyo components.
- While Zone 2 or Zone 3 is on, the Auto Power On/Standby and Direct Change **RI** functions do not work.



### Connecting the Power Cord

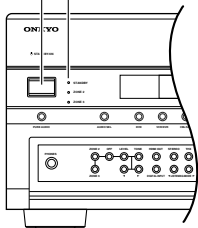
- **Before connecting the power cord, connect all your speakers and AV components.**
- Connect the power cord to the AV receiver's AC INLET.
- Plug the other end of the power cord into a suitable wall outlet.
- Turning on the AV receiver may cause a momentary power surge that might interfere with other electrical equipment on the same circuit. If this is a problem, plug the AV receiver into a different branch circuit.

# Turning On the AV Receiver

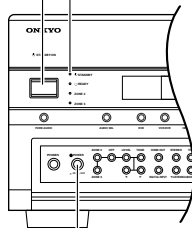
• North American model

• Other models

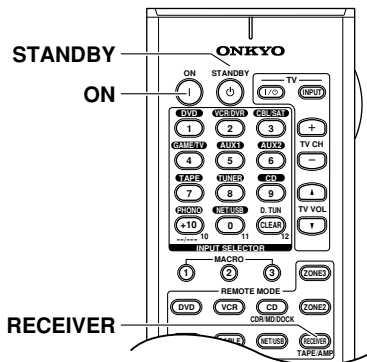
STANDBY/ON  
STANDBY indicator



STANDBY/ON  
STANDBY indicator



POWER



## Turning On and Standby

1



Set the [POWER] switch to the ON position (⬆).  
(Skip this step if you have the North American model.)

The AV receiver enters Standby mode, and the STANDBY indicator comes on.

2

AV receiver



or

Remote controller



On the AV receiver, press the [STANDBY/ON] button.

On the remote controller, press the [RECEIVER] REMOTE MODE button, followed by the [ON] button.

The AV receiver comes on, the display lights up, and the STANDBY indicator goes off.

Pressing the remote controller's [ON] button again will turn on any components connected via **RI**.

To turn the AV receiver off, press the [STANDBY/ON] button, or press the remote controller's [STANDBY] button. The AV receiver will enter Standby mode. To prevent any loud surprises the next time you turn on the AV receiver, turn down the volume before you turn it off.

**For non-North American models:** To completely shut down the AV receiver, set the [POWER] switch to the OFF position (⬆).

## Up and Running in a Few Easy Steps

To get your system up and running with the minimum of fuss, here's a few pointers to help you configure the AV receiver before you use it for the very first time. These settings only need to be made once.

■ **Do the automatic speaker setup—this is essential!**

See "Automatic Speaker Setup (Audyssey MultEQ XT)" on page 61.



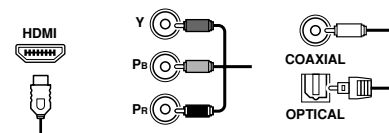
■ **Did you connect your TV to an HDMI OUT or COMPONENT VIDEO OUT?**

If you did, see "HDMI Monitor Setup" on page 52.



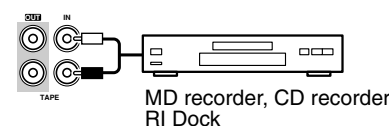
■ **Did you connect a component to an HDMI input, component video input, or digital audio input?**

If you did, see "HDMI Input Setup" on page 54, "Component Video Input Setup" on page 56, or "Digital Input Setup" on page 58 respectively.



■ **Did you connect an Onkyo MD recorder, CD recorder, or RI Dock?**

If you did, see "Changing the Input Display" on page 57.

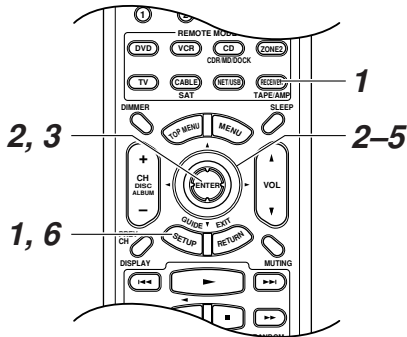


# First Time Setup

This section explains the settings that you need to make before using the AV receiver for the very first time.

## Speaker Settings

If you change these settings, you must run the automatic speaker setup again (see page 61).



If the impedance of any speaker is 4 ohms or more but less than 6, set the Speaker Impedance to 4 ohms.

To use bi-amping or bridging, you must change the Speaker Type setting. For hookup information, see pages 27–30.

### Notes:

- When bridging is used, the AV receiver is able to drive up to 2.1 speakers in the main room.
- When bi-amping is used, the AV receiver is able to drive up to 5.1 speakers in the main room.
- Before you change these settings, turn down the volume.

The onscreen menus shown in this manual may be slightly different from what you see on your TV.

**1**

**Press the [RECEIVER] button, followed by the [SETUP] button.**  
The main menu appears onscreen.

**2**

**Use the Up and Down [▲]/[▼] buttons to select “2. Speaker Setup,” and then press [ENTER].**  
The Speaker Setup menu appears.

**3**

**Use the Up and Down [▲]/[▼] buttons to select “1. Speaker Settings,” and then press [ENTER].**  
The Speaker Settings menu appears.

2-1. Speaker Settings	
Speaker Impedance	6ohms
Front (Speaker A)	Normal
Front (Speaker B)	Not use

**4**

**Use the Up and Down [▲]/[▼] buttons to select “Speaker Impedance,” and use the Left and Right [◀]/[▶] buttons to select:**

**4 ohms:** Select if the impedance of any speaker is 4 ohms or more but less than 6.

**6 ohms:** Select if the impedances of all speakers are between 6 and 16 ohms.

**5**

**Use the Up and Down [▲]/[▼] buttons to select “Front (Speaker A),” and use the Left and Right [◀]/[▶] buttons to select:**

**Normal:** Select this if you’ve connected your front Speakers A normally.


**Bi-Amp:** Select this if you’ve connected your front Speakers A for bi-amped operation.

**BTL:** Select this if you’ve connected your front Speakers A for bridged operation. The BTL indicator will appear on the display.

**Note:**

- Bi-Amp and BTL cannot be selected if Front (Speaker B) is set to Bi-Amp or BTL.

**6**



**Use the Up and Down [▲]/[▼] buttons to select “Front (Speaker B),” and use the Left and Right [◀]/[▶] buttons to select:**

**NotUse:** Select this if you’re not using Speakers B.

**Normal:** Select this if you’ve connected your front Speakers B normally.

**Bi-Amp:** Select this if you’ve connected your front Speakers B for bi-amped operation.


**BTL:** Select this if you’ve connected your front Speakers B for bridged operation. The BTL indicator will appear on the display.

**Note:**

- Bi-Amp and BTL cannot be selected if Front (Speaker A) is set to Bi-Amp or BTL.

---

**7**

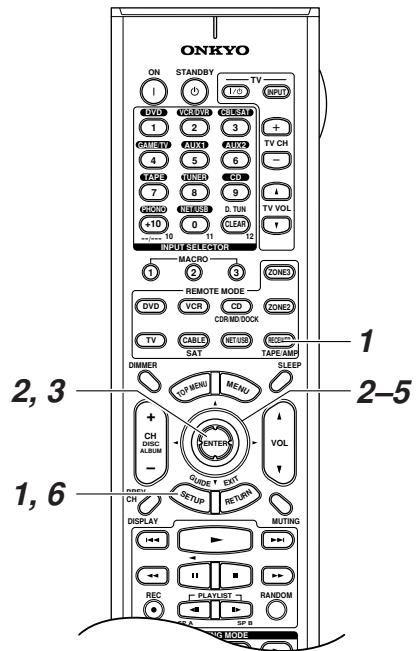


**Press the [SETUP] button.**  
Setup closes.

**Note:**

- This procedure can also be performed on the AV receiver by using its [SETUP], [ENTER], and arrow buttons.

**HDMI Monitor Setup**

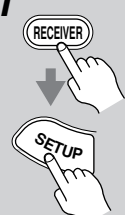


If you connect your TV to the COMPONENT VIDEO OUT, set the HDMI Monitor setting to No so that the onscreen setup menus are displayed and composite video and S-Video sources are upconverted and output by the COMPONENT VIDEO OUT.

If you connect your TV to the HDMI OUT MAIN or HDMI OUT SUB, set the HDMI Monitor setting to Main or Sub, respectively, so that the onscreen setup menus are displayed and composite video, S-Video, and component video sources are upconverted and output by the HDMI OUT MAIN or HDMI OUT SUB.

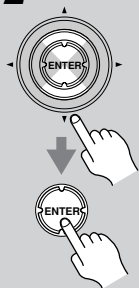
You can specify the output resolution for the HDMI outputs and COMPONENT VIDEO OUT and have the AV receiver upconvert the picture resolution as necessary to match the resolution supported by your TV.

**1**



**Press the [RECEIVER] button, followed by the [SETUP] button.**  
The main menu appears onscreen.

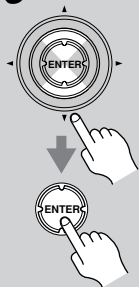
2



Use the Up and Down [▲]/[▼] buttons to select “1. Input/Output Assign,” and then press [ENTER].

The Input/Output Assign menu appears.

3

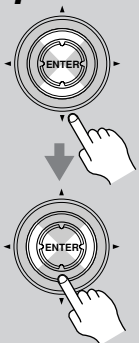


Use the Up and Down [▲]/[▼] buttons to select “1. Monitor Out,” and then press [ENTER].

The Monitor Out menu appears.

1-1. Monitor Out	
HDMI Monitor	Main
Resolution	Through

4



Use the Up and Down [▲]/[▼] buttons to select “HDMI Monitor,” and use the Left and Right [◀]/[▶] buttons to select:

**No:** Select this if your TV is connected to the COMPONENT VIDEO MONITOR OUT, S MONITOR OUT, or V MONITOR OUT.

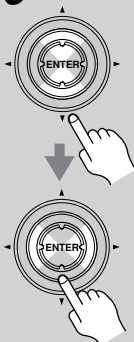
**Main:** Select this if your TV is connected to the HDMI OUT MAIN.

**Sub:** Select this if your TV is connected to the HDMI OUT SUB.

**Note:**

- When Main or Sub is selected, the onscreen setup menus are output by only the HDMI outputs. **If you’re not using the HDMI outputs and select Main or Sub by mistake and the menus disappear, press the AV receiver’s [HDMI OUT] button so that “HDMI Monitor: No” appears on the display.**

5



Use the Up and Down [▲]/[▼] buttons to select “Resolution,” and use the Left and Right [◀]/[▶] buttons to select:

**Through:** Select this to pass video through the AV receiver at the same resolution and with no conversion.

**Auto:** Select this to have the AV receiver automatically convert video at resolutions not supported by your TV.

**480p:** Select this for 480p output and video conversion as necessary. (Not available when the HDMI Monitor setting is set to No.)

**720p:** Select this for 720p output and video conversion as necessary.

**1080i:** Select this for 1080i output and video conversion as necessary.

**1080p:** Select this for 1080p output and video conversion as necessary. (Not available when the HDMI Monitor setting is set to No.)

6



Press the [SETUP] button.

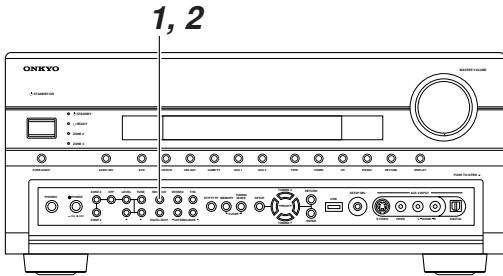
Setup closes.

**Notes:**

- See page 35 for charts showing how the HDMI Monitor and Resolution settings affect the video signal flow through the AV receiver.
- This procedure can also be performed on the AV receiver by using its [SETUP], [ENTER], and arrow buttons.

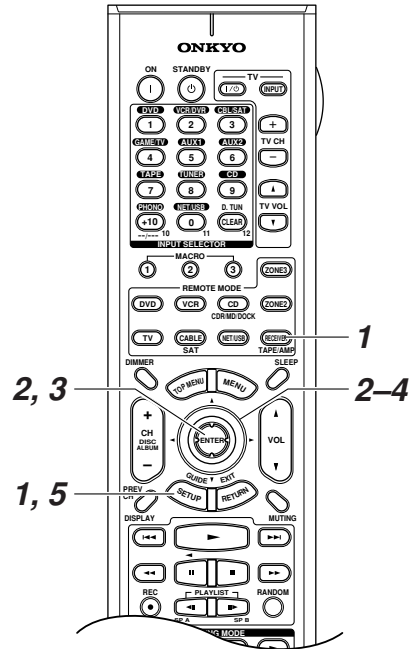
Using the HDMI OUT Button

The HDMI Monitor setting can also be set to No, Main, or Sub by using the [HDMI OUT] button on the AV receiver.



<p><b>1</b></p> <p>HDMI OUT</p>	<p><b>Press the [HDMI OUT] button.</b> The current setting is displayed.</p> <p style="text-align: center;">HDMI Monitor : No</p>
<p><b>2</b></p> <p>HDMI OUT</p>	<p><b>Press the [HDMI OUT] button repeatedly to select:</b></p> <p><b>No:</b> Select this if your TV is connected to the COMPONENT VIDEO MONITOR OUT, S MONITOR OUT, or V MONITOR OUT.</p> <p><b>Main:</b> Select this if your TV is connected to the HDMI OUT MAIN.</p> <p><b>Sub:</b> Select this if your TV is connected to the HDMI OUT SUB.</p> <p><b>Note:</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>When Main or Sub is selected, the onscreen setup menus are output by only the HDMI outputs. <b>If you're not using the HDMI outputs and select Main or Sub by mistake and the menus disappear, press the [HDMI OUT] button to select No.</b></li> </ul>

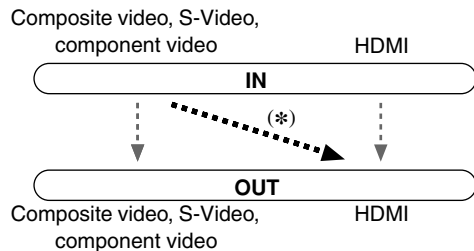
HDMI Input Setup




If you connect a video component to an HDMI IN, you must assign that input to an input selector. For example, if you connect your DVD player to HDMI IN 1, you must assign HDMI IN 1 to the DVD input selector.

By default, none of the HDMI inputs are assigned. The following input selectors can be assigned: DVD, VCR/DVR, CBL/SAT, GAME/TV, AUX 1, AUX 2.

If you've connected your TV to the AV receiver with an HDMI cable, you can set the AV receiver so that composite video, S-Video, and component video sources are unconverted (\*) and output by the HDMI outputs. You can set this for each input selector by selecting the "--" option.




1




**Press the [RECEIVER] button, followed by the [SETUP] button.**  
The main menu appears onscreen.

2



**Use the Up and Down [▲]/[▼] buttons to select “1. Input/Output Assign,” and then press [ENTER].**  
The Input/Output Assign menu appears.


3



**Use the Up and Down [▲]/[▼] buttons to select “2. HDMI Input,” and then press [ENTER].**  
The HDMI Input menu appears.

1-2. HDMI Input	
DVD	---
VCR/DVR	---
CBL/SAT	---
GAME/TV	---
AUX1	---
AUX2	---


4



**Use the Up and Down [▲]/[▼] buttons to select an input selector, and use the Left and Right [◀]/[▶] buttons to select:**

- IN1:** Select if the video component is connected to HDMI IN 1.
- IN2:** Select if the video component is connected to HDMI IN 2.
- IN3:** Select if the video component is connected to HDMI IN 3.
- IN4:** Select if the video component is connected to HDMI IN 4.
- - -:** Select this to upconvert and output composite video, S-Video, and component video sources from the HDMI outputs.

5

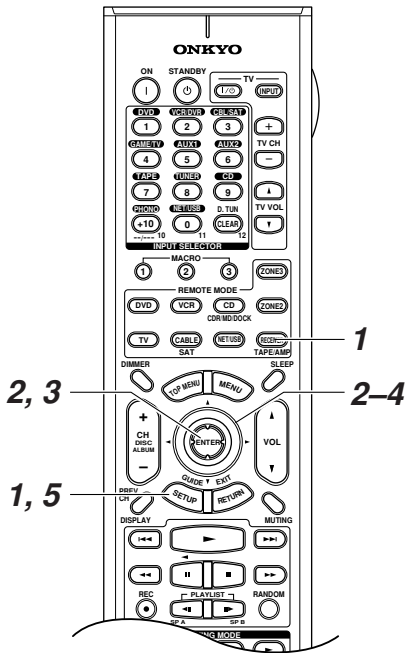


**Press the [SETUP] button.**  
Setup closes.

**Notes:**

- Each HDMI IN cannot be assigned to more than one input selector.
- For composite video, S-Video, and component video upconversion for the HDMI OUT MAIN or HDMI OUT SUB, the HDMI Monitor setting must be set to Main or Sub, respectively (see page 52). See page 34 for more information on video signal flow and upconversion.
- When an HDMI IN is assigned to an input selector as explained here, the digital audio input for that input selector is automatically set to the same HDMI IN. See “Digital Input Setup” on page 58.
- This procedure can also be performed on the AV receiver by using its [SETUP], [ENTER], and arrow buttons.

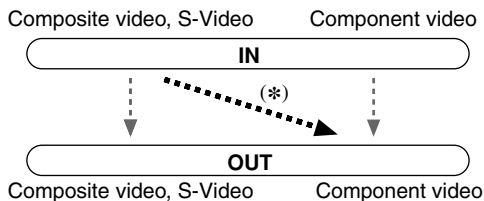
Component Video Input Setup





If you connect a video component to a COMPONENT VIDEO IN, you must assign that input to an input selector. For example, if you connect your DVD player to COMPONENT VIDEO IN 3, you must assign COMPONENT VIDEO IN 3 to the DVD input selector.

By default, the DVD input selector is assigned to COMPONENT VIDEO IN 1, and all of the other input selectors (i.e., VCR/DVR, CBL/SAT, GAME/TV, AUX 1, AUX 2) are assigned to the “- - -” option.

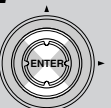

If you’ve connected your TV to the AV receiver with a component video cable, you can set the AV receiver so that composite video and S-Video sources are upconverted (\*) and output by the COMPONENT VIDEO OUT. You can set this for each input selector by selecting the “- - -” option.



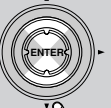

**1** Press the [RECEIVER] button, followed by the [SETUP] button. The main menu appears onscreen.

**2** Use the Up and Down [▲]/[▼] buttons to select “1. Input/Output Assign,” and then press [ENTER]. The Input/Output Assign menu appears.

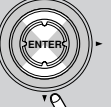

**3** Use the Up and Down [▲]/[▼] buttons to select “3. Component Video Input,” and then press [ENTER]. The Component Video Input menu appears.

1-3. Component Video Input	
DVD	IN1
VCR/DVR	---
CBL/SAT	---
GAME/TV	---
AUX1	---
AUX2	---

**4** Use the Up and Down [▲]/[▼] buttons to select an input selector, and use the Left and Right [◀]/[▶] buttons to select:

- IN1:** Select if the video component is connected to COMPONENT VIDEO IN 1.
- IN2:** Select if the video component is connected to COMPONENT VIDEO IN 2.
- IN3:** Select if the video component is connected to COMPONENT VIDEO IN 3.
- : Select to output composite video and S-Video sources from the COMPONENT VIDEO OUT.



**5**



**Press the [SETUP] button.**

Setup closes.

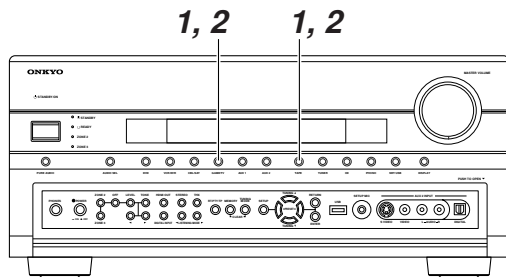
**Notes:**

- For composite video and S-Video upconversion for the COMPONENT VIDEO OUT, the HDMI Monitor setting must be set to No (see page 52). See page 34 for more information on video signal flow and upconversion.
- This procedure can also be performed on the AV receiver by using its [SETUP], [ENTER], and arrow buttons.

## Changing the Input Display

If you connect an **RI**-capable Onkyo MiniDisc recorder, CD recorder, or RI Dock to the TAPE IN/OUT jacks, or connect an RI Dock to the GAME/TV jacks, for **RI** to work properly, you must change this setting.

This setting can only be changed on the AV receiver.



**1**



TAPE

or



GAME/TV

**Press the [TAPE] or [GAME/TV] input selector button so that “TAPE” or “GAME/TV” appears on the display.**

TAPE

GAME/TV

**2**



TAPE

or



GAME/TV

**Press and hold down the [TAPE] or [GAME/TV] input selector button (about 3 seconds) to change the setting.**

Repeat this step to select MD, CDR, or DOCK.

For the TAPE input selector, the setting changes in this order:

TAPE → MD → CDR  
 ↑ DOCK ←

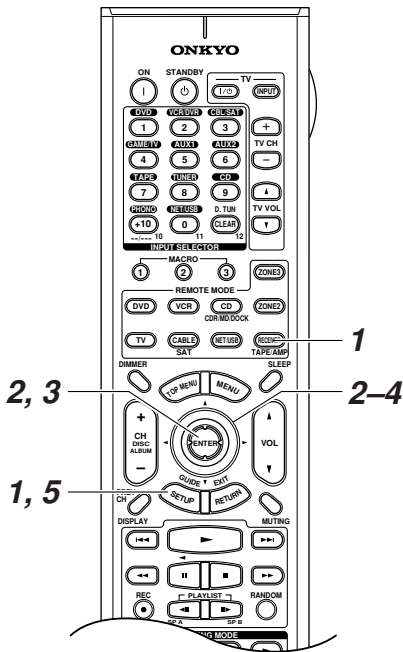
For the GAME/TV input selector, the setting changes in this order:

GAME/TV ↔ DOCK

**Note:**

- DOCK can be selected for the TAPE input selector or GAME/TV input selector, but not both at the same time.

Digital Input Setup



If you connect a component to a digital audio input, you must assign that input to an input selector. For example, if you connect your CD player to OPTICAL IN 2, you must assign OPTICAL IN 2 to the CD input selector.

These are the default assignments.

Input selector	Audio input
DVD	COAX1
VCR/DVR	COAX2
CBL/SAT	COAX3
GAME/TV	OPT1
AUX 1	---
AUX 2	FRONT (Fixed)
TAPE	---
TUNER	---
CD	OPT2
PHONO	---

**1** Press the [RECEIVER] button, followed by the [SETUP] button. The main menu appears onscreen.

**2** Use the Up and Down [▲]/[▼] buttons to select “1. Input/Output Assign,” and then press [ENTER]. The Input/Output Assign menu appears.

**3** Use the Up and Down [▲]/[▼] buttons to select “4. Digital Input,” and then press [ENTER]. The Digital Input menu appears.

1-4. Digital Input	
DVD	COAX1
VCR/DVR	COAX2
CBL/SAT	COAX3
GAME/TV	OPT1
AUX1	---
AUX2	FRONT
TAPE	---
TUNER	---
CD	OPT2
PHONO	---

**4** Use the Up and Down [▲]/[▼] buttons to select an input selector, and then use the Left and Right [◀]/[▶] buttons to select:

- COAX1:** Select if the component is connected to DIGITAL COAXIAL IN 1.
- COAX2:** Select if the component is connected to DIGITAL COAXIAL IN 2.
- COAX3:** Select if the component is connected to DIGITAL COAXIAL IN 3.
- OPT1:** Select if the component is connected to DIGITAL OPTICAL IN 1.
- OPT2:** Select if the component is connected to DIGITAL OPTICAL IN 2.
- : Select if the component is connected to an analog input.

## First Time Setup—Continued

**5**



**Press the [SETUP] button.**

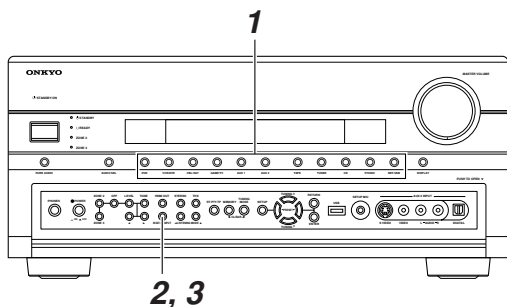
Setup closes.

### Notes:

- Only FRONT can be assigned to the AUX 2 input selector.
- The TUNER input selector cannot be assigned and is fixed at the “- -” option.
- When an HDMI IN is assigned to an input selector in “HDMI Video Setup” on page 54, this input assignment is automatically set to the same HDMI IN. And in addition to the usual inputs (e.g., COAX1, COAX2, etc.), you can also select HDMI inputs.
- This procedure can also be performed on the AV receiver by using its [SETUP], [ENTER], and arrow buttons.

### Using the DIGITAL INPUT Button

Digital inputs can also be assigned to input selectors by using the [DIGITAL INPUT] button on the AV receiver.



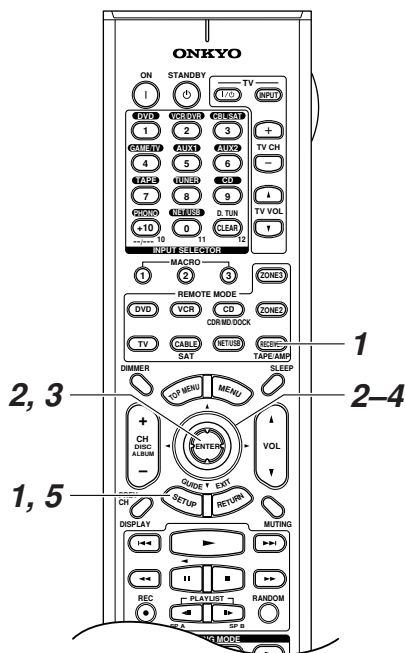
**3**



**Press the [DIGITAL INPUT] button repeatedly to select an option.**

Available options are the same as for the Digital Input menu. See step 4 on page 58.

### Analog Input Setup



**1**



**Press the input selector button for the input selector that you want to assign.**

**2**



**Press the [DIGITAL INPUT] button.**

The current assignment is displayed.





DIGITAL INPUT  
# COAX1

**1**



**Press the [RECEIVER] button, followed by the [SETUP] button.**

The main menu appears onscreen.

<p><b>2</b></p> 	<p><b>Use the Up and Down [▲]/[▼] buttons to select “1. Input/Output Assign,” and then press [ENTER].</b> The Input/Output Assign menu appears.</p>						
<p><b>3</b></p> 	<p><b>Use the Up and Down [▲]/[▼] buttons to select “5. Analog Input,” and then press [ENTER].</b> The Analog Input menu appears.</p> <table border="1" data-bbox="299 678 642 865"> <tr> <td colspan="2">1-5. Analog Input</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Multich</td> <td>DVD</td> </tr> <tr> <td colspan="2"> </td> </tr> </table>	1-5. Analog Input		Multich	DVD		
1-5. Analog Input							
Multich	DVD						
<p><b>4</b></p> 	<p><b>Use the Left and Right [◀]/[▶] buttons to select an input selector.</b> You can assign the multichannel input to the following input selectors: DVD, VCR/DVR, CBL/SAT, GAME/TV, AUX 1, AUX 2, TAPE, CD, or PHONO.</p>						
<p><b>5</b></p> 	<p><b>Press the [SETUP] button.</b> Setup closes.</p>						

**Notes:**

- To listen to the component connected to the multichannel input, press the [AUDIO SEL] button repeatedly to select Multich (see page 78).
- This procedure can also be performed on the AV receiver by using its [SETUP], [ENTER], and arrow buttons.

**Picture Quality Menu**

The new “1–6. Picture Quality” item has been added to the “1. Input/Output Assign” menu. This menu and its settings can be accessed just like the other menus. The settings are explained below.

■ **Picture Mode**

DVD-Video disc content originates from either film (recorded at 24 frames per second) or video intended for TV (recorded at 30 frames per second). With the default Picture Mode setting of Auto, the AV receiver automatically detects the type of content and processes it accordingly to achieve the best picture quality. If the AV receiver detects the type of content incorrectly due to characteristics of the disc, you can select Video or Film manually.

- Auto:** The type of content is detected automatically and processed accordingly (default).
- Video:** Select when playing a DVD-Video disc whose content originates from video.
- Film:** Select when playing a DVD-Video disc whose content originates from film.

■ **Edge Enhancement**

With Edge Enhancement, you can make the picture appear sharper.

- Off:** Edge enhancement off (default).
- Low:** Low edge enhancement.
- Medium:** Medium edge enhancement.
- High:** High edge enhancement.

■ **Mosquito NR**

With Mosquito Noise Reduction, you can remove the shimmering or haziness that sometimes appears around objects in the picture. Mosquito noise can be an issue with overly compressed MPEG content.

- Off:** Mosquito noise reduction off (default).
- Low:** Low mosquito noise reduction.
- Medium:** Medium mosquito noise reduction.
- High:** High mosquito noise reduction.

■ **Random NR**

With Random Noise Reduction, you can remove indiscriminate picture noise, such as film grain.

- Off:** Random noise reduction off (default).
- Low:** Low random noise reduction.
- Medium:** Medium random noise reduction.
- High:** High random noise reduction.

■ **Block NR**

With Block Noise Reduction, you can remove the block distortion that sometimes appears in the picture. Block noise can be an issue with overly compressed MPEG content.

- Off:** Block noise reduction off (default).
- On:** Block noise reduction on.

### Automatic Speaker Setup (Audyssey MultEQ XT)

With the supplied speaker setup microphone, Audyssey MultEQ XT can measure the number of speakers connected, their sizes, crossover frequencies, and distances from the listening position and calculate the optimal speaker settings for you automatically.

Before using this function, connect and position all of your speakers.

#### Measurement Positions

To create a listening environment in which several people can enjoy your home theater simultaneously, Audyssey MultEQ XT takes measurements at up to eight positions within the listening area.

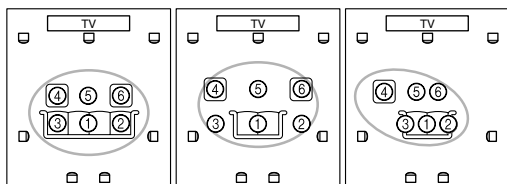
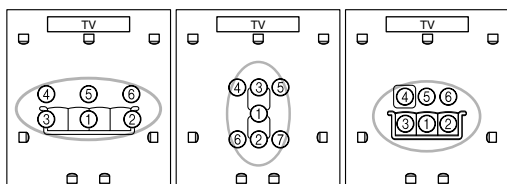
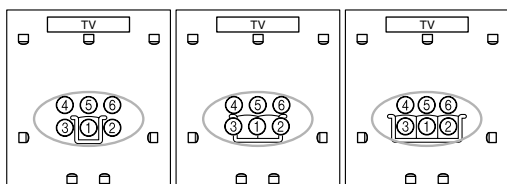
##### ■ 1st measurement position

This is the center position of your listening area, or the listening position if there's only one listener.

##### ■ 2nd–8th measurement positions

These are the other listening positions (i.e., the places where the other listeners will sit). You can measure up to eight positions.

The following examples show some typical home theater seating arrangements. Choose the one that best matches yours, and position the microphone accordingly when prompted.

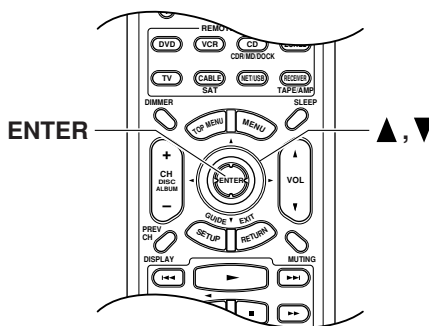
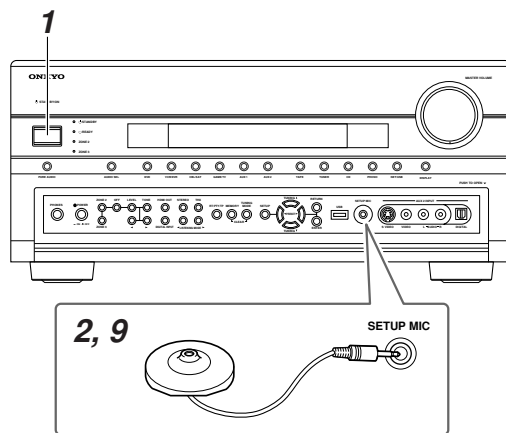


- : Listening area
- : Listening position


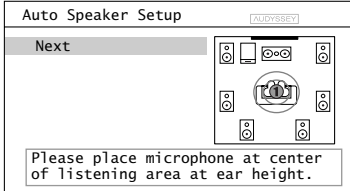

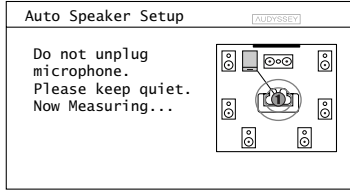
### Using Audyssey MultEQ XT


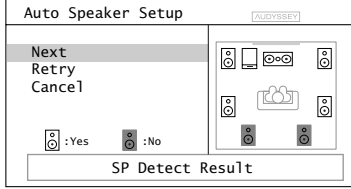
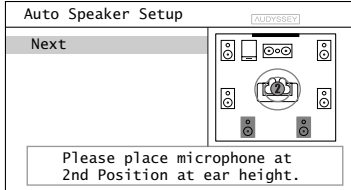

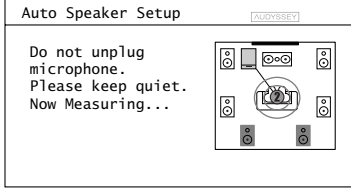
#### Notes:

- If any of your speakers is 4 ohms, change the Speaker Impedance setting before running the automatic speaker setup (see page 51).
- Automatic speaker setup can only be used with Speakers A.
- If the AV receiver is muted, it will be unmuted automatically when the automatic speaker setup starts.
- Automatic speaker setup cannot be performed while a pair of headphones is connected, or Speakers B is selected.
- It takes about 15 minutes to complete the automatic speaker setup for three positions. Total measurement time varies depending on the number of positions and speakers.
- Do not disconnect the speaker setup microphone during the automatic speaker setup, unless you want to cancel the setup.
- Do not connect or disconnect any speakers during the automatic speaker setup.

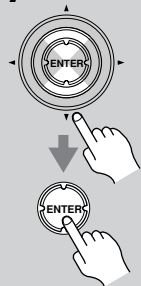


The onscreen menus shown in this manual may be slightly different from what you see on your TV.

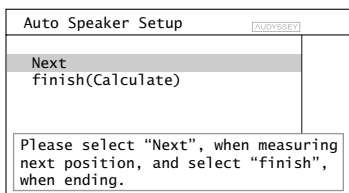
<b>1</b>	<p><b>Turn on the AV receiver and the connected TV.</b></p> <p>On the TV, select the input to which the AV receiver is connected.</p>
<b>2</b>	<p><b>Place the setup microphone at the 1st measurement position, and connect it to the SETUP MIC jack.</b></p>   <p><b>Notes:</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Make sure the microphone is horizontal.</li> <li>• If there's an obstacle between the microphone and any speaker, the automatic setup will not work correctly. Set up the room as you would when enjoying a DVD movie.</li> <li>• Positioning the microphone close to where your ears would normally be will provide the best results. You can set the height of the microphone by using a tripod or level table.</li> </ul>
<b>3</b>	<p><b>Press [ENTER].</b></p>   <p>A test tone is output by each speaker in turn, as Audyssey MultEQ XT determines which speakers are connected. This takes a few minutes.</p> <p><b>Note:</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• If any extraneous noise is picked up by the microphone, the automatic setup may not work correctly, so keep quiet.</li> </ul>

<b>4</b>	<p><b>The speaker detect results appear.</b></p>   <p>“Yes” means that the speaker was detected. “No” means that no speaker was detected.</p> <p><b>If you agree with the results, use the Up and Down [▲]/[▼] buttons to select Next, and then press [ENTER].</b></p> <p>The options are:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li><b>Next:</b> Proceed to the next step.</li> <li><b>Retry:</b> Return to step 2 and try again.</li> <li><b>Cancel:</b> Cancel the automatic speaker setup.</li> </ul>
<b>5</b>	<p><b>The following screen appears.</b></p>  <p><b>Place the setup microphone at the next position (see page 61), and then press [ENTER].</b></p> <p>Audyssey MultEQ XT performs more measurements. This takes a few minutes.</p>  
<b>6</b>	<p><b>When prompted, place the setup microphone at the next position, and repeat step 5.</b></p>

7



After the 3rd or 7th measurement, the following screen appears.



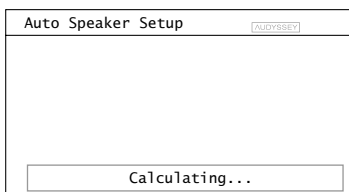
**Use the Up and Down [▲]/[▼] buttons to select an option, and then press [ENTER].**

**Next:** Select this if you want to measure another listening position. After the 8th measurement has been taken, the procedure automatically proceeds to step 8.

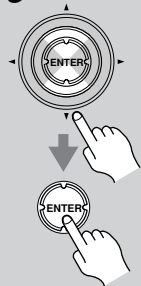
**Finish (Calculate):** Select this if you don't want to measure any more listening positions and are ready to calculate the results, then go to step 8.

8

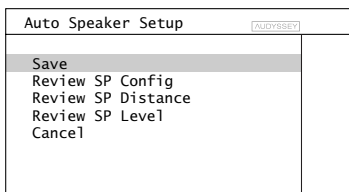
**When the measurements are complete, the following screen appears.**



9



**When the calculations are complete, the following screen appears.**



**Use the Up and Down [▲]/[▼] buttons to select an option, and then press [ENTER].**

**Save:** Save the calculated settings and exit the automatic speaker setup.

**Review SP Config:** Review the speaker configuration settings (see “Reviewing the Results” on page 65).

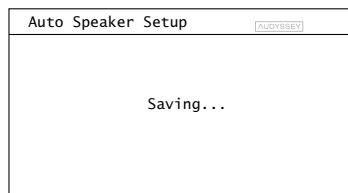
**Review SP Distance:** Review the speaker distance settings (see “Reviewing the Results” on page 65).

**Review SP Level:** Review the speaker level settings (see “Reviewing the Results” on page 65).

**Cancel:** Cancel the automatic speaker setup.

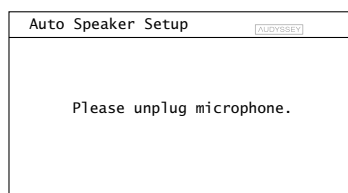
10

If you selected “Save,” the results are saved, and the following screen appears.



11

**Disconnect the setup microphone.**



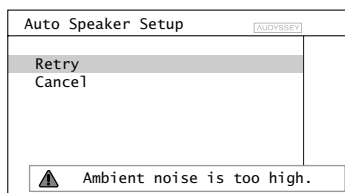
**Notes:**

- When the automatic speaker setup is complete, the Equalizer Settings (page 101) will be set to Audyssey.
- You can cancel the automatic speaker setup at any point in the procedure simply by disconnecting the setup microphone.

**Error Messages**

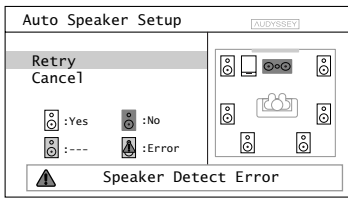
During the automatic speaker setup, one of the following error messages may appear:

**Ambient noise is too high**

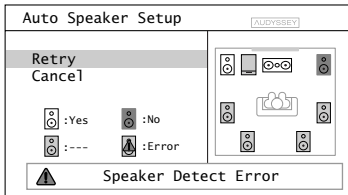


This message appears if there's too much background noise and the measurements cannot be performed properly. Remove the source of the noise and try again, or cancel the automatic speaker setup.

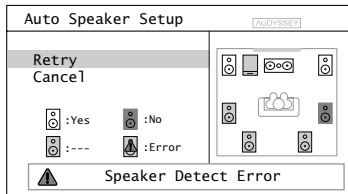
## ❑ Speaker Detect Error



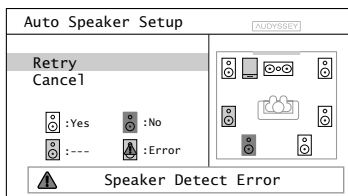
This message appears if a speaker is not detected. “Yes” means that a speaker was detected. “No” means that no speaker was detected. Check your speaker connections and retry, or cancel the automatic speaker setup.



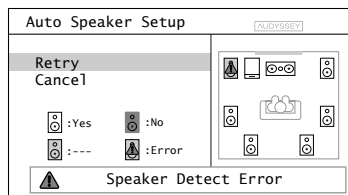
The front right speaker has not been detected.



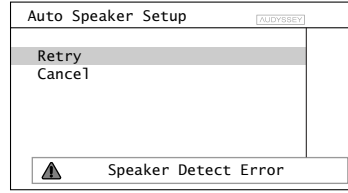
The surround right speaker has not been detected.



The surround back left speaker has not been detected.

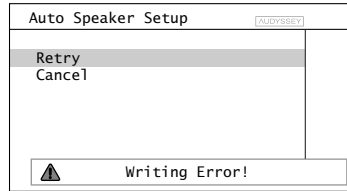


There is a problem with the front left speaker. If the warning triangle (▲) appears for the subwoofer, it may be that the output from the subwoofer is too loud.



A different number of speakers has been detected.

## ❑ Writing Error

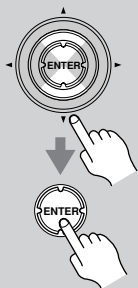


This message appears if saving fails. Try saving again, or cancel the automatic speaker setup.

If this message appears repeatedly, the AV receiver may be malfunctioning and you should contact your Onkyo dealer.



## Reviewing the Results



Use the Up and Down [▲]/[▼] buttons to select the settings that you want to review, and then press [ENTER].

Auto Speaker Setup		AUDYSSEY
Save		
Review SP Config		
Review SP Distance		
Review SP Level		
Cancel		

The options are:

### Review SP Config

Review the speaker configuration settings.

Auto Speaker Setup		AUDYSSEY
Review SP Config		
Subwoofer	:	Yes
Front	:	Full Band
Center	:	80Hz
Surround	:	100Hz
Surr Back	:	150Hz
Surr Back Ch	:	2ch

### Review SP Distance

Review the speaker distance settings.

Auto Speaker Setup		AUDYSSEY
Review SP Distance		
Left	:	15ft
Center	:	15ft
Right	:	15ft
Surr Right	:	7ft
Surr Back R	:	7ft
Surr Back L	:	7ft
Surr Left	:	7ft
Subwoofer	:	15ft

### Review SP Level

Review the speaker level settings.

Auto Speaker Setup		AUDYSSEY
Review SP Level		
Left	:	+12dB
Center	:	0dB
Right	:	-12dB
Surr Right	:	+3dB
Surr Back R	:	+4dB
Surr Back L	:	-6dB
Surr Left	:	-3dB
Subwoofer	:	0dB

Press [RETURN] to return to the previous screen.

## Changing the Speaker Settings Manually

In some cases, the measurements taken by the automatic speaker setup may not provide usable results. If running the speaker setup a second time doesn't help, you'll have to set the speaker settings manually (see pages 94–101).

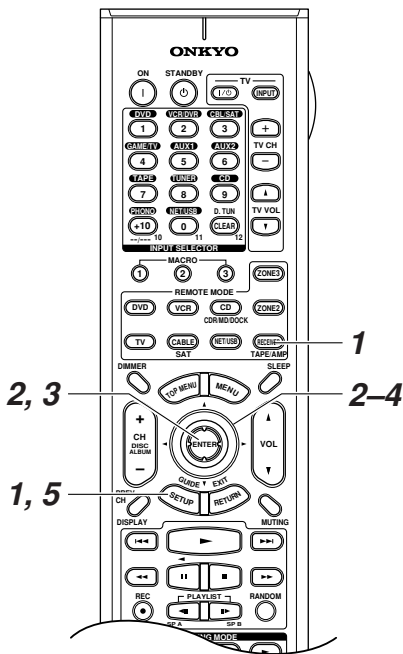
### Notes:

- For THX-certified speakers, the 80 Hz (THX) crossover frequency is recommended. If you use the automatic speaker setup, you'll need to manually select 80 Hz (THX) for each THX-certified speaker (see page 94).
- Because of the complexities of low-frequency sounds and the way they interact with a room, THX recommends setting the subwoofer level and distance manually.

## Using a Powered Subwoofer


If you're using a powered subwoofer, as it outputs very low-frequency sound and its position is usually low down, it may not be detected by the automatic speaker setup. In this case, increase the subwoofer's volume, select its highest crossover frequency, and then try running the automatic speaker setup again. Note that if the volume is set too high and the sound distorts, it may not be detected, so use an appropriate volume level. If the subwoofer has a low-pass filter switch, set it to Off or Direct. Refer to your subwoofer's instruction manual for details.

**TV Format Setup  
(not North American models)**




For the onscreen setup menus to display properly, you must specify the TV system used in your area.


**1** Press the [RECEIVER] button, followed by the [SETUP] button. The main menu appears onscreen.



**2** Use the Up and Down [▲]/[▼] buttons to select “6. Miscellaneous,” and then press [ENTER]. The Miscellaneous menu appears.



**3** Use the Up and Down [▲]/[▼] buttons to select “2. OSD Setup,” and then press [ENTER]. The OSD Setup menu appears.




6-2.OSD Setup	
Immediate Display	On
Monitor Type	4:3
Display Position	Bottom
TV Format	Auto
Language	

**4** Use the Up and Down [▲]/[▼] buttons to select “TV Format,” and then use the Left and Right [◀]/[▶] buttons to select:


**Auto:** Select this to have the AV receiver automatically detect the TV system from the video input signals.

**NTSC:** Select if the TV system in your area is NTSC.

**PAL:** Select if the TV system in your area is PAL.



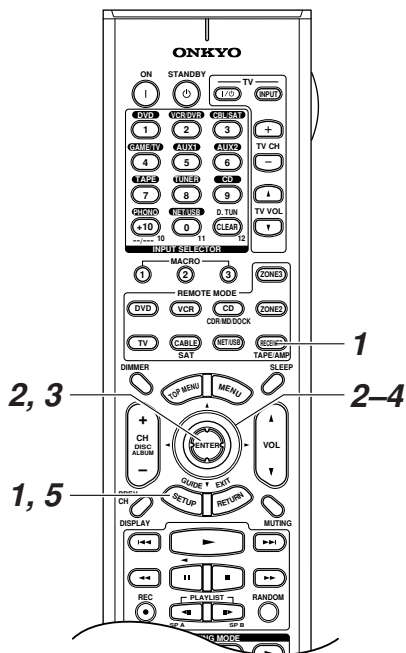
**5** Press the [SETUP] button. Setup closes.



**Note:**

- This procedure can also be performed on the AV receiver by using its [SETUP], [ENTER], and arrow buttons.

**AM Frequency Step Setup  
(on some models)**



For AM tuning to work properly, you must specify the AM frequency step used in your area. Note that when this setting is changed, all radio presets are deleted.

**1** Press the [RECEIVER] button, followed by the [SETUP] button. The main menu appears onscreen.

**2** Use the Up and Down [▲]/[▼] buttons to select “7. Hardware Setup,” and then press [ENTER]. The Hardware Setup menu appears.

**3** Use the Up and Down [▲]/[▼] buttons to select “3. Tuner,” and then press [ENTER]. The Tuner menu appears.

7-3. Tuner	
AM Freq Step	9kHz

**4** Use the Up and Down [▲]/[▼] buttons to select “AM Freq. Step,” and then use the Left and Right [◀]/[▶] buttons to select:

- 10 kHz:** Select if 10 kHz steps are used in your area.
- 9 kHz:** Select if 9 kHz steps are used in your area.

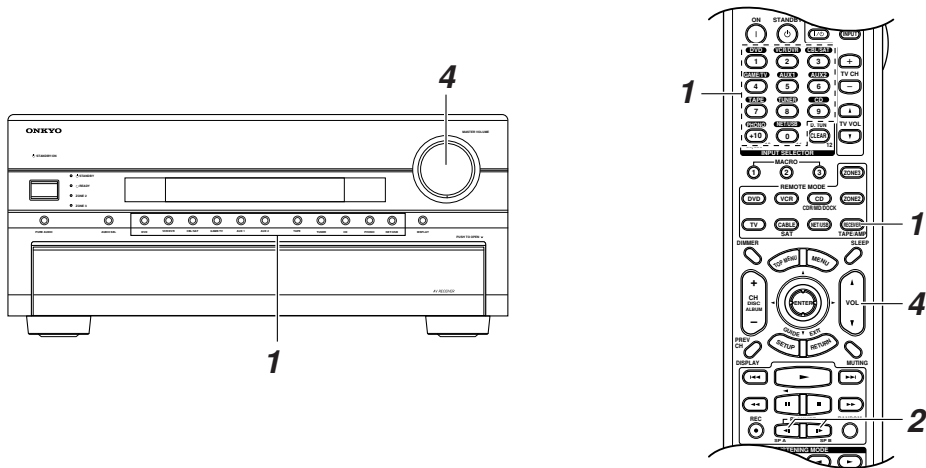
**5** Press the [SETUP] button. Setup closes.

**Note:**

- This procedure can also be performed on the AV receiver by using its [SETUP], [ENTER], and arrow buttons.

# Playing Your AV Components

## Basic AV Receiver Operation



- 1**

**AV receiver**

**Remote controller**

**Use the AV receiver's input selector buttons to select an input source.**

To select an input source with the remote controller, press its [RECEIVER] REMOTE MODE button, and then use its INPUT SELECTOR buttons.
- 2**

**Remote controller**

**To switch between Speakers A and Speakers B, use the remote controller's [SP A] and [SP B] buttons.**

A and B indicators
- 3**

**Start playback on the source component.**

To watch a DVD or other video source, on your TV, select the video input that's connected to the AV receiver's COMPONENT VIDEO OUT, HDMI OUT MAIN, HDMI OUT SUB, or MONITOR OUT.

On some DVD players, you may need to change the digital or HDMI audio output settings.
- 4**

**AV receiver**

**Remote controller**

**To adjust the volume, use the MASTER VOLUME control or the remote controller's [VOL.] button.**

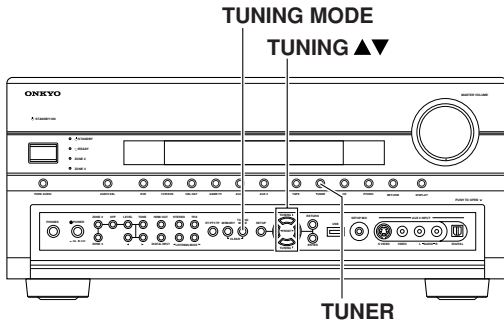
Since the AV receiver is designed for home theaters, it has a wide volume range for precise adjustment. The volume can be set to  $-\infty$  dB,  $-81.5$  dB,  $-81.0$  dB through  $+18.0$  dB.
- 5**

**Select a listening mode and enjoy!**

See "Using the Listening Modes" on page 79.

# Listening to the Radio

## Listening to AM/FM Stations



With the built-in tuner, you can enjoy AM and FM radio stations and store your favorite stations as presets for easy selection.



**Use the [TUNER] input selector button to select AM or FM.**

In this example, FM has been selected.

Band	Frequency
FM	87.5 MHz ---

(Actual display depends on country.)

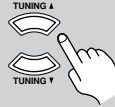
## Manual Tuning Mode

1



Press the [TUNING MODE] button so that the **AUTO** indicator disappears from the display.

2



Press and hold the **TUNING Up or Down [▲]/[▼]** button.

The frequency stops changing when you release the button.

Press the button repeatedly to change the frequency one step at a time.

The North American model changes FM frequency in 0.2 MHz steps, 10 kHz steps for AM. For other models it's 0.05 MHz steps for FM and 9 kHz steps for AM. In Manual Tuning mode, FM stations will be in mono.

## Tuning into Weak FM Stereo Stations

If the signal from a stereo FM station is weak, it may be impossible to get good reception. In this case, switch to Manual Tuning mode and listen to the station in mono.

## Tuning into AM/FM Radio Stations

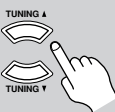
### Auto Tuning Mode

1



Press the [TUNING MODE] button so that the **AUTO** indicator appears on the display.

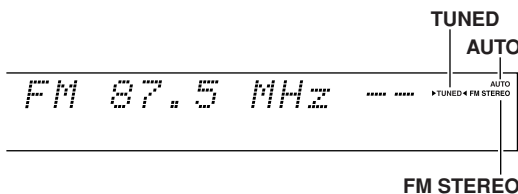
2



Press the **TUNING Up or Down [▲]/[▼]** button.

Searching stops when a station is found.

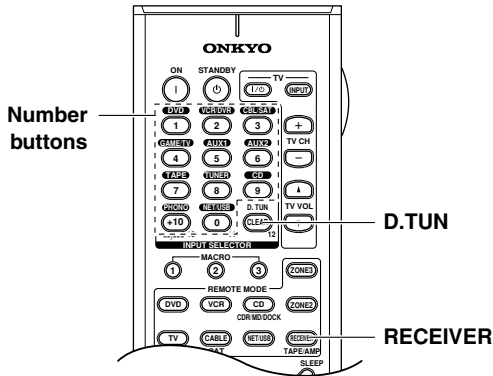
When tuned into a station, the **TUNED** indicator appears. When tuned into a stereo FM station, the **FM STEREO** indicator also appears. (The **FM STEREO** indicator will not appear on models that have HD Radio.)



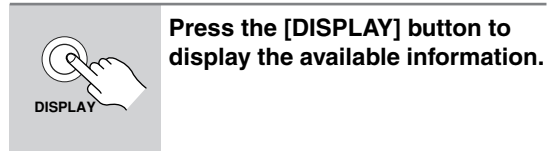
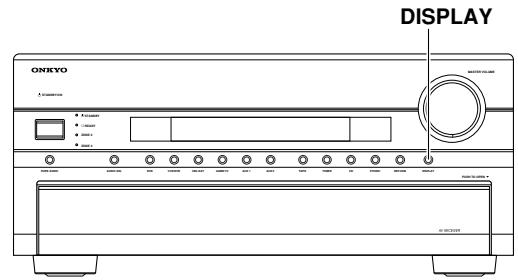
## Listening to the Radio—Continued

### ■ Tuning into Stations by Frequency

You can tune into AM and FM stations directly by entering the appropriate frequency.



### Displaying AM/FM Radio Information



**1**

**Press the [RECEIVER] button, followed by the [D.TUN] button.**  
The [RECEIVER] button flashes.

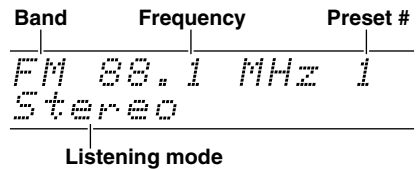
(Actual display depends on country.)

**2**

**Within 8 seconds, use the number buttons to enter the frequency of the radio station.**  
For example, to tune to 87.5 (FM), press 8, 7, 5.

**Note:**

- While the [RECEIVER] button is flashing, you cannot select another input source with the remote controller.

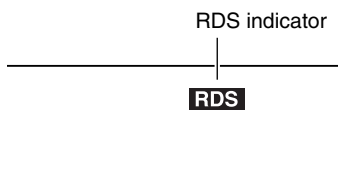


**Note:**

- When you select a preset with a custom name (see page 104), its name is displayed instead of the band and frequency.

### Using RDS

RDS only works in areas where RDS broadcasts are available. When tuned to an RDS station, the RDS indicator appears.



#### ■ What is RDS?

RDS stands for *Radio Data System* and is a method of transmitting data in FM radio signals. It was developed by the European Broadcasting Union (EBU) and is available in most European countries. RDS is approved by the National Radio Systems Committee (NRSC) and is available in North America.

Many FM stations use it these days. In addition to displaying text information, RDS can also help you find radio stations by type (e.g., news, sport, rock, etc.).

The AV receiver supports four types of RDS information:

#### **PS (Program Service)**

When tuned to an RDS station that's broadcasting PS information, the station's name will be displayed. Pressing the [DISPLAY] button will display the frequency for 3 seconds.

#### **RT (Radio Text)**

When tuned to an RDS station that's broadcasting text information, the text will be shown on the display (see page 72).

#### **PTY (Program Type)**

This allows you to search RDS radio stations by type (see page 72).

#### **TP (Traffic Program)**

This allows you to search for RDS radio stations that broadcast traffic information (see page 72).

#### **Notes:**

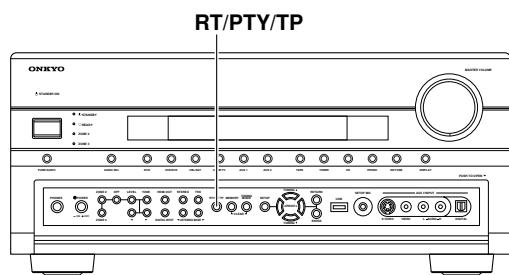
- In some cases, the characters displayed on the AV receiver may not be identical to those broadcast by the radio station. Also, unexpected characters may be displayed when unsupported characters are received. This is not a malfunction.
- If the signal from an RDS station is weak, RDS data may be displayed intermittently or not at all.

### RDS Program Types (PTY)

Type	Display
None	NONE
News reports	NEWS
Current affairs	AFFAIRS
Information	INFO
Sport	SPORT
Education	EDUCATE
Drama	DRAMA
Culture	CULTURE
Science and technology	SCIENCE
Varied	VARIED
Pop music	POP M
Rock music	ROCK M
Middle of the road music	EASY M
Light classics	LIGHT M
Serious classics	CLASSICS
Other music	OTHER M
Weather	WEATHER
Finance	FINANCE
Children's programmes	CHILDREN
Social affairs	SOCIAL
Religion	RELIGION
Phone in	PHONE IN
Travel	TRAVEL
Leisure	LEISURE
Jazz music	JAZZ
Country music	COUNTRY
National music	NATION M
Oldies music	OLDIES
Folk music	FOLK M
Documentary	DOCUMENT
Alarm test	TEST
Alarm	ALARM

## Listening to the Radio—Continued

### Displaying Radio Text (RT)



When tuned to an RDS station that's broadcasting text information, the text can be displayed.

RT/PTY/TP



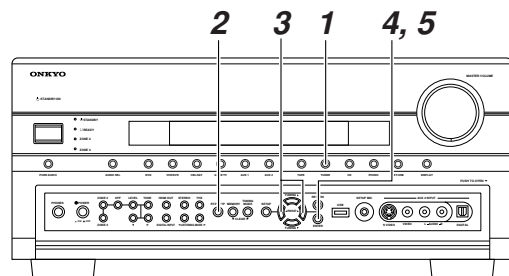
**Press the [RT/PTY/TP] button once.**

The RT information scrolls across the display.

#### Notes:

- The message "Waiting" may appear while the AV receiver waits for the RT information.
- If the message "No Text Data" appears on the display, no RT information is available.

### Finding Stations by Type (PTY)



You can search for radio stations by type.

**1**



**Use the [TUNER] input selector button to select FM.**

**2**



**Press the [RT/PTY/TP] button twice.**

The current program type appears on the display.

**3**



**Use the PRESET [◀]/[▶] buttons to select the type of program you want.**

See the table on page 71.

**4**



**To start the search, press [ENTER].**

The AV receiver searches until it finds a station of the type you specified, at which point it stops briefly before continuing with the search.

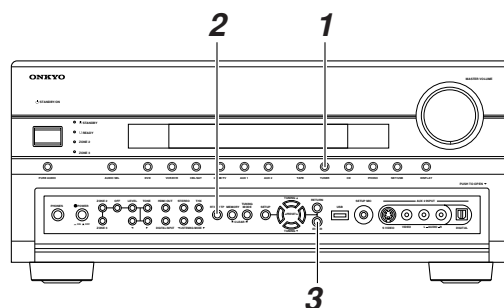
**5**



**When a station you want to listen to is found, press [ENTER].**

If no stations are found, the message "Not Found" appears.

### Listening to Traffic News (TP)



You can search for stations that broadcast traffic news.

**1**



**Use the [TUNER] input selector button to select FM.**

**2**



**Press the [RT/PTY/TP] button three times.**

If the current radio station is broadcasting TP (Traffic Program), "[TP]" will appear on the display and traffic news will be heard as and when it's broadcast. If "TP" without square brackets appears, this means that the station is not broadcasting TP.

**3**

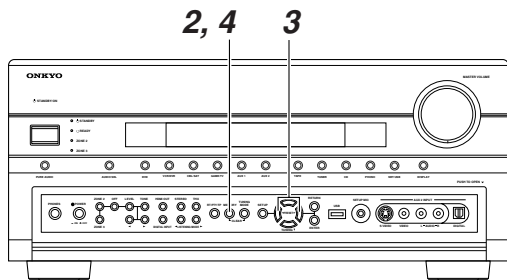


**To locate a station that is broadcasting TP, press [ENTER].**

The AV receiver searches until it finds a station that's broadcasting TP. If no stations are found, the message "Not Found" appears.



## Presetting AM/FM Stations



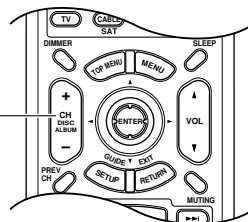
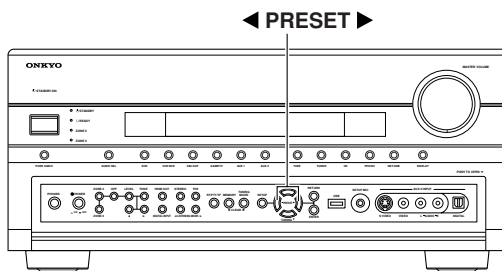
You can store a combination of up to 40 of your favorite AM and FM radio stations.

- |                    |   |
|--------------------|---|
| <b>1</b>           | <b>Tune into the AM or FM station you want to store as a preset.</b>  |
| <b>2</b><br>MEMORY | <b>Press the [MEMORY] button.</b><br>The preset number flashes.   |
| <b>3</b>           | <b>While the preset number is flashing (about 8 seconds), use the PRESET [◀/▶] buttons to select a preset from 1 through 40.</b>  |
| <b>4</b><br>MEMORY | <b>Press the [MEMORY] button again to store the station.</b><br>The station is stored and the preset number stops flashing.<br>Repeat this procedure for all of your favorite stations. |

**Note:**

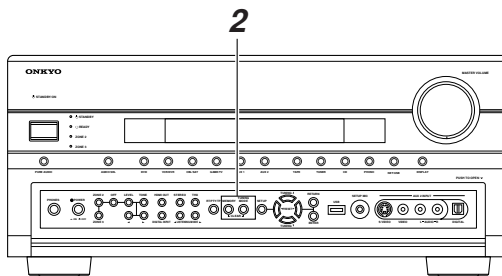
- You can name your radio presets for easy identification (see page 104).

## Selecting Presets



- To select a preset, use the PRESET [◀/▶] buttons or the remote controller's CH [+/-] button.

## Deleting Presets



- |                                |   |
|--------------------------------|---|
| <b>1</b>                       | <b>Select the preset that you want to delete.</b><br>See the previous section.  |
| <b>2</b><br>MEMORY TUNING MODE | <b>While holding down the [MEMORY] button, press the [TUNING MODE] button.</b><br>The preset is deleted and its number disappears from the display. |

**Listening to HD Radio™ Stations  
(North American model only)**

HD Radio technology brings digital radio to conventional analog AM and FM radio stations, with improved sound quality, better reception, and new data services. HD Radio technology provides CD-quality sound for FM stations and FM-quality sound for AM stations. In addition, FM HD Radio stations can transmit multiple programs on the same frequency by using multicast channels. Text data display includes station name, song title, artist name, and so on.

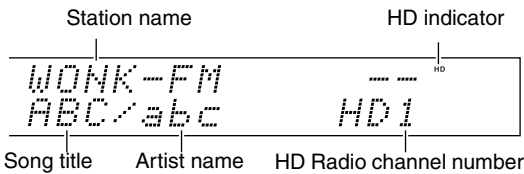
For more information about HD Radio technology, visit:  
[www.iberquity.com](http://www.iberquity.com)  
[www.hdradio.com](http://www.hdradio.com)

**About HD Radio Stations**

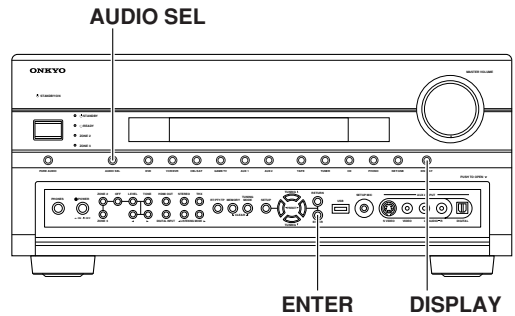
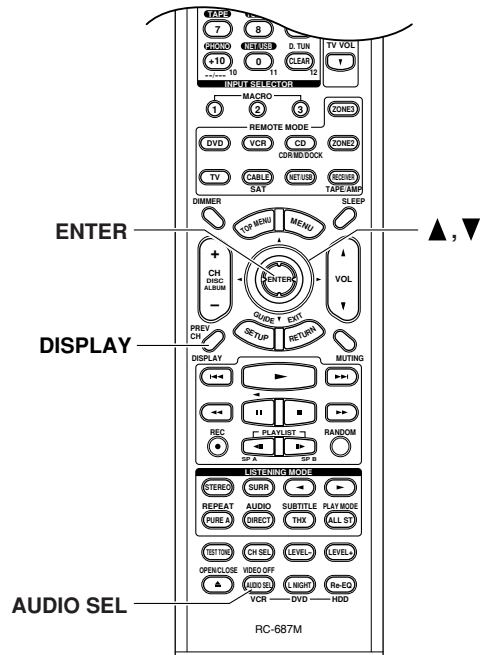
HD Radio stations broadcast on the same AM and FM frequencies they've always used, and you can receive them by tuning into your favorite station as normal (see page 69). You can store them as presets just like AM and FM stations (see page 73).

If the current AM or FM station supports HD Radio technology, the HD indicator lights up.

While a digital HD Radio transmission is being received, the DIGITAL indicator lights up. While an analog HD Radio transmission is being received, the ANALOG indicator lights up.



- If the current AM or FM station supports HD Radio technology, the station's name will be displayed instead of the band and frequency.
- When music data is received, song title and artist name information is displayed.
- If the current HD Radio station supports multicast channels, the name of the currently selected multicast channel will be displayed.



## Selecting Multicast Channels

FM HD Radio stations can transmit multiple programs on the same frequency by using what are called *multicast channels*. If the current HD Radio station is broadcasting multicast channels, the SPS (secondary program services) indicator lights up.

1



**Press [ENTER].**

The SPS indicator flashes.

2



**Use the Up and Down Arrow [▲]/[▼] buttons to select a multicast channel.**

If you select a multicast channel that is not currently broadcasting, a plus [+] symbol will appear, indicating that the channel has been reserved. When broadcasting commences, that channel will be selected automatically.

```

WONK-FM      ---
Reserve      +HD4
    
```

Reserved channel indication      HD Radio channel number

Within 5 seconds, press [ENTER] to set the multicast channel.

**Note:**

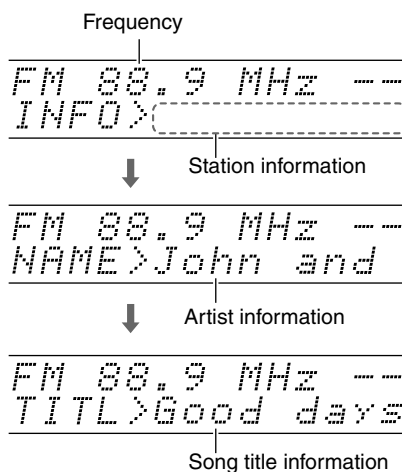
- Multicast channels are not available on AM.

**Note:**

- Multicast channels 2 through 8 only carry a digital signal, so to select an audio format, you must select multicast channel #1 first.

## Displaying HD Radio Information

Press the [DISPLAY] button repeatedly to cycle through the available information.



## Selecting the Audio Format (Blend Mode)

HD Radio stations transmit both analog and digital versions of their programs and you can choose which one you want to listen to.

Remote controller



**Use the [AUDIO SEL] button to select Auto or Analog.**

```

Blend Mode ---
: Analog
    
```



```

Auto
    
```

AV receiver

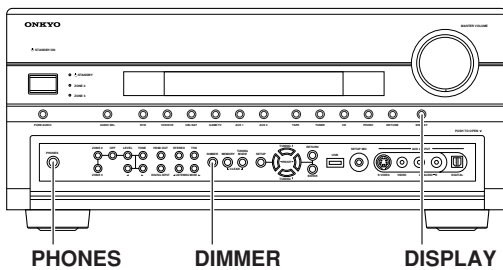
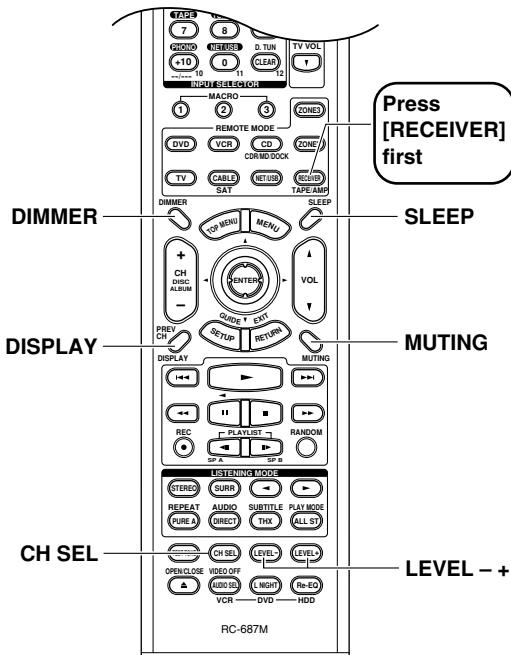


**Auto:** Select to use the digital signal.

**Analog:** Select to use the analog signal.

# Common Functions

This section explains functions that can be used with any input source.




## Setting the Display Brightness

You can adjust the brightness of the display.

**Remote controller**

DIMMER




**Press the remote controller's [DIMMER] button repeatedly to select:**

- Normal + VOLUME light on.
- Normal + VOLUME light off.
- Dim + VOLUME light off.
- Dimmer + VOLUME light off.

**AV receiver**


DIMMER




You can also use the AV receiver's [DIMMER] button (not European models).

## Adjusting Speaker Levels

You can adjust the volume of each speaker while listening to an input source. These temporary adjustments are cancelled when the AV receiver is set to Standby.



↓



**Use the remote controller's [CH SEL] button to select each speaker, and use the [LEVEL-] and [LEVEL+] buttons to adjust the volume.**

You can adjust the volume of each speaker from -12 dB to +12 dB (-15 dB to +12 dB for the subwoofer).

Left : 0.0dB

### Notes:

- You cannot use this function while the AV receiver is muted.
- Speakers that are set to No or None in the Speaker Configuration cannot be adjusted (see page 94).

### Headphones


While a pair of headphones is connected, you can use the [CH SEL], [LEVEL-], and [LEVEL+] buttons to adjust the volume of each headphone speaker (left and right), from -12 dB to +12 dB each.

HP Left : -3.5dB

These settings are stored when the AV receiver is set to Standby.


## Muting the AV Receiver

You can temporarily mute the output of the AV receiver.



**Press the remote controller's [MUTING] button.**

The output is muted and the MUTING indicator flashes on the display.



**To unmute the AV receiver,** press the remote controller's [MUTING] button again, or adjust the volume. The output is unmuted and the MUTING indicator goes off. Muting is cancelled when the AV receiver is set to Standby.

### Tip:

- You can specify how much the output is muted with the Muting Level setting (see page 106).

### Using the Sleep Timer

With the sleep timer, you can set the AV receiver so that it turns off automatically after a specified period.

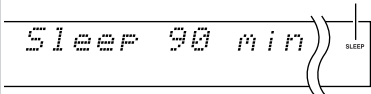


**Press the remote controller's [SLEEP] button repeatedly to select the required sleep time.**

You can set the sleep time from 90 to 10 minutes in 10 minute steps.

The SLEEP indicator appears on the display when the sleep timer has been set, as shown. The specified sleep time appears on the display for about 5 seconds, then the previous display reappears.

SLEEP indicator

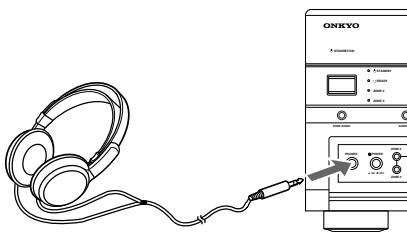


**To cancel the sleep timer**, press the [SLEEP] button repeatedly until the SLEEP indicator disappears.

**To check the remaining sleep time**, press the [SLEEP] button. Note that if you press the [SLEEP] button while the sleep time is being displayed, you'll shorten the sleep time by 10 minutes.

### Using Headphones

For private listening, you can connect a pair of stereo headphones (1/4-inch phone plug) to the AV receiver's PHONES jack.



#### Notes:

- Always turn down the volume before connecting your headphones.
- While the headphones plug is inserted in the PHONES jack, the speakers are turned off and the Headphone indicator lights up. (The Powered Zone 2 speakers are not turned off.)
- When you connect a pair of headphones, the listening mode is set to Stereo, unless it was already set to Pure Audio, Mono, Stereo, or Direct, in which case it stays the same.

### Displaying Source Information

You can display various information about the current input source as follows.



**Press the [DISPLAY] button repeatedly to cycle through the available information.**



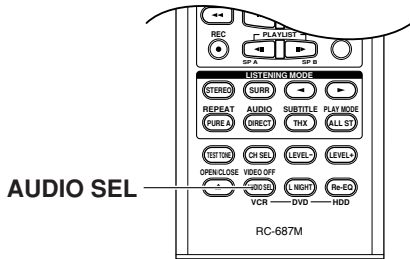
The following information can typically be displayed:

Input source	DVD
Listening mode	Pure Audio
Signal format*	DTS-HDMSTR 5.1
Sampling frequency	fs: 96 kHz

\*If the input signal is analog, no format information is displayed. If the input signal is PCM, the sampling frequency is displayed. If the input signal is digital but not PCM, the signal format and the number of channels is displayed. For some digital input signals, including multichannel PCM, the signal format, number of channels, and sampling frequency is displayed.

Information is displayed for about 3 seconds, then the previous display reappears.

Selecting Audio Inputs



If you connect a component to more than one audio input, such as a DVD player connected to analog, digital, multichannel, and HDMI inputs, you can use the [AUDIO SEL] button to select which audio input you want to use to listen to that component.



**Press the [AUDIO SEL] button repeatedly to select an audio input: HDMI > Auto > Multich > Analog.**

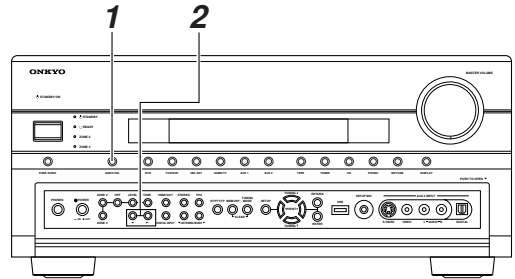
**HDMI:** Selects the assigned HDMI IN, and the HDMI indicator appears on the display. (The HDMI IN must already be assigned to the current input selector. See page 54.)

**Auto:** Selects the assigned COAXIAL or OPTICAL DIGITAL IN, and the DIGITAL indicator appears on the display. (The DIGITAL IN must already be assigned to the current input selector. See page 58.) If there is no digital signal, the analog input is used instead.

**Multich:** Selects the multichannel input, and the ANALOG indicator appears on the display. (The multichannel input must already be assigned to the current input selector. See page 59.)

**Analog:** Selects the analog input, and the ANALOG indicator appears on the display.

Specifying the Digital Signal Format



Normally, the AV receiver detects the format of digital input signals automatically. However, if you experience either of the following issues when playing PCM or DTS sources, you can specify the signal format manually.

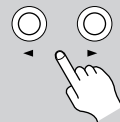
- If the beginnings of tracks from a PCM source are cut off, try the PCM setting.
- If noise is produced when fast forwarding or rewinding a DTS CD, try the DTS setting.

1



**Press the [AUDIO SEL] button repeatedly to select Auto.**

2



**While “Auto” is shown on the display, use the Left and Right [◀]/[▶] buttons to select:**

**PCM:** Only input signals in PCM format are output, and the PCM indicator lights up. The indicator flashes if the input signal is not PCM.

**DTS:** Only input signals in DTS format are output, and the DTS indicator lights up. The indicator flashes if the input signal is not DTS.

**Auto (default):** The format is detected automatically. If no digital input signal is present, the analog input is used instead.

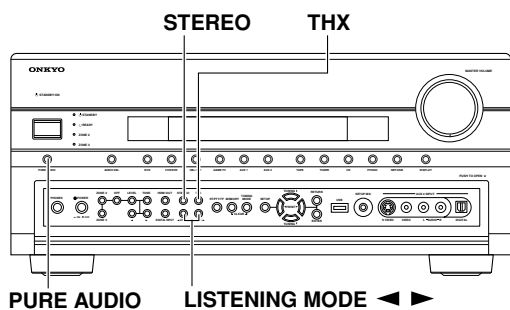
# Using the Listening Modes

## Selecting the Listening Modes

For a description of each listening mode, see “About the Listening Modes” on page 84.

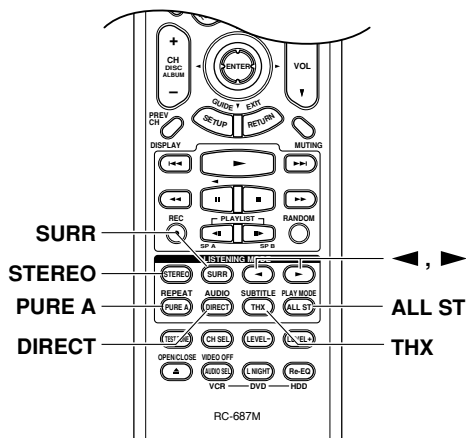
- The Dolby Digital and DTS listening modes can only be selected if your DVD player is connected to the AV receiver with a digital audio connection (coaxial, optical, or HDMI).
- The listening modes you can select depends on the format of the input signal. To check the format, see “Displaying Source Information” on page 77.
- While a pair of headphones is connected, you can only select the Pure Audio, Mono, Direct, or Stereo listening mode.

## Selecting on the AV Receiver



- **[PURE AUDIO] button**  
This button selects the Pure Audio listening mode. When this mode is selected, the AV receiver’s display is turned off and only the HDMI outputs output video signals. Pressing this button again will select the previous listening mode.
- **[STEREO] button**  
This button selects the Stereo listening mode.
- **[THX] button**  
This button selects the THX listening modes.
- **LISTENING MODE [◀/▶] buttons**  
Pressing these buttons repeatedly cycles through all of the listening modes that can be used with the current input source.

## Selecting with the Remote Controller



- **[STEREO] button**  
This button selects the Stereo listening mode.
- **[SURR] button**  
This button selects the Dolby Digital and DTS listening modes.
- **LISTENING MODE [◀/▶] buttons**  
Pressing these buttons repeatedly cycles through all of the listening modes that can be used with the current input source.
- **[PURE A] button**  
This button selects the Pure Audio listening mode. When this mode is selected, the AV receiver’s display is turned off and only the HDMI outputs output video signals.
- **[DIRECT] button**  
This button selects the Direct listening mode.
- **[THX] button**  
This button selects the THX listening modes.
- **[ALL ST] button**  
This button selects the All Channel Stereo listening mode.

# Using the Listening Modes—Continued

## Listening Modes Available for Each Source Format

### Analog and PCM Sources

Button	Source format  Media Listening Mode	PCM		Multi channel analog	Multichannel PCM						
		32–96 kHz	176.4/192kHz*1		32–96 kHz			176.4/192 kHz*1			
					except */2	*/2	2ch	1/0, 1+1	Multichannel	2ch	
		CD, TV, radio,		DVD	DVD			DVD			
[PURE A]	Pure Audio	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	
[DIRECT]	Direct	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	
[STEREO]	Stereo	✓	✓		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	
[SURR]	Multichannel			✓	✓	✓			✓		
	Dolby D										
	Dolby D Plus										
	DTS, DTS 96/24										
	DTS-ES Discrete/Matrix										
	DTS-HD High Resolution										
	DTS-HD Master Audio										
	Dolby TrueHD										
	DSD										
	Dolby PLII Movie/ Dolby PLIIx Movie*2	✓					✓	✓			
	Dolby PLII Music/ Dolby PLIIx Music*2	✓					✓	✓			
	Dolby PLII Game/ Dolby PLIIx Game*2	✓						✓			
	Dolby Digital EX/Dolby EX						✓				
	Neo:6						✓				
	Neo:6 Cinema	✓						✓			
Neo:6 Music	✓						✓				
Neural THX 5.1	✓						✓				
Neural THX 7.1	✓					✓	✓				
[THX]	THX Cinema*3				✓	✓					
	Dolby PLII/Dolby PLIIx THX*3	✓*2				✓	✓				
	Neo:6 THX*3	✓*3				✓	✓				
	Dolby PLII THX Games Mode	✓					✓				
	Neo:6 THX Games Mode	✓					✓				
	THX Surround EX						✓				
	THX Ultra2 Cinema						✓				
	THX Music Mode						✓				
	THX Games Mode						✓				
LISTENING MODE*4 [◀/▶]	Mono	✓			✓	✓	✓	✓			
	Onkyo Original DSP Mono Movie Orchestra Unplugged Studio-Mix TV Logic All Ch Stereo Full Mono T-D	✓				✓	✓	✓	✓		

\*1. DVD-Audio discs output multichannel 176.4/192 kHz PCM only via HDMI.

\*2. If there are no surround back speakers, or Powered Zone 2 is being used, Dolby Pro Logic II is used.

\*3. Available only when using surround speakers.

\*4. For T-D, Mono Movie, Orchestra, Unplugged, Studio-Mix, and TV Logic, PCM of 64 kHz, 88.2 kHz, and 96 kHz are processed at 32 kHz, 44.1 kHz, and 88.2 kHz respectively.

Requires 6.1/7.1 speakers. Not available while Powered Zone 2 is being used.

Requires 7.1 speakers. Not available while Powered Zone 2 is being used.



# Using the Listening Modes—Continued

## DSD, Dolby Digital, and Dolby Digital Plus Sources

Button	Source format		DSD*1		Dolby D				Dolby Digital Plus			
			Multichannel		Multichannel		2ch	1/0, 1+1	Multichannel		2ch	1/0, 1+1
			3/2	2ch	except *2	*2			except *2	*2		
Listening Mode	Media	SACD		DVD, DTV, etc.				Blu-ray, HD DVD				
[PURE A]	Pure Audio	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
[DIRECT]	Direct	✓*2	✓*2	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
[STEREO]	Stereo	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
[SURR]	Multichannel											
	Dolby D			✓	✓							
	Dolby D Plus							✓*3	✓*3			
	DTS, DTS 96/24											
	DTS-ES Discrete/Matrix											
	DTS-HD High Resolution											
	DTS-HD Master Audio											
	Dolby TrueHD											
	DSD	✓										
	Dolby PLII Movie/ Dolby PLIIx Movie*4	✓	✓		✓	✓				✓	✓	
	Dolby PLII Music/ Dolby PLIIx Music*4	✓	✓		✓	✓				✓	✓	
	Dolby PLII Game/ Dolby PLIIx Game*4		✓			✓					✓	
	Dolby Digital EX/Dolby EX	✓			✓					✓		
	Neo:6	✓			✓					✓		
	Neo:6 Cinema		✓			✓					✓	
Neo:6 Music		✓			✓					✓		
Neural THX 5.1		✓			✓					✓		
Neural THX 7.1	✓	✓		✓	✓				✓	✓		
[THX]	THX Cinema*5	✓		✓	✓				✓	✓		
	Dolby PLII/ Dolby PLIIx THX	✓	✓		✓	✓				✓	✓	
	Neo:6 THX	✓	✓		✓	✓				✓	✓	
	Dolby PLII THX Games Mode		✓			✓					✓	
	Neo:6 THX Games Mode		✓			✓					✓	
	THX Surround EX	✓			✓					✓		
	THX Ultra2 Cinema	✓			✓					✓		
	THX Music Mode	✓			✓					✓		
	THX Games Mode	✓			✓					✓		
LISTENING MODE [◀/▶]	Mono	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
	Onkyo Original DSP Mono Movie Orchestra Unplugged Studio-Mix TV Logic All Ch Stereo Full Mono T-D	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓

\*1. In listening modes other than DSD Direct and Pure Audio, DSD sources are converted and handled as PCM.  
 \*2. With the Delay Enable DSD setting on the Direct screen set to No (see page 91), if the source is DSD, the Direct listening mode becomes DSD Direct, “DSD Direct” appears on the display, and the Speaker Configuration settings are ignored.  
 \*3. If there are no surround back speakers, depending on the input signal, Dolby Digital may be used.  
 \*4. If there are no surround back speakers, or Powered Zone 2 is being used, Dolby Pro Logic II is used.  
 \*5. Available only when using surround speakers.

Requires 6.1/7.1 speakers. Not available while Powered Zone 2 is being used.  
 Requires 7.1 speakers. Not available while Powered Zone 2 is being used.

# Using the Listening Modes—Continued

## TrueHD and DTS Sources

Button	Source format	TrueHD <sup>*1</sup>				DTS, DTS96/24				DTS-ES Discrete/Matrix
		Multichannel		2ch	1/0, 1+1	Multichannel		2ch	1/0	
		except *1/2	*1/2			except *1/2	*1/2			
Media	Listening Mode	Blu-ray, HD DVD				DVD, CD, etc.				
[PURE A]	Pure Audio	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
[DIRECT]	Direct	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
[STEREO]	Stereo	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
[SURR]	Multichannel									
	Dolby D									
	Dolby D Plus									
	DTS, DTS 96/24					✓	✓			
	DTS-ES Discrete/Matrix									✓ <sup>*2</sup>
	DTS-HD High Resolution									
	DTS-HD Master Audio									
	TrueHD	✓	✓							
	DSD									
	Dolby PLII Movie/ Dolby PLIIx Movie <sup>*3</sup>		✓	✓			✓	✓		
	Dolby PLII Music/ Dolby PLIIx Music <sup>*3</sup>		✓	✓			✓	✓		
	Dolby PLII Game/ Dolby PLIIx Game <sup>*3</sup>			✓				✓		
	Dolby Digital EX/Dolby EX		✓				✓			
	Neo:6		✓				✓			
	Neo:6 Cinema			✓				✓		
	Neo:6 Music			✓				✓		
Neural THX 5.1			✓				✓			
Neural THX 7.1		✓	✓			✓	✓		✓	
[THX]	THX Cinema <sup>*4</sup>	✓	✓			✓	✓			✓
	Dolby PLII/ Dolby PLIIx THX		✓	✓			✓	✓		
	Neo:6 THX		✓	✓			✓	✓		
	Dolby PLII THX Games Mode			✓				✓		
	Neo:6 THX Games Mode			✓				✓		
	THX Surround EX		✓				✓			
	THX Ultra2 Cinema		✓				✓			✓
	THX Music Mode		✓				✓			✓
	THX Games Mode		✓				✓			✓
LISTENING MODE <sup>*5</sup> [◀]/[▶]	Mono					✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
	Onkyo Original DSP Mono Movie Orchestra Unplugged Studio-Mix TV Logic All Ch Stereo Full Mono T-D <sup>*4</sup>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓

\*1. 192 kHz TrueHD sources are processed as 192 kHz/2-channel audio signal, regardless its number of channels.

\*2. If there are no surround back speakers, or Powered Zone 2 is being used, DTS is used.

\*3. If there are no surround back speakers, or Powered Zone 2 is being used, Dolby Pro Logic II is used.

\*4. Available only when using surround speakers.

\*5. For T-D, Mono Movie, Orchestra, Unplugged, Studio-Mix, and TV Logic, DTS 96/24 is processed as DTS.

Requires 6.1/7.1 speakers. Not available while Powered Zone 2 is being used.

Requires 7.1 speakers. Not available while Powered Zone 2 is being used.

# Using the Listening Modes—Continued

## DTS-HD Sources

Button	Source format	DTS-HD High Resolution				DTS-HD Master Audio <sup>*1</sup>			
		Multichannel		2ch	1/0	Multichannel		2ch	1/0
		except */2	*/2			except */2	*/2		
Media	Listening Mode	Blu-ray, HD DVD				Blu-ray, HD DVD			
[PURE A]	Pure Audio	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
[DIRECT]	Direct	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
[STEREO]	Stereo	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
[SURR]	Multichannel								
	Dolby D								
	Dolby D Plus								
	DTS, DTS 96/24								
	DTS-ES Discrete/Matrix								
	DTS-HD High Resolution	✓	✓						
	DTS-HD Master Audio					✓	✓		
	TrueHD								
	DSD								
	Dolby PLII Movie/ Dolby PLIIx Movie <sup>*2</sup>		✓ <sup>*3</sup>	✓ <sup>*3</sup>			✓	✓	
	Dolby PLII Music/ Dolby PLIIx Music <sup>*2</sup>		✓ <sup>*3</sup>	✓ <sup>*3</sup>			✓	✓	
	Dolby PLII Game/ Dolby PLIIx Game <sup>*2</sup>			✓ <sup>*3</sup>				✓	
	Dolby Digital EX/Dolby EX		✓ <sup>*3</sup>				✓		
	Neo:6		✓ <sup>*3</sup>				✓		
	Neo:6 Cinema				✓ <sup>*3</sup>			✓	
	Neo:6 Music				✓ <sup>*3</sup>			✓	
Neural THX 5.1				✓			✓		
Neural THX 7.1		✓	✓			✓	✓		
[THX]	THX Cinema <sup>*2</sup>	✓	✓			✓	✓		
	Dolby PLII/ Dolby PLIIx THX		✓	✓			✓	✓	
	Neo:6 THX		✓	✓			✓	✓	
	Dolby PLII THX Games Mode			✓				✓	
	Neo:6 THX Games Mode			✓				✓	
	THX Surround EX		✓				✓		
	THX Ultra2 Cinema		✓				✓		
	THX Music Mode		✓				✓		
	THX Games Mode		✓				✓		
LISTENING MODE [◀]/[▶]	Mono	✓ <sup>*3</sup>	✓ <sup>*3</sup>	✓ <sup>*3</sup>	✓ <sup>*3</sup>	✓	✓	✓	✓
	Onkyo Original DSP Mono Movie Orchestra Unplugged Studio-Mix TV Logic All Ch Stereo Full Mono T-D	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓

\*1. 192 kHz DTS-HD Master Audio sources are processed at 96 kHz.

\*2. If there are no surround back speakers, or Powered Zone 2 is being used, Dolby Pro Logic II is used.

\*3. Depending on the source (e.g., 96 kHz sources), processing may be performed after DTS decoding.

\*4. Available only when using surround speakers.

Requires 6.1/7.1 speakers. Not available while Powered Zone 2 is being used.

Requires 7.1 speakers. Not available while Powered Zone 2 is being used.

### About the Listening Modes

The AV receiver's listening modes can transform your listening room into a movie theater or concert hall, with high fidelity and stunning surround sound.

#### Pure Audio

In this mode, the display and video circuitry are turned off, minimizing possible noise sources for the ultimate in high-fidelity audio reproduction. (As the video circuitry is turned off, only the HDMI outputs output video.)

#### Note:

- The Pure Audio listening mode cannot be selected while Zone 2 is on.

#### Direct

In this mode, audio from the input source is output directly with minimal processing, providing high-fidelity reproduction. All of the source's audio channels are output as they are.

#### Stereo

Sound is output by the front left and right speakers.

#### Mono

Use this mode when watching an old movie with a mono soundtrack, or use it with the foreign language soundtracks recorded in the left and right channels of some movies. It can also be used with DVDs or other sources containing multiplexed audio, such as karaoke DVDs.

#### Multichannel

This mode is for use with analog or PCM multichannel sources.

#### Dolby Pro Logic IIx

This mode expands any 2-channel source for 7.1-channel playback. It provides a very natural and seamless surround-sound experience that fully envelops the listener. As well as music and movies, video games can also benefit from the dramatic spatial effects and vivid imaging. If you're not using any surround back speakers, Dolby Pro Logic II will be used instead of Dolby Pro Logic IIx.

- **Dolby PLIIx Movie**

Use this mode with any stereo or Dolby Surround (Pro Logic) movie (e.g., TV, DVD, VHS).

- **Dolby PLIIx Music**

Use this mode with any stereo or Dolby Surround (Pro Logic) music source (e.g., CD, radio, cassette, TV, VHS, DVD).

- **Dolby PLIIx Game**

Use this mode with video games, especially those that bear the Dolby Pro Logic II logo.

#### Dolby Digital

Use this mode with DVDs that bear the Dolby Digital logo and Dolby Digital TV broadcasts. This is the most common digital surround-sound format, and it'll put you right in the middle of the action, just like being in a movie theater or concert hall.

#### Dolby EX

This mode expands 5.1-channel sources for 6.1/7.1-channel playback. It's especially suited to Dolby Digital EX soundtracks that include a matrix-encoded surround back channel. The additional channel adds an extra dimension and provides an enveloping surround sound experience, perfect for rotating and fly-by sound effects.

#### Dolby Digital Plus

Developed for use with HDTV, including the new video disc formats Blu-ray and HD DVD, this is the latest multichannel audio format from Dolby. It supports up to 7.1 channels with 48 kHz/24-bit sampling rate and signal resolution.

#### Dolby TrueHD

Designed to take full advantage of the additional storage space offered by the new Blu-ray and HD DVD disc formats, this new Dolby format offers up to 7.1 discrete channels of lossless audio performance with 96 kHz/24-bit sampling rate and signal resolution.

The AV receiver supports 7.1-channel sources up to 96 kHz and 2-channel sources up to 192 kHz.

#### DTS NEO:6

This mode expands any 2-channel source for 7.1-channel playback. It uses seven full-bandwidth channels of matrix decoding for matrix-encoded material, providing a very natural and seamless surround sound experience that fully envelops the listener.

- **NEO:6 Cinema**

Use this mode with any stereo movie (e.g., TV, DVD, VHS).

- **NEO:6 Music**

Use this mode with any stereo music source (e.g., CD, radio, cassette, TV, VHS, DVD).

#### DTS

The DTS digital surround-sound format supports up to 5.1 discrete channels and uses less compression for high-fidelity reproduction. Use it with DVDs and CDs that bear the DTS logo.

#### DTS 96/24

This mode is for use with DTS 96/24 sources. This is high-resolution DTS with a 96 kHz sampling rate and 24-bit resolution, providing superior fidelity. Use it with DVDs that bear the DTS 96/24 logo.

### **DTS-ES Discrete**

This mode is for use with DTS-ES Discrete soundtracks that use a discrete surround-back channel for *true* 6.1/7.1-channel playback. The seven totally separate audio channels provide better spatial imaging and 360-degree sound localization, perfect for sounds that pan across the surround channels. Use it with DVDs that bear the DTS-ES logo, especially those with a DTS-ES Discrete soundtrack.

### **DTS-ES Matrix**

This mode is for use with DTS-ES Matrix soundtracks that use a matrix-encoded back-channel for 6.1/7.1-channel playback. Use it with DVDs that bear the DTS-ES logo.

### **DTS-HD High Resolution**

Developed for use with HDTV, including the new video disc formats Blu-ray and HD DVD, this is the latest multichannel audio format from DTS. It supports up to 7.1 channels with 96 kHz/24-bit sampling rate and signal resolution.

### **DTS-HD Master Audio**

Designed to take full advantage of the additional storage space offered by the new Blu-ray and HD DVD disc formats, this new DTS format offers up to 7.1 discrete channels of uncompressed digital audio with 96 kHz/24-bit sampling rate and signal resolution.

The AV receiver supports 7.1-channel sources up to 96 kHz and 5.1-channel sources up to 192 kHz.

### **Neural THX 5.1/7.1**

Neural-THX Surround employs psychoacoustic frequency domain processing, which allows delivery of a more detailed sound stage, with superior channel separation and localization of audio elements. The Neural THX 5.1 and Neural THX 7.1 modes can expand any 2-channel stereo source for 5.1- or 7.1-channel playback, respectively. Use them with CD, radio, cassette, TV, VHS, DVD, and other 2-channel stereo sources, including video games. Neural-THX Surround can also be used by broadcasters to encode and transmit surround-sound content over a stereo signal, which listeners can enjoy as either surround sound or normal stereo. XM Satellite Radio, for example, is using Neural-THX Surround on select channels, which the AV receiver can expand from 5.1 channels to 7.1 channels.

### **DSD**

DSD stands for *Direct Stream Digital* and is the format used to store digital audio on Super Audio CDs (SACD). This mode can be used with SACDs that feature multichannel audio.

### **THX**

Founded by George Lucas, THX develops stringent standards that ensure movies are reproduced in movie theaters and home theaters just as the director intended.

- **THX Cinema**

This mode is for watching movies, which are typically recorded and edited on the assumption that they will be played in a sizable place like a movie theater. It carefully optimizes the tonal and spatial characteristics of the soundtrack for reproduction in the smaller home-theater environment. It can be used with 2-channel sources processed with other formats, and multichannel sources. Surround back speaker output depends on the source material and the selected listening mode.

- **THX Ultra2 Cinema**

This mode expands 5.1-channel sources for 7.1-channel playback. It does this by analyzing the composition of the surround source, optimizing the ambient and directional sounds to produce the surround back channel output.

- **THX Music Mode**

This mode is designed for use with music. It expands 5.1-channel sources for 7.1-channel playback.

- **THX Games Mode**

This mode is designed for use with video games. It can expand 2-channel and 5.1-channel sources for 6.1/7.1-channel playback.

- **THX Surround EX**

This mode expands 5.1-channel sources for 6.1/7.1-channel playback. It's especially suited to Dolby Digital EX sources. THX Surround EX, also known as Dolby Digital Surround EX, is a joint development between Dolby Laboratories and THX Ltd.

### ***Onkyo Original DSP Modes***

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#### **Mono Movie**

This mode is suitable for old movies and other mono sources. The center speaker outputs the sound as it is, while reverb is applied to the sound output by the other speakers, giving presence to even mono material.

#### **Orchestra**

Suitable for classical or operatic music, this mode emphasizes the surround channels in order to widen the stereo image and simulates the natural reverberation of a large hall.

#### **Unplugged**

Suitable for acoustic instruments, vocals, and jazz, this mode emphasizes the front stereo image, giving the impression of being right in front of the stage.

#### **Studio-Mix**

Suitable for rock or pop music, listening to music in this mode creates a lively sound field with a powerful acoustic image, like being at a club or rock concert.

#### **TV Logic**

This mode adds realistic acoustics to TV shows produced in a TV studio, surround effects to the entire sound, and clarity to voices.

#### **All Ch Stereo**

Ideal for background music, this mode fills the entire listening area with stereo sound from the front, surround, and surround back speakers.

#### **Full Mono**

In this mode, all speakers output the same sound in mono, so the sound you hear is the same regardless of where you are within the listening room.

#### **T-D (Theater-Dimensional)**

With this mode, you can enjoy virtual 5.1 surround sound even with only two or three speakers. It works by controlling how sounds reach the listener's left and right ears. Good results may not be possible if there's too much reverb, so we recommend that you use this mode in an environment with little or no natural reverb.

#### **Note:**

- Since the Onkyo original DSP modes use the Dolby PLIIx and Neo:6 circuits for processing, when one of these modes is selected, the PLIIx indicator, or Neo:6 indicator for multichannel sources, lights up.

# Recording

This section explains how to record the input source and how to record audio and video from separate sources.

## Notes:

- The surround sound and DSP listening modes cannot be recorded.
- Copy-protected DVDs cannot be recorded.
- Sources connected to the analog multichannel input cannot be recorded.
- Various restrictions apply to digital recording. Refer to the manuals supplied with your digital recording equipment for more details.
- Digital input signals are output by only the digital outputs, and analog input signals are output by only the analog outputs. There is no internal conversion from digital to analog or vice versa.
- DTS signals will be recorded as noise, so don't attempt analog recording of DTS CDs or LDs.
- While the Pure Audio listening mode is selected, the VCR/DVR OUT V and S jacks don't output video signals, so select another mode when recording.

## Recording the Input Source

Audio sources can be recorded to a recorder (e.g., cassette deck, CDR, MD) connected to the TAPE OUT or DIGITAL OPTICAL OUT jacks. Video sources can be recorded to a video recorder (e.g., VCR, DVR) connected to the VCR/DVR OUT jacks. See pages 33 to 49 for hookup information.

**1**



**Use the input selector buttons to select the source that you want to record.**

See "Which Connections Should I Use?" on page 34 to see which signals can be output and recorded.

You can watch the source while recording it. The AV receiver's MASTER VOLUME control has no effect on recording.

**Remote controller**



**2**

**On your recorder, start recording.**

**3**

**On the source component, start playback.**

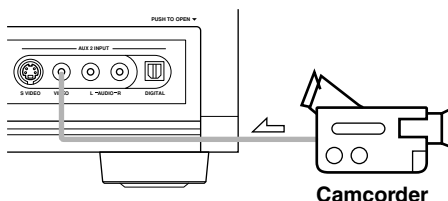
## Note:

- If you select a different input source during recording, that input source will be recorded instead.

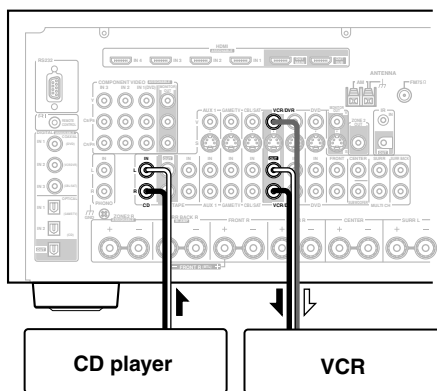
## Recording from Different AV Sources

You can overdub audio onto your video recordings by simultaneously recording audio and video from two separate sources. This is possible because only the audio source is switched when an audio-only input source, such as TAPE, TUNER, or CD, is selected, the video source remains the same.

In the following example, audio from the CD player connected to the CD IN and video from the camcorder connected to the AUX 2 INPUT VIDEO jack are recorded by the VCR connected to the VCR/DVR OUT jacks.



▲ : video signal  
■ : audio signal



**1**

**Prepare the camcorder and CD player for playback.**

**2**

**Prepare the VCR for recording.**

**3**

**Press the [AUX 2] input selector button.**

**4**

**Press the [CD] input selector button.**

This selects the CD player as the audio source but leaves the camcorder as the video source.

**5**

**Start recording on the VCR, then start playback on the camcorder and CD player.**

Video from the camcorder and audio from the CD player are recorded by the VCR.

# Onscreen Setup Menus

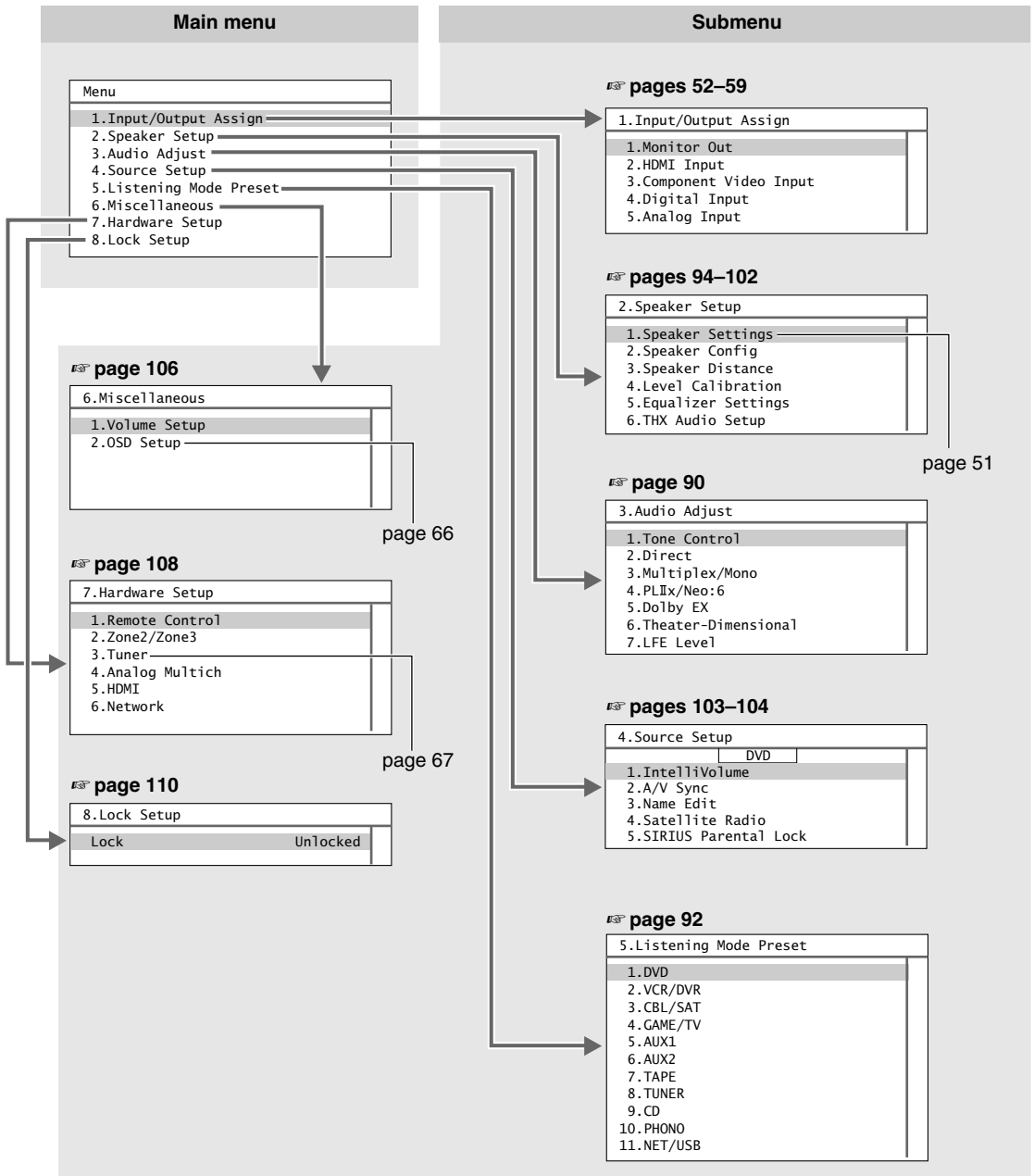
The onscreen setup menus appear on the connected TV and provide a convenient way to change the AV receiver's various settings. Settings are organized into eight categories on the **main menu**, most containing a **submenu**.

The onscreen menus shown in this manual may be slightly different from what you see on your TV.

Menu
1. Input/Output Assign
2. Speaker Setup
3. Audio Adjust
4. Source Setup
5. Listening Mode Preset
6. Miscellaneous
7. Hardware Setup
8. Lock Setup

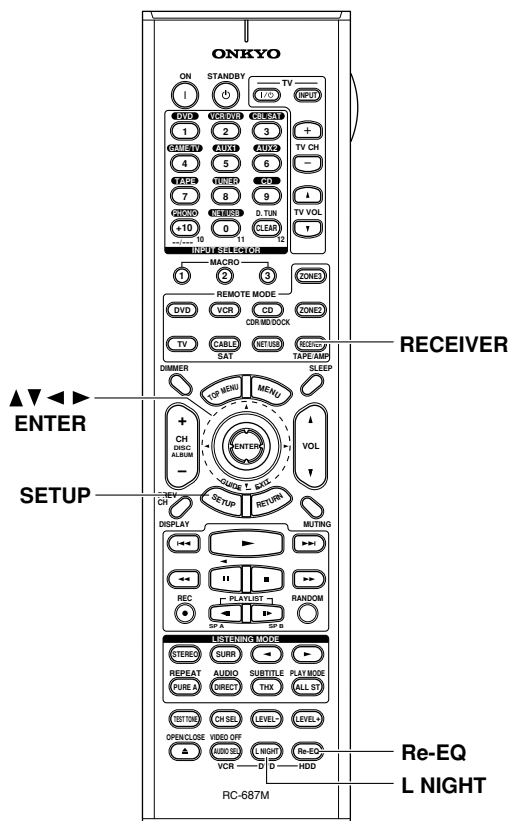
## Menu Map

The following map shows how the setup menus are organized. Use the page numbers to locate information about items.





# Adjusting the Listening Modes



## Using the Re-EQ Function

With the Re-EQ function, you can compensate a soundtrack whose high-frequency content is too harsh, making it more suitable for home theater viewing.

This function can be used with the following listening modes: Dolby Digital, Dolby Digital EX, Dolby Pro Logic II Movie, Dolby Pro Logic IIx Movie, DTS, DTS-ES, DTS Neo:6 Cinema, DTS 96/24, THX Cinema, THX Surround EX, THX Ultra2 Cinema, and Multi-channel.

**Press the [RECEIVER] REMOTE MODE button, followed by the [Re-EQ] button.**

Press the [Re-EQ] button again to turn off the Re-EQ function.



## Using the Late Night Function

With the Late Night function, you can reduce the dynamic range of Dolby Digital material so that you can still hear quiet parts even when listening at low volume levels—ideal for watching movies late at night when you don't want to disturb anyone.

**Press the [RECEIVER] REMOTE MODE button, and then press the [L NIGHT] button repeatedly.**

For Dolby Digital and Dolby Digital Plus sources, the options are:

- Off:** Late Night function off (default).
- Low:** Small reduction in dynamic range.
- High:** Large reduction in dynamic range.

For Dolby TrueHD sources, the options are:

- Auto:** The dynamic range is controlled automatically based on the source material and the current volume setting (default).
- Off:** Late Night function off.
- On:** Late Night function on.



### Notes:

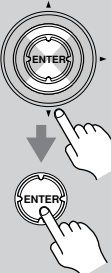
- The Late Night function can be used only when the input source is Dolby Digital, Dolby Digital Plus, or Dolby TrueHD.
- The effect of the Late Night function depends on the material that you are playing and the intention of the original sound designer, and with some material there will be little or no effect when you select the different options.
- The Late Night function is set to Off when the AV receiver is set to Standby. For Dolby TrueHD sources, it will be set to Auto.

## Adjusting the Listening Modes—Continued


### Audio Adjust


With the Audio Adjust functions and settings, you can adjust the sound and listening modes as you like.


-   


**Press the [RECEIVER] REMOTE MODE button, followed by the [SETUP] button.**  
The main menu appears onscreen.
- 

**Use the Up and Down [▲]/[▼] buttons to select “3. Audio Adjust,” and then press [ENTER].**  
The Audio Adjust menu appears.

3. Audio Adjust
1. Tone Control
2. Direct
3. MultiPlex/Mono
4. PLIX/Neo:6
5. Dolby EX
6. Theater-Dimensional
7. LFE Level
- 

**Use the Up and Down [▲]/[▼] buttons to select an item, and then press [ENTER].**  
The screen for that item appears.
- 

**Use the Up and Down [▲]/[▼] buttons to select an option, and use the Left and Right [◀]/[▶] buttons to change it.**  
The Audio Adjust menu items are explained below.
- 

**When you've finished, press the [SETUP] button.**  
Setup closes.

### Tone Control Settings

You can adjust the tone (bass and treble) of the front, center, surround, and surround back speakers individually. For the subwoofer, you can adjust the bass.

#### ■ Bass

You can boost or cut low-frequency sounds from -10 dB to +10 dB in 1 dB steps.

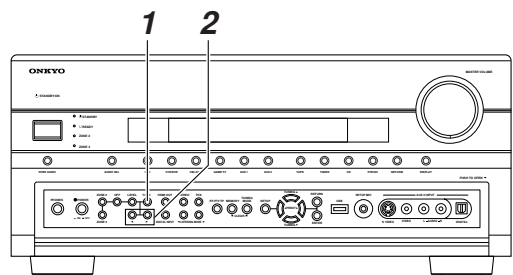
#### ■ Treble


You can boost or cut high-frequency sounds from -10 dB to +10 dB in 1 dB steps.

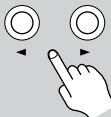
#### Note:

- The tone control circuits are bypassed when the Direct or Pure Audio listening mode is selected.

### Adjusting the Tone on the AV Receiver



- 

**Press the AV receiver's [TONE] button repeatedly to select Bass or Treble for Front, Center, Surround, SurrBack, or Subwoofer.**
- 

**Use the Up [▶] and Down [◀] buttons to adjust.**

#### Notes:

- The tone can be adjusted for Speakers A or Speakers B. The same values are used for both.
- The tone cannot be adjusted on the AV receiver when the Direct or Pure Audio listening mode is selected.
- The tone control settings do not apply to the THX listening modes.

### Direct Setting

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#### Delay Enable

##### ■ DSD

This setting determines whether or not DSD (SACD) audio signals are passed through the DSP for A/V Sync, delay, etc., processing when the Direct listening mode is selected.

**No:** DSD signals are not processed by the DSP.

**Yes:** DSD signals are processed by the DSP.

### Multiplex/Mono Settings

---

#### Multiplex

##### ■ Input Ch

This setting determines which channel of a stereo multiplex source is output. Use it to select audio channels or languages with multiplex sources, multilingual TV broadcasts, and so on.

**Main:** The main channel is output (default).

**Sub:** The sub channel is output.

**Main/Sub:** Both the main and sub channels are output.

#### Mono

##### ■ Input Ch

This setting determines which channel is output when the Mono listening mode is used with a stereo source.

**L+R:** Both the left and right channels are output (default).

**L:** Only the left channel is output.

**R:** Only the right channel is output.

##### ■ Output Speaker

This setting determines which speakers output mono audio when the Mono listening mode is selected.

**L/R:** Mono audio is output by the front left and right speakers.

**C:** Mono audio is output by the center speaker (default).

### PLIIx/Neo:6 Settings

---

#### PLIIx Music (2 ch Input)

These settings apply to only 2-channel stereo sources.

If you're not using any surround back speakers, these settings apply to Dolby Pro Logic II, not Dolby Pro Logic IIx.

##### ■ Panorama

With this setting, you can broaden the width of the front stereo image when using the Dolby Pro Logic IIx Music listening mode.

**On:** Panorama function on.

**Off:** Panorama function off (default).

##### ■ Dimension

With this setting, you can move the sound field forward or backward when using the Dolby Pro Logic IIx Music listening mode. It can be adjusted from -3 to +3. The default value is 0. Higher settings move the sound field forward. Lower settings move it backward.

If the stereo image feels too wide, or there's too much surround sound, move the sound field forward to improve the balance. Conversely, if the stereo image feels like it's in mono, or there's not enough surround sound, move it backward.

##### ■ Center Width

With this setting, you can adjust the width of the sound from the center speaker when using the Dolby Pro Logic IIx Music listening mode. Normally, if you're using a center speaker, the center channel sound is output by only the center speaker. (If you're not using a center speaker, the center channel sound will be distributed to the front left and right speakers to create a phantom center). This setting controls the front left, right, and center mix, allowing you to adjust the weight of the center channel sound. It can be adjusted from 0 to 7. The default value is 3.

#### Neo:6 Music

##### ■ Center Image

The DTS Neo:6 Music listening mode creates 6-channel surround sound from 2-channel stereo sources. With this setting, you can specify by how much the front left and right channel output is attenuated in order to create the center channel. It can be adjusted from 0 to 5. The default value is 3.

When set to 0, the front left and right channel output is attenuated by half (-6 dB), giving the impression that the sound is located centrally. This setting works well when the listening position is considerably off center. When set to 5, the front left and right channels are not attenuated, maintaining the original stereo balance.

## Adjusting the Listening Modes—Continued

### Dolby Digital Settings

#### ■ Dolby EX

This setting determines how Dolby EX signals are handled.

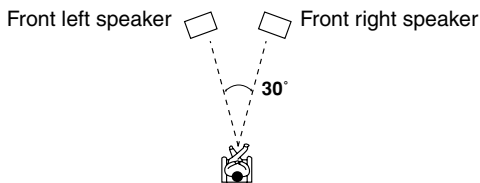
**Auto:** When the source is Dolby EX, you can select the Dolby EX or THX Surround EX listening mode.

**Manual:** When the source is Dolby EX, you can select any of the listening modes compatible with this format (e.g., Dolby EX, Dolby Pro Logic IIX, etc.).

### T-D (Theater-Dimensional) Setting

#### ■ Listening Angle

With this setting, you can optimize the Theater-Dimensional listening mode by specifying the angle of the front left and right speakers relative to the listening position. Ideally, the front left and right speakers should be equidistant from the listening position and at an angle close to one of the two available settings.



**Narrow:** Select if the angle is less than 30 degrees.

**Wide:** Select if the angle is greater than 30 degrees.

### LFE Level Settings

With these settings, you can set the level of the LFE (Low Frequency Effects) channel individually for Dolby Digital, DTS, and multichannel PCM sources. The level can be set to  $-\infty$ ,  $-20$  dB,  $-10$  dB, or  $0$  dB (default).

If you find that low-frequency effects are too loud when using one of these sources, change the setting to  $-20$  dB or  $-\infty$  dB.

#### ■ Dolby D

Sets the level of the LFE channel for Dolby Digital sources.

#### ■ DTS

Sets the level of the LFE channel for DTS sources.

#### ■ Dolby TrueHD

Sets the level of the LFE channel for Dolby TrueHD sources.

#### ■ DTS-HD Master Audio

Sets the level of the LFE channel for DTS-HD Master Audio sources.

#### ■ DSD

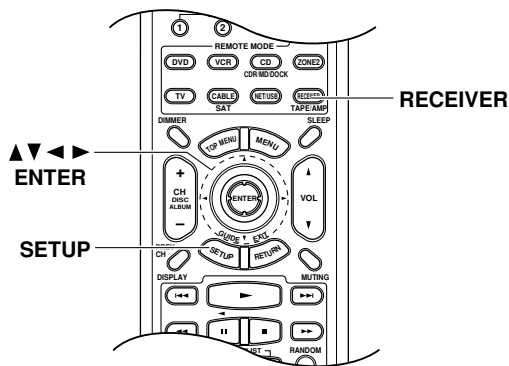
Sets the level of the LFE channel for DSD sources.

#### ■ Multich PCM

Sets the level of the LFE channel for multichannel PCM sources. (Multichannel PCM is input via HDMI.)

### Listening Mode Presets

On the Listening Mode Preset menu, you can specify a default listening mode for each of the audio formats supported by each input selector. The AV receiver will then select the listening mode automatically depending on the format of the input signal. You can still select the other listening modes, although the default listening mode will be used the next time you turn on the AV receiver.



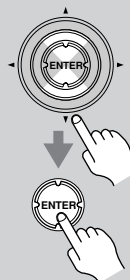
1



Press the [RECEIVER] REMOTE MODE button, followed by the [SETUP] button.

The main menu appears onscreen.

2



Use the Up and Down [ $\blacktriangle$ ]/[ $\blacktriangledown$ ] buttons to select “5. Listening Mode Preset,” and then press [ENTER].

The Listening Mode Preset menu appears.

#### 5. Listening Mode Preset

- |             |
|-------------|
| 1. DVD      |
| 2. VCR/DVR  |
| 3. CBL/SAT  |
| 4. GAME/TV  |
| 5. AUX1     |
| 6. AUX2     |
| 7. TAPE     |
| 8. TUNER    |
| 9. CD       |
| 10. PHONO   |
| 11. NET/USB |

### 3



**Use the Up and Down [▲]/[▼] buttons to select an input selector, and then press [ENTER].**

The audio formats supported by that input selector appear.

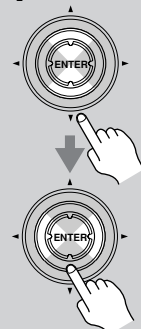
5-x.Listening Mode Preset	
Analog/PCM	Last Valid
Dolby Digital	Last Valid
DTS	Last Valid
D.F.2ch	Last Valid
D.F.Mono	Last Valid

If the input selector is assigned to an HDMI IN, use the Down [▼] button to select the audio formats shown on the following screen.

5-x.Listening Mode Preset	
Multich PCM	Last Valid
192k/176.4k	Last Valid
Dolby True HD	Last Valid
DTS-HD Master Audio	Last Valid
DSD	Last Valid

For the TUNER input selector, Analog is the only format available.

### 4



**Use the Up and Down [▲]/[▼] buttons to select an audio format, and use the Left and Right [◀]/[▶] buttons to select a listening mode.**

Only listening modes compatible with the audio format can be selected (see page 80).

**Analog/PCM:** Specifies the default listening mode for analog and PCM sources.

**Dolby Digital:** Specifies the default listening mode for Dolby Digital sources.

**DTS:** Specifies the default listening mode for DTS sources.

**D.F. 2ch:** Specifies the default listening mode for 2-channel (2/0) stereo sources in a digital format, such as Dolby Digital or DTS.

**D.F. Mono:** Specifies the default listening mode for mono sources in a digital format, such as Dolby Digital or DTS.

**Multich PCM:** Specifies the default listening mode for multichannel PCM sources, such as DVD-Audio (input via HDMI).

**192/176.4k:** Specifies the default listening mode for high resolution 192 kHz and 176.4 kHz digital sources, such as DVD-Audio.

**Dolby TrueHD:** Specifies the default listening mode for Dolby TrueHD sources, such as Blu-ray or HD DVD (input via HDMI).

**DTS-HD Master Audio:** Specifies the default listening mode for DTS-HD Master Audio sources, such as Blu-ray or HD DVD (input via HDMI).

**DSD Multi:** Specifies the default listening mode for DSD multichannel sources, such as SACD.

### 5



**When you've finished, press the [SETUP] button.**

Setup closes.

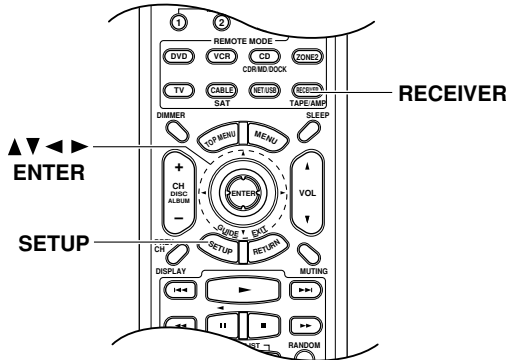
**Note:**

- This procedure can also be performed on the AV receiver by using its [SETUP], [ENTER], and arrow buttons.

# Advanced Setup

## Speaker Setup

This section explains items on the Speaker Setup menu. Some of the speaker settings are set automatically by the Automatic Speaker Setup function (see page 61).



### Speaker Settings

See “Speaker Settings” on page 51.

### Speaker Configuration

These settings are set automatically by the Automatic Speaker Setup function (see page 61).

With the Speaker Configuration settings, you can specify which speakers are connected and a crossover frequency, distance, and level for each speaker.

You can choose which of the speakers you want to use with the Speakers A and Speakers B configurations, and set the crossover frequencies, distances, and levels of the front Speakers A and front Speakers B independently. The other speakers (i.e., subwoofer, center, surround, and surround back) use the same crossover frequencies, distances, and levels for Speakers A and Speakers B.

The following crossover frequencies can be specified: Full Band, 40 Hz, 50 Hz, 60 Hz, 70 Hz, 80 Hz (THX), 90 Hz, 100 Hz, 110 Hz, 120 Hz, 130 Hz, 150 Hz, or 200 Hz.

Specify Full Band for speakers that can output low-frequency bass sounds adequately, for example, speakers with a good sized woofer. For smaller speakers, specify a crossover frequency. Sounds below the crossover frequency will then be output by the subwoofer instead of the speaker. Refer to your speakers’ manuals to determine the optimum crossover frequencies.

If you’re using THX-certified speakers, specify 80 Hz (THX) for all speakers.

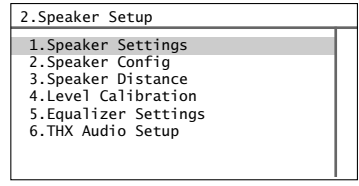
**1** Press the [RECEIVER] REMOTE MODE button, and then use the remote controller’s [SP A] or [SP B] button to select Speakers A or Speakers B, respectively.

**Note:**

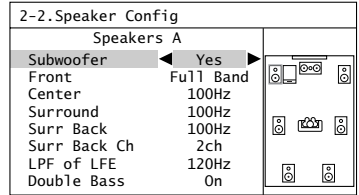
- Speakers B cannot be selected if Speaker Type Front B is set to Not Use.

**2** Press the [SETUP] button. The main menu appears onscreen.

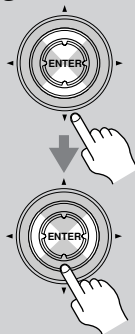
**3** Use the Up and Down [▲]/[▼] buttons to select “2. Speaker Setup,” and then press [ENTER]. The Speaker Setup menu appears.



**4** Use the Up and Down [▲]/[▼] buttons to select “2. Speaker Config,” and then press [ENTER]. The Speaker Config screen appears.



5



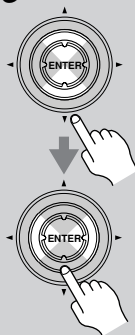
Use the Up and Down [▲]/[▼] buttons to select “Subwoofer,” and then use the Left and Right [◀]/[▶] buttons to select:

- Yes:** Select if a subwoofer is connected.
- No:** Select if no subwoofer is connected.

**Note:**

- The same setting is used for Speakers A and Speakers B.

6

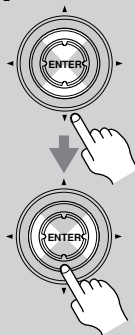


Use the Up and Down [▲]/[▼] buttons to select “Front,” and then use the Left and Right [◀]/[▶] buttons to select a crossover frequency.

**Notes:**

- This setting can be set independently for front Speakers A and front Speakers B.
- Fixed at Full Band if Subwoofer (step 5) is set to No.

7



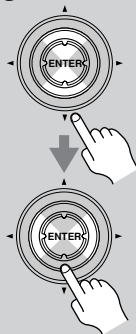
Use the Up and Down [▲]/[▼] buttons to select “Center,” and then use the Left and Right [◀]/[▶] buttons to select a crossover frequency.

If no center speaker is connected, select None.

**Notes:**

- The same setting is used for Speakers A and Speakers B.
- Cannot be set if the currently selected speakers (Speakers A or Speakers B) is set to BTL (page 51).
- Cannot select Full Band if Front (step 6) is set to anything other than Full Band.
- For Speakers B, if any channel is set to Full Band, Center is fixed at Full Band.

8



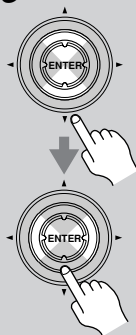
Use the Up and Down [▲]/[▼] buttons to select “Surround,” and then use the Left and Right [◀]/[▶] buttons to select a crossover frequency.

If no surround left and right speakers are connected, select None.

**Notes:**

- The same setting is used for Speakers A and Speakers B.
- Cannot be set if the currently selected speakers (Speakers A or Speakers B) is set to BTL (page 51).
- Cannot select Full Band if Front (step 6) is set to anything other than Full Band.

9



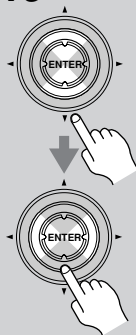
Use the Up and Down [▲]/[▼] buttons to select “Surr Back,” and then use the Left and Right [◀]/[▶] buttons to select a crossover frequency.

If no surround back speakers are connected, select None.

**Notes:**

- The same setting is used for Speakers A and Speakers B.
- Cannot be set if Speaker Type Front A or Front B is set to Bi-Amp or BTL (page 51), Surround is set to None (step 8), or Powered Zone 2 is being used (page 121).
- Cannot select Full Band if Surround (step 8) is set to anything other than Full Band.

10



Use the Up and Down [▲]/[▼] buttons to select “Surr Back Ch,” and then use the Left and Right [◀]/[▶] buttons to select:

- 1ch:** Select if one surround back speaker is connected.
- 2ch:** Select if two (left and right) surround back speakers are connected.

**Notes:**

- The same setting is used for Speakers A and Speakers B.
- Cannot be set if Speaker Type Front A or Front B is set to Bi-Amp or BTL (page 51), SurrBack is set to None (step 9), or Powered Zone 2 is being used (page 121).

Continue with step 11 on the next page.

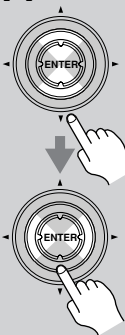
### Low-Pass Filter for the LFE Channel

This setting is *not* set automatically by the Automatic Speaker Setup function (see page 61).

With this setting, you can specify the cutoff frequency of the LFE channel's low-pass filter (LPF), which can be used to filter out unwanted hum. The LPF only applies to sources that use the LFE channel.

\*If you're using THX-certified speakers, select 80 Hz (THX).

**11**



**Use the Up and Down [▲]/[▼] buttons to select “LPF of LFE,” and then use the Left and Right [◀]/[▶] buttons to select a low-pass filter frequency.**

The following low-pass filter frequencies can be selected: 80 Hz (THX), 90 Hz, 100 Hz, 110 Hz, or 120 Hz.

**Note:**

- The same setting is used for Speakers A and Speakers B.

Continue with step 12 in the next column.

### Double Bass

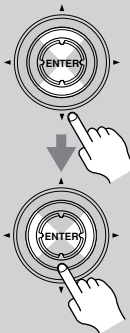
This setting is *not* set automatically by the Automatic Speaker Setup function (see page 61).

With this setting, you can boost bass output by feeding front left and right channel bass sounds to the subwoofer.

This setting can only be made if the Subwoofer setting in step 4 is set to Yes, and the Front setting in step 5 is set to Full Band.

\*If you're using THX-certified speakers, select Off (THX).

**12**



**Use the Up and Down [▲]/[▼] buttons to select “Double Bass,” and then use the Left and Right [◀]/[▶] buttons to select:**

**Off (THX):** The subwoofer only outputs the LFE channel.

**On:** In addition to LFE channel sounds, the subwoofer outputs front left and right channel bass sounds.

**Note:**

- The same setting is used for Speakers A and Speakers B.

Continue with step 13 on the next page.



## Setting Speakers A and Speakers B

These settings are *not* set automatically by the Automatic Speaker Setup function (see page 61).

If you're using Speakers B, you can choose whether or not to use the subwoofer, center, surround, and surround back speakers with the Speakers A and Speakers B configurations independently. You cannot choose whether or not to use the front speakers.

Use the remote controller's [SP A] or [SP B] button to select Speakers A or Speakers B, respectively.

### 13



**Press the Down [▼] button to display the bottom half of the Speaker Config screen.**

2-2. Speaker Config	
Speakers A	
Subwoofer	Not Use
Front	Use
Center	Not Use
Surround	Use
Surr Back	Use

**Notes:**

- The bottom half of the Speaker Config screen can only be displayed when the Speakers Type Front B setting is set to something other than Not Use (page 51).
- You can switch between the Speakers A and Speakers B settings on either half of the Speaker Config screen.

### 14



**Use the Up and Down [▲]/[▼] buttons to select "Subwoofer," and then use the Left and Right [◀]/[▶] buttons to select:**

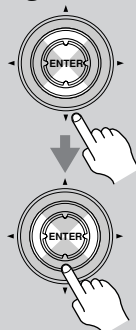
**Not Use:** Select if you don't want to use the subwoofer with Speakers A or Speakers B.

**Use:** Select if you do want to use the subwoofer with Speakers A or Speakers B.

**Note:**

- Cannot be set if Subwoofer (step 5) is set to No.

### 15



**Use the Up and Down [▲]/[▼] buttons to select "Center," and then use the Left and Right [◀]/[▶] buttons to select:**

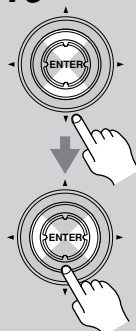
**Not Use:** Select if you don't want to use the center speaker with Speakers A or Speakers B.

**Use:** Select if you do want to use the center speaker with Speakers A or Speakers B.

**Note:**

- Cannot be set if the currently selected speakers (Speakers A or Speakers B) is set to BTL (page 51), or Center (step 7) is set to None.

### 16



**Use the Up and Down [▲]/[▼] buttons to select "Surround," and then use the Left and Right [◀]/[▶] buttons to select:**

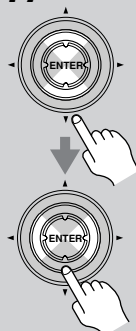
**Not Use:** Select if you don't want to use the surround speakers with Speakers A or Speakers B.

**Use:** Select if you do want to use the surround speakers with Speakers A or Speakers B.

**Note:**

- Cannot be set if the currently selected speakers (Speakers A or Speakers B) is set to BTL (page 51), or Surround (step 8) is set to None.

### 17



**Use the Up and Down [▲]/[▼] buttons to select "SurrBack," and then use the Left and Right [◀]/[▶] buttons to select:**


**Not Use:** Select if you don't want to use the surround back speakers with Speakers A or Speakers B.

**Use:** Select if you do want to use the surround back speakers with Speakers A or Speakers B.

**Note:**

- Fixed at Not Use if Surround (step 16) is set to Not Use.
- Cannot be set if Speaker Type Front B is set to Bi-Amp or BTL (page 51), SurrBack is set to None (step 9), or Powered Zone 2 is being used (page 121).

**18** Press the [SETUP] button.  
Setup closes.



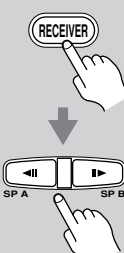
- Note:**
- This procedure can also be performed on the AV receiver by using its [SETUP], [ENTER], and arrow buttons.

### Speaker Distance

These settings are set automatically by the Automatic Speaker Setup function (see page 61).

With the Speaker Distance settings, you can specify the distance from each speaker to the listening position. You can set the distances for front Speakers A and front Speakers B independently. The other speakers (i.e., subwoofer, center, surround, and surround back) use the same distance settings for Speakers A and Speakers B.


**1** Press the [RECEIVER] REMOTE MODE button, and then use the remote controller's [SP A] or [SP B] button to select Speakers A or Speakers B, respectively.




**Note:**

- Speakers B cannot be selected if Speaker Type Front B is set to Not Use.

**2** Press the [SETUP] button.  
The main menu appears onscreen.

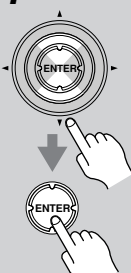


**3** Use the Up and Down [▲]/[▼] buttons to select "2. Speaker Setup," and then press [ENTER].  
The Speaker Setup menu appears.



2. Speaker Setup	
1. Speaker Settings	
2. Speaker Config	
3. Speaker Distance	
4. Level Calibration	
5. Equalizer Settings	
6. THX Audio Setup	

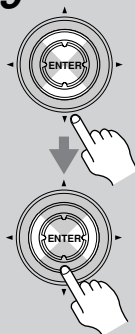
**4** Use the Up and Down [▲]/[▼] buttons to select "3. Speaker Distance," and then press [ENTER].  
The Speaker Distance screen appears.



2-3. Speaker Distance	
Unit	feet
Left	12.0ft
Center	12.0ft
Right	12.0ft
Surr Right	12.0ft
Surr Back R	12.0ft
Surr Back L	12.0ft
Surr Left	12.0ft
Subwoofer	12.0ft

- Note:**
- Speakers that you set to No or None in the Speaker Configuration (page 94) cannot be selected.

**5**

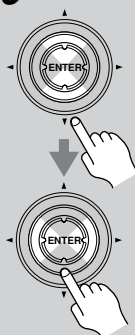


**Use the Up and Down [▲]/[▼] buttons to select “Unit,” and then use the Left and Right [◀]/[▶] buttons to select:**

**feet:** Select if you want to enter distances in feet. Can be set from 0.5 to 30 feet in 0.5-foot steps.

**meters:** Select if you want to enter distances in meters. Can be set from 0.15 to 9 meters in 0.15-meter steps.

**6**



**Use the Up and Down [▲]/[▼] buttons to select a speaker, and use the Left and Right [◀]/[▶] buttons to specify the distance.**

Specify the distance from the speaker to your listening position.

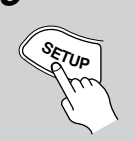
**Notes:**

- You can specify different distances for front Speakers A and front Speakers B, but not the other speakers (i.e., subwoofer, center, surround, and surround back).
- The Center distance cannot be set if the currently selected speakers (Speakers A or Speakers B) is set to BTL (page 51), or Center is set to None (page 94) or Not Use (page 97).
- The Surr Right and Surr Left distances cannot be set if the currently selected speakers (Speakers A or Speakers B) is set to BTL (page 51), or Surround is set to None (page 94) or Not Use (page 97).
- The Surr Back R and Surr Back L distances cannot be set if Speaker Type Front A or Front B is set to Bi-Amp or BTL (page 51), Surr Back is set to None (page 94) or Not Use (page 97), or Powered Zone 2 is being used (page 121).
- The Subwoofer distance cannot be set if Subwoofer is set to No (page 95).

**7**

**Repeat step 6 for each speaker.**

**8**



**Press the [SETUP] button.**  
Setup closes.

**Note:**

- This procedure can also be performed on the AV receiver by using its [SETUP], [ENTER], and arrow buttons.

## Speaker Level Calibration

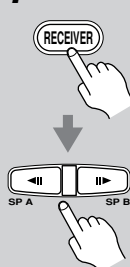
These settings are set automatically by the Automatic Speaker Setup function (see page 61).

With the Level Calibration settings, you can adjust the level of each speaker while listening to the test tone so that the volume of each speaker is the same at the listening position. You can adjust the levels of front Speakers A and front Speakers B independently. The other speakers (i.e., subwoofer, center, surround, and surround back) use the same level settings for Speakers A and Speakers B.

**Note:**

- The test tone is output at the standard level for THX, which is 0 dB (absolute volume setting 82). If you normally listen at volume settings below this, be careful because the test tone will be much louder.

**1**



**Press the [RECEIVER] REMOTE MODE button, and then use the remote controller’s [SP A] or [SP B] button to select Speakers A or Speakers B, respectively.**

**Note:**

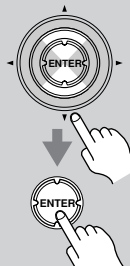
- Speakers B cannot be selected if Speaker Type Front B is set to Not Use.

**2**

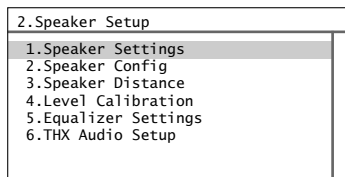


**Press the [SETUP] button.**  
The main menu appears onscreen.

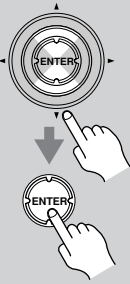
**3**



**Use the Up and Down [▲]/[▼] buttons to select “2. Speaker Setup,” and then press [ENTER].**  
The Speaker Setup menu appears.



4



**Use the Up and Down [▲]/[▼] buttons to select “4. Level Calibration,” and then press [ENTER].**

The Level Calibration screen appears and the pink noise test tone is output by the front left speaker.

2-4. Level Calibration	
Left	-12.0dB
Center	-12.0dB
Right	-12.0dB
Surr Right	-12.0dB
Surr Back R	-12.0dB
Surr Back L	-12.0dB
Surr Left	-12.0dB
Subwoofer	-15.0dB

**Note:**

- Levels cannot be adjusted for speakers set to No or None in the Speaker Configuration (page 94).

5



**Use the Up and Down [▲]/[▼] buttons to select a speaker, and use the Left and Right [◀]/[▶] buttons to adjust the level.**

Levels can be adjusted from -12 to +12 dB in 0.5 dB steps (-15 to +12 dB for the subwoofer).

**Notes:**

- You can set different levels for front Speakers A and front Speakers B, but not the other speakers (i.e., subwoofer, center, surround, and surround back).
- The Center level cannot be set if the currently selected speakers (Speakers A or Speakers B) is set to BTL (page 51), or Center is set to None (page 94) or Not Use (page 97).
- The Surr Right and Surr Left levels cannot be set if the currently selected speakers (Speakers A or Speakers B) is set to BTL (page 51), or Surround is set to None (page 94) or Not Use (page 97).
- The Surr Back R and Surr Back L levels cannot be set if Speaker Type Front A or Front B is set to Bi-Amp or BTL (page 51), Surr Back is set to None (page 94) or Not Use (page 97), or Powered Zone 2 is being used (page 121).
- The Subwoofer levels cannot be set if Subwoofer is set to No (page 95).

6

**Repeat step 5 for each speaker so that the volume of the test tone from each speaker is the same.**

If you're using a handheld sound level meter, adjust the level of each speaker so that it reads 75 dB SPL at the listening position, measured with C-weighting and slow reading.

7



**Press the [SETUP] button.**  
Setup closes.

**Note:**


- Speaker levels can also be adjusted by using the dedicated buttons on the remote controller. Press the [TEST TONE] button to output the test tone. Use the [CH SEL] button to select each speaker, and use the [LEVEL-] and [LEVEL+] buttons to adjust the level.

## Equalizer Settings


These settings are set automatically by the Automatic Speaker Setup function (see page 61).

With the Equalizer settings, you can adjust the tone of speakers individually with a 7-band equalizer. The volume of each speaker can be set on page 99. The Equalizer settings only apply to Speakers A and cannot be adjusted while Speakers B is selected.

**1** Press the [RECEIVER] REMOTE MODE button, followed by the [SETUP] button.  
The main menu appears onscreen.




**2** Use the Up and Down [▲]/[▼] buttons to select “2. Speaker Setup,” and then press [ENTER].  
The Speaker Setup menu appears.




2. Speaker Setup	
1. Speaker Settings	
2. Speaker Config	
3. Speaker Distance	
4. Level Calibration	
5. Equalizer Settings	
6. THX Audio Setup	

**3** Use the Up and Down [▲]/[▼] buttons to select “5. Equalizer Settings,” and then press [ENTER].  
The Equalizer Settings screen appears.



2-5. Equalizer Settings	
Equalizer	Manual
Channel	Front
63Hz	0dB
160Hz	0dB
400Hz	0dB
1000Hz	0dB
2500Hz	0dB
6300Hz	0dB
16000Hz	0dB


**4** Use the Left and Right [◀]/[▶] buttons to set the “Equalizer” option to:




**Off:** Equalizer off, flat response.  
**Manual:** The equalizer for each speaker can be set manually.  
**Audyssey:** The equalizer for each speaker is set automatically by the Automatic Speaker Setup function.

If you selected Manual, continue with the next step. If you selected Off or Audyssey, go to step 8.

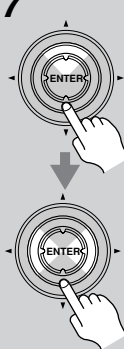
**5** Use the Down [▼] button to select “Channel,” and then use the Left and Right [◀]/[▶] buttons to select the speaker.  
You can select: Front, Center, Surround, Surr Back, or Subwoofer.




**6** Use the Up and Down [▲]/[▼] buttons to select a frequency, and use the Left and Right [◀]/[▶] buttons to cut or boost that frequency.  
You can select: 63 Hz, 160 Hz, 400 Hz, 1000 Hz, 2500 Hz, 6300 Hz, or 16000 Hz. And for the subwoofer, 25 Hz, 40 Hz, 63 Hz, 100 Hz, or 160 Hz.  
Each band can be cut or boosted from -6 dB to +6 dB in 1 dB steps.  
**Tip:** Low frequencies, such as 160 Hz, affect bass sounds; high frequencies, such as 6300 Hz, affect treble sounds.



**7** Use the Up [▲] button to select “Channel” again, and use the Left and Right [◀]/[▶] buttons to select another speaker. Repeat steps 6 and 7 for each speaker.



**8** Press the [SETUP] button. Setup closes.



**Notes:**

- This procedure can also be performed on the AV receiver by using its [SETUP], [ENTER], and arrow buttons.
- The Equalizer settings have no effect on 176.4/192 kHz input signals.


### THX Audio Setup

These settings are *not* set automatically by the Automatic Speaker Setup function (see page 61).

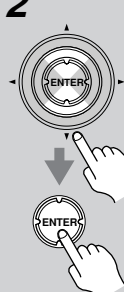
With the Surr Back Sp Spacing, you can specify the distance between your surround back speakers. This setting is used by Speakers A and Speakers B.

If you’re using a THX-certified subwoofer, set the THX Subwoofer setting to Yes. You can then apply THX’s Boundary Gain Compensation (BGC) to compensate the perceived exaggeration of low frequencies for listeners sitting very close to a room boundary (i.e., wall).

**1** Press the [RECEIVER] REMOTE MODE button, followed by the [SETUP] button. The main menu appears onscreen.




**2** Use the Up and Down [▲]/[▼] buttons to select “2. Speaker Setup,” and then press [ENTER]. The Speaker Setup menu appears.



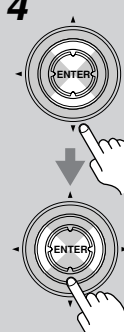
2. Speaker Setup	
1. Speaker Settings	
2. Speaker Config	
3. Speaker Distance	
4. Level Calibration	
5. Equalizer Settings	
6. THX Audio Setup	

**3** Use the Up and Down [▲]/[▼] buttons to select “6. THX Audio Setup,” and then press [ENTER]. The THX Audio Setup screen appears.



2-6. THX Audio Setup	
Surr Back Sp Spacing	1ft-4ft
THX Subwoofer	Yes
BGC	Off

**4** Use the Up and Down [▲]/[▼] buttons to select “Surr Back Sp Spacing,” and use the Left and Right [◀]/[▶] buttons to specify the distance between your surround back speakers:



**< 1 ft (< 0.3 m) (Default):** Select this if your surround back speakers are between 0 and 1 foot (0–30 cm) apart.

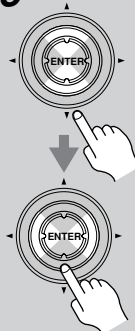
**1–4 ft (0.3–1.2 m):** Select this if your surround back speakers are between 1 and 4 feet (0.3–1.2 m) apart.

**>4 ft (>1.2 m):** Select this if your surround back speakers are more than 4 feet (1.2 m) apart.

**Note:**

- Cannot be set if Surr Back Ch is set to 2ch (page 95), Speaker Type Front A or Front B is set to Bi-Amp or BTL (page 51), SurrBack is set to None (page 95) or Not Use (page 97), or Powered Zone 2 is being used (page 121).

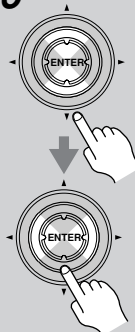
**5**



Use the Up and Down [▲]/[▼] buttons to select “THX Subwoofer,” and use the Left and Right [◀]/[▶] buttons to select:

- No:** Select this if you do not have a THX-certified subwoofer.
- Yes:** Select this if you have a THX-certified subwoofer.

**6**



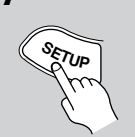
Use the Up and Down [▲]/[▼] buttons to select “BGC,” and use the Left and Right [◀]/[▶] buttons to select:

- Off:** Select this to turn off BGC.
- On:** Select this to turn on BGC.

**Note:**

- This setting is only available if THX Subwoofer is set to Yes (step 5).

**7**



Press the [SETUP] button. The setup menu closes.

**Note:**

- This procedure can also be performed on the AV receiver by using its [SETUP], [ENTER], and arrow buttons.

## Source Setup

This section explains items on the Source Setup menu. Items can be set individually for each input selector.

**1**



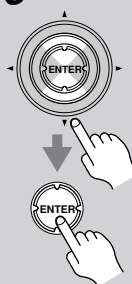
Press the [RECEIVER] REMOTE MODE button, and then use the input selector buttons to select an input source.

**2**



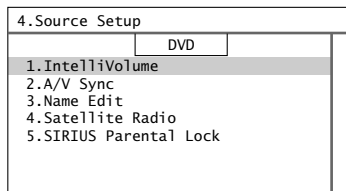
Press the [SETUP] button. The main menu appears onscreen.

**3**

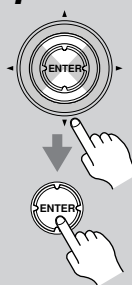


Use the Up and Down [▲]/[▼] buttons to select “4. Source Setup,” and then press [ENTER].

The Source Setup menu appears. The name of the currently selected input selector is displayed in a box.



**4**



Use the Up and Down [▲]/[▼] buttons to select an item, and then press [ENTER].

The screen for that item appears.

5



**Use the Up and Down [▲]/[▼] buttons to select an option, and use the Left and Right [◀]/[▶] buttons to change it.**

The Source Setup menu items are explained below.

6



**When you've finished, press the [SETUP] button.**

Setup closes.

### IntelliVolume

With IntelliVolume, you can set the input level for each input selector individually. This is useful if one of your source components is louder or quieter than the others.

Use the Left and Right [◀]/[▶] buttons to set the level.

If a component is noticeably louder than the others, use the Left [◀] button to reduce its input level. If it's noticeably quieter, use the Right [▶] button to increase its input level. The input level can be adjusted from -12 dB to +12 dB in 1 dB steps.

#### Note:

- IntelliVolume does not apply for Zone 2 or Zone 3.

### A/V Sync

When using your DVD player's progressive scanning function, you may find that the picture and sound are out of sync. With the A/V Sync setting, you can correct this by applying a delay to the audio signal. The delay can be set from 0 to 250 milliseconds (msec) in 5 millisecond steps.

Use the Up and Down [▲]/[▼] buttons to select an input selector, and use the Left and Right [◀]/[▶] buttons to set the delay.

To view the TV picture while setting the delay, press [ENTER].

4-2. A/V Sync	
	DVD
A/V Sync	100msec
(HDMI LipSync)	60msec
Press Enter to see picture	

If HDMI Lip Sync is enabled (see page 109), and your TV or display supports HDMI Lip Sync, the displayed delay time will be the A/V Sync delay time. The HDMI Lip Sync delay time is displayed underneath in parentheses.

#### Note:

- A/V Sync cannot be set when the Pure Audio listening mode is selected, or when the Direct listening mode is used with an analog input source.

### Name Edit

You can enter a custom name for each individual input selector and radio preset for easy identification. When selected, the custom name will appear on the display.

1

**Select the input selector to which you want to give a custom name.**

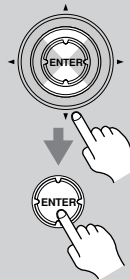
To name a radio preset, use the [TUNER] button to select AM or FM, and then select the preset.

2



**Press the [RECEIVER] REMOTE MODE button, followed by the [SETUP] button.**

3



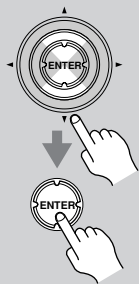
**Use the Up and Down [▲]/[▼] buttons to select "4. Source Setup," and then press [ENTER].**

The Source Setup menu appears.

4. Source Setup	
	DVD
1. IntelliVolume	
2. A/V Sync	
3. Name Edit	
4. Satellite Radio	
5. SIRIUS Parental Lock	

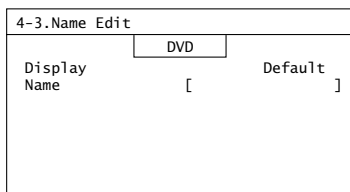


**4**



**Use the Up and Down [▲]/[▼] buttons to select “Name Edit,” and then press [ENTER].**

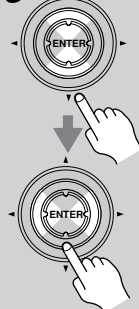
The Name Edit screen appears.



If you're naming an item for the very first time, go to step 6.

If the item already has a name, you can select Default or Custom in step 5.

**5**



**Use the Up and Down [▲]/[▼] buttons to select “Display,” and use the Left and Right [◀]/[▶] buttons to select:**

**Default:** The default name is displayed.

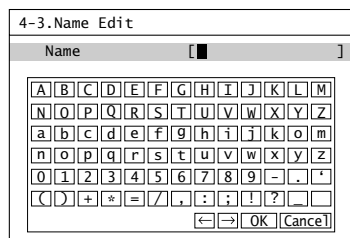
**Custom:** The custom name is displayed.

When Default is selected, the station's frequency appears on the display when a radio preset is selected.

**6**



**Press the Down [▼] button to select “Name,” and then press [ENTER] to open the character input screen.**



**7**



**Use the arrow [▲]/[▼]/[◀]/[▶] buttons to select a character, and then press [ENTER].**

**Repeat this step to enter up to 10 characters.**

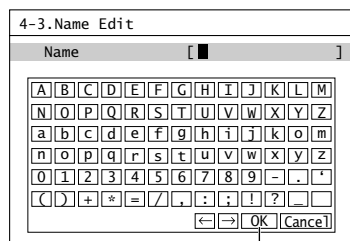
**To correct a character:**

1. Use the arrow [▲]/[▼]/[◀]/[▶] buttons to select the incorrect character, and then press [ENTER]. The character input screen opens.
2. Use the arrow [▲]/[▼]/[◀]/[▶] buttons to select the correct character, and then press [ENTER].

**8**



**When you've finished, use the arrow [▲]/[▼]/[◀]/[▶] buttons to display the following screen, select “OK,” and then press [ENTER].**



“OK”

**9**



**Press the [SETUP] button.**

Setup closes.

### Notes:

- To store a name, you must select “OK” and press [ENTER] in step 7, otherwise it will not be saved.
- You cannot enter a custom name for XM or SIRIUS radio presets.
- This procedure can also be performed on the AV receiver by using its [SETUP], [ENTER], and arrow buttons.

### Satellite Radio

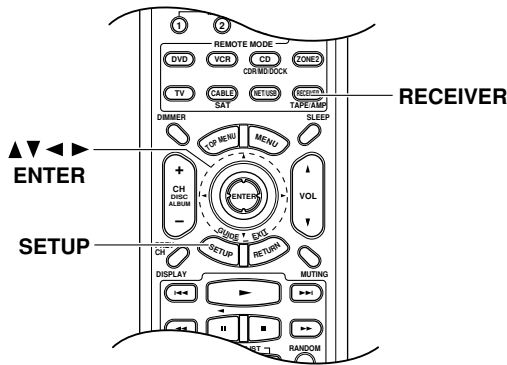
This item is for use with satellite radio. It's not available if Satellite Radio is set to None (see page 109). See the separate Satellite Radio Guide for more information.

### SIRIUS Parental Lock


This item is for use with SIRIUS Satellite Radio. It's not available if Satellite Radio is set to None or XM (see page 109). See the separate Satellite Radio Guide for more information.

## Miscellaneous Setup

This section explains items on the Miscellaneous menu.

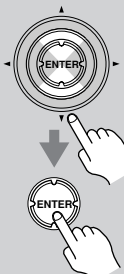


**1**



**Press the [RECEIVER] REMOTE MODE button, followed by the [SETUP] button.**  
The main menu appears onscreen.

**2**



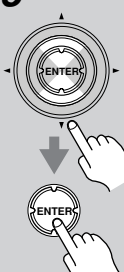
**Use the Up and Down [▲]/[▼] buttons to select “6. Miscellaneous,” and then press [ENTER].**  
The Miscellaneous menu appears.

6.Miscellaneous

1.Volume Setup

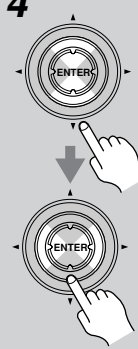
2.OSD Setup

**3**




**Use the Up and Down [▲]/[▼] buttons to select an item, and then press [ENTER].**  
The screen for that item appears.

**4**



**Use the Up and Down [▲]/[▼] buttons to select an item, and use the Left and Right [◀]/[▶] buttons to change it.**  
The items are explained below.

**5**



**When you’ve finished, press the [SETUP] button.**  
Setup closes.

**Note:**

- This procedure can also be performed on the AV receiver by using its [SETUP], [ENTER], and arrow buttons.

## Volume Setup

### ■ Volume Display

With this setting, you can choose how the volume level is displayed.

**Absolute:** Display range is Min, 0.5 through 99.5, Max.

**Relative:** Display range is  $-\infty$  dB,  $-81.5$  dB,  $-81.0$  dB through  $+18.0$  dB.

The absolute value 82 is equivalent to the relative value 0 dB.

### ■ Muting Level

This setting determines how much the output is muted when the Muting function is used (see page 76). It can be set to  $-\infty$  dB (fully muted) or from  $-50$  dB to  $-10$  dB in 10 dB steps.

### ■ Maximum Volume

With this setting, you can limit the maximum volume. When the Volume Display setting is set to Absolute, the Maximum Volume range is Off, 99 to 50. When it’s set to Relative, the range is Off,  $+17$  dB to  $-32$  dB. To disable this setting, select Off.

### ■ Power On Volume

This setting determines what the volume will be each time the AV receiver is turned on.

When the Volume Display preference is set to Absolute, the range is Last, Min, 1 to Max. When it's set to Relative, the range is Last,  $-\infty$  dB,  $-81$  dB to  $+18$  dB.

To use the same volume level as when the AV receiver was last turned off, select Last.

#### Note:

- The Power On Volume setting cannot be set higher than the Maximum Volume setting.

### ■ Headphone Level

With this setting, you can offset the headphone volume relative to the main volume. This is useful if your headphones are too loud or too quiet at the volume setting you usually use when listening through your speakers. The headphone level can be set from  $-12$  dB to  $+12$  dB.

### ■ Zone2 Maximum Volume

With this setting, you can limit the maximum volume for Zone 2.

When the Volume Display setting is set to Absolute, the Maximum Volume range is Off, 99 to 50. When it's set to Relative, the range is Off,  $+17$  dB to  $-32$  dB. To disable this setting, select Off.

### ■ Zone2 Power On Volume

This setting determines what the volume will be for Zone 2 each time the AV receiver is turned on.

When the Volume Display preference is set to Absolute, the range is Last, Min, 1 to Max. When it's set to Relative, the range is Last,  $-\infty$  dB,  $-81$  dB to  $+18$  dB.

To use the same volume level as when the AV receiver was last turned off, select Last.

### ■ Zone3 Maximum Volume

With this setting, you can limit the maximum volume for Zone 3.

When the Volume Display setting is set to Absolute, the Maximum Volume range is Off, 99 to 50. When it's set to Relative, the range is Off,  $+17$  dB to  $-32$  dB. To disable this setting, select Off.

### ■ Zone3 Power On Volume

This setting determines what the volume will be for Zone 3 each time the AV receiver is turned on.

When the Volume Display preference is set to Absolute, the range is Last, Min, 1 to Max. When it's set to Relative, the range is Last,  $-\infty$  dB,  $-81$  dB to  $+18$  dB.

To use the same volume level as when the AV receiver was last turned off, select Last.

## OSD Setup

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### ■ Immediate Display

This setting determines whether operation details are displayed onscreen immediately after an AV receiver function is used.

**On:** Displayed (default).

**Off:** Not displayed.

Even if On is selected, operation details are not output if the input source is connected to a COMPONENT VIDEO IN or HDMI IN.

For optimal video performance, THX recommends that Immediate Display be turned off.

### ■ Monitor Type

With this setting, you can specify the aspect ratio of your TV so that menus are displayed properly.

**4:3:** Select if your TV is 4:3 (default).

**16:9:** Select if your TV is 16:9.

### ■ Display Position

This setting determines where on the screen operation details are displayed.

**Bottom:** Bottom of the screen (default).

**Top:** Top of the screen.

### ■ TV Format

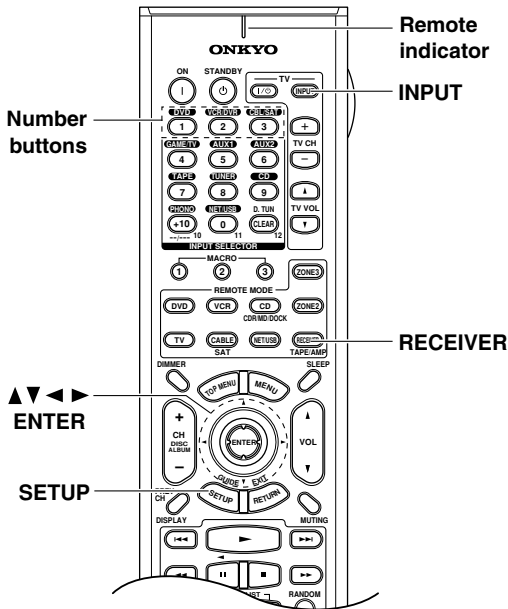
See "TV Format Setup (not North American models)" on page 66.

### ■ Language

This setting determines the language used for the onscreen setup menus. You can select: English, German, French, Spanish, Italian, Dutch, Swedish, or Japanese.

**Hardware Setup**

This section explains items on the Hardware menu.



**4** Use the Up and Down [▲]/[▼] buttons to select an item, and use the Left and Right [◀]/[▶] buttons to change it. The items are explained below.



**5** When you've finished, press the [SETUP] button. Setup closes.



**Note:**

- This procedure can also be performed on the AV receiver by using its [SETUP], [ENTER], and arrow buttons.

**Remote Control**

**Remote ID**

When several Onkyo components are used in the same room, their remote ID codes may overlap. To differentiate the AV receiver from the other components, you can change its remote ID from 1, the default, to 2 or 3.

**Note:**

- If you do change the AV receiver's remote ID, be sure to change the remote controller to the same ID (see below), otherwise, you won't be able to control it with the remote controller.

**Changing the Remote Controller's ID**

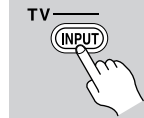
**1** Press the [RECEIVER] REMOTE MODE button, followed by the [SETUP] button. The main menu appears onscreen.

**2** Use the Up and Down [▲]/[▼] buttons to select "7. Hardware Setup," and then press [ENTER]. The Hardware Setup menu appears.

7. Hardware Setup
1. Remote Control
2. Zone2/Zone3
3. Tuner
4. Analog Multich
5. HDMI
6. Network

**3** Use the Up and Down [▲]/[▼] buttons to select an item, and then press [ENTER]. The screen for that item appears.

**1** While holding down the [RECEIVER] REMOTE MODE button, press the TV [INPUT] button. The Remote indicator flashes four times.



**2** Use the number buttons to enter ID 1, 2, or 3. The Remote indicator flashes twice.

**Zone 2 and Zone 3**

See "Zone 2 and Zone 3" on page 119.

### Tuner

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#### ■ AM Freq Step (on some models)

See “AM Frequency Step Setup (on some models)” on page 67.

#### ■ Satellite Radio (on North American model)

If you connect an XM Satellite Radio antenna or SIRIUS Satellite Radio antenna to the AV receiver (both sold separately), set this setting to XM or SIRIUS respectively. If you connect both types of antenna, select XM/SIRIUS. Otherwise, select None. See the separate Satellite Radio Guide for more information.

### Analog Multich

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#### ■ Subwoofer Input Sensitivity

Some DVD players output the LFE channel from their analog subwoofer output at 15 dB higher than normal. With this setting, you can change the AV receiver’s subwoofer sensitivity to match your DVD player. Note that this setting only affects signals connected to the AV receiver’s MULTI CH SUBWOOFER jack.

You can select 0 dB, 5 dB, 10 dB, or 15 dB.

If you find that your subwoofer is too loud, try the 10 dB or 15 dB setting.

### HDMI

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#### ■ HDMI Audio

This setting determines whether audio received by an HDMI input is output by the HDMI outputs. You may want to change this setting to On if your TV is connected to an HDMI output and you want to listen to audio from an HDMI component through your TV’s speakers. Normally, it should be set to Off.

**Off:** HDMI audio is not output (default).

**On:** HDMI audio is output.

#### Notes:

- If On is selected and the signal can be output by the TV, the AV receiver will output no sound through its speakers.
- When TV Control is enabled, this setting is set to Auto.
- With some TVs and input signals, no sound may be output even if On is selected.
- When the HDMI Audio setting is set to On, or TV Control is set to Enable and you’re listening through your TV’s speakers (see page 43), if you turn up the AV receiver’s volume control, the sound will be output by the AV receiver’s speakers. To stop the AV receiver’s speakers producing sound, change the settings, change your TV’s settings, or turn down the AV receiver’s volume.

#### ■ Lip Sync

The Lip Sync function can automatically synchronize HDMI audio and video that’s gotten out of sync due to the complex digital video processing being performed by your HDMI-compatible TV. With HDMI Lip Sync, the audio delay required to synchronize the audio and video is calculated and applied automatically by the AV receiver.

**Disable:** HDMI lip sync disabled.

**Enable:** HDMI lip sync enabled.

#### Notes:

- This function works only if your HDMI-compatible TV supports HDMI Lip Sync.
- You can check the amount of delay being applied by the HDMI Lip Sync function on the A/V Sync screen (see page 104).

#### ■ xvYCC

If your HDMI source and HDMI-compatible TV both support the xvYCC color standard, you can enable xvYCC color on the AV receiver with this setting.

**Disable:** xvYCC color disabled.

**Enable:** xvYCC color enabled.

#### ■ Control

This function allows CEC-compatible components or RIHD-compatible components connected via HDMI to be controlled with the AV receiver.

**Disable:** HDMI Control disabled.

**Enable:** HDMI Control enabled.

#### Notes:

- HDMI control works only with the HDMI OUT MAIN jack, not the HDMI OUT SUB jack.
- Select Disable if a connected component is incompatible or you’re not sure about its compatibility.
- If operation is unreliable when set to Enable, select Disable instead.
- When the HDMI Audio setting is set to On, or TV Control is set to Enable and you’re listening through your TV’s speakers (see page 43), if you turn up the AV receiver’s volume control, the sound will be output by the AV receiver’s speakers. To stop the AV receiver’s speakers producing sound, change the settings, change your TV’s settings, or turn down the AV receiver’s volume.

#### Power Control

To link the power functions of CEC-compatible components or RIHD-compatible components connected via HDMI, select Enable.

**Disable:** Power Control disabled.

**Enable:** Power Control enabled.

#### Notes:

- The Power Control setting can be set only when the above Control setting is set to Enable.

## Advanced Setup—Continued

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- HDMI power control only works with HDMI-compatible components that support it and may not work properly with some components due to their settings or compatibility.
- When set to Enable, the AV receiver consumes more power.
- When set to Enable, the AV receiver enters Ready mode when set to Standby, and the READY indicator lights up instead of the STANDBY indicator (not North American model). Also, the AV receiver's AC outlets will be on all of the time regardless of whether the AV receiver is set to On or Standby, or Ready mode in this case.

### **TV Control**

Select Enable to control the AV receiver from an RIHD-compatible TV connected via HDMI.

**Disable:** TV Control disabled.

**Enable:** TV Control enabled.

### **Notes:**

- Select Disable if your TV is incompatible or you're not sure about its compatibility.
- The TV Control setting can be set only when the above Control and Power Control settings are both set to Enable.

### **Note:**

- After changing the Control, Power Control, or TV Control setting, be sure to turn all of your components off and then back on again. Refer to the instruction manuals for your other components.

## **Network**

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See "Network Settings" on page 117.

## **Lock Setup**

### **Lock**

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With this setting, you can protect your settings by locking the setup menus.

**Locked:** Setup menus locked.

**Unlocked:** Setup menus unlocked.

When Locked is selected, only this Lock Setup item can be accessed.

# NET/USB

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## About NET/USB

The AV receiver is *network-ready*, which means you can hook it up to your home network with a standard Ethernet cable and enjoy the music files stored on your computer or media server. If your network is connected to the Internet, you can also enjoy Internet radio.

NET/USB can also be used to play music files stored on USB mass storage devices (e.g., USB flash drives and MP3 players), which can be plugged into the AV receiver's front panel USB port.

## Internet Radio

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With Internet radio you can:

- Listen to stations that use MP3 or WMA streaming.
- Select stations by entering the appropriate URL with the remote controller, or connect to the AV receiver from your computer and select stations in your Web browser.
- Preset up to 20 Internet radio stations.

## Supported Audio File Formats

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For server and USB mass storage device playback, the AV receiver supports the following music file formats: MP3, WMA, WAV, and M4A (MPEG-4 Audio). It also supports Microsoft's PlaysForSure technology.

### ■ MP3

- MP3 files must be MPEG-2 Audio Layer 3 format with a sampling rate of 32 kHz, 44.1 kHz, and 48 kHz and a bit-rate of between 32 kbps and 320 kbps. Incompatible files cannot be played.
- Variable bit-rate (VBR) MP3 files are supported. (Playing times may not display correctly.)
- MP3 files must have a “.mp3” or “.MP3” filename extension.

### ■ WMA

WMA stands for Windows Media Audio and is an audio compression technology developed by Microsoft Corporation. Audio can be encoded in WMA format by using Windows Media® Player.

- WMA files must have the copyright option turned off.
- Sampling rates of 32 kHz, 44.1 kHz, and 48 kHz and bitrates of between 48 kbps and 320 kbps, and lossless DRM are supported. Incompatible files cannot be played.
- Variable bit-rates (VBR) are supported. (Playing times may display incorrectly with VBR.)
- WMA files must have a “.wma” or “.WMA” filename extension.

### ■ WAV

WAV files contain uncompressed PCM digital audio.

- Sampling rates of 32 kHz, 44.1 kHz and 48 kHz and bitrates of 16 kbps are supported. Incompatible files cannot be played.
- WAV files must have a “.wav” or “.WAV” filename extension.

### ■ M4A

M4A stands for MPEG-4 Audio.

- Sampling rates of 32 kHz, 44.1 kHz and 48 kHz and bitrates of between 16 and 320 kbps, are supported. Incompatible files cannot be played.
- Variable bit-rate (VBR) files are supported. (Playing times may not display correctly.)
- M4A files must have a “.m4a” or “.M4A” filename extension.

## USB Mass Storage Device Requirements

---

- The AV receiver supports USB devices that support the USB mass storage device class.
- Playback may not be possible with some USB devices even if they conform to the USB mass storage device class.
- USB devices formatted with the FAT16 or FAT32 file system are supported.
- If the storage device has been partitioned, only music files in the first partition can be played.
- Each folder may contain up to 500 music files, and folders may be nested up to eight levels deep.
- Digital audio signals are not output by the digital outputs when playing music files.
- USB hubs and USB devices with hub functions are not supported.

## Server Requirements

---

The AV receiver can play digital music files stored on a computer or media server and supports the following technologies:

- Windows Media Player 11
- Windows Media Connect 2.0
- UPnP AV-compatible media server
- DLNA-compatible media server

Windows Media Player 11 and Windows Media Connect 2.0 can be downloaded for free from the Microsoft Web site.

- The computer or media server must be on the same network as the AV receiver.
- Each folder may contain up to 500 music files, and folders may be nested up to eight levels deep.
- Digital audio signals are not output by the digital outputs when playing music files.

**Minimum system requirements for Windows Media Player 11 (for Windows XP)****Operating system**

Windows XP Home Edition (SP2), Windows XP Professional (SP2), Windows XP Tablet PC Edition (SP2), Update Rollup 2 for Windows XP Media Center Edition 2005 (KB900325), October 2006 Update Rollup for Windows XP Media Center Edition (KB925766)

**Processor:** 233 MHz Intel Pentium II, Advanced Micro Devices (AMD), etc.

**Memory:** 64 MB

**Hard disk:** 200 MB of free space

**Drive:** CD or DVD drive

**Modem:** 28.8 kbps

**Sound card:** 16-bit sound card

**Monitor:** Super VGA (800 x 600)

**Video card:** 64 MB VRAM, DirectX 9.0b

**Software:** Microsoft ActiveSync (only when using a Windows Mobile-based Pocket PC or smartphone)

**Web browser:** Microsoft Internet Explorer 6 or Netscape 7.1

**Network Requirements****■ Ethernet Network**

The AV receiver's Ethernet port supports 10Base-T. For best results, a 100Base-TX switched Ethernet network is recommended. Although it's possible to play music on a computer that's connected to the network wirelessly, playback may be unreliable, so wired connections are recommended.

**■ Ethernet Router**

A router manages the network, routing data and supplying IP addresses. Your router must support the following:

- NAT (Network Address Translation). NAT allows several networked computers to access the Internet simultaneously via a single Internet connection. The AV receiver needs Internet access for Internet radio.
- DHCP (Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol). DHCP supplies IP addresses to network devices, allowing them to configure themselves automatically.
- A router with a 100Base-TX switch built-in is recommended.

Some routers have a modem built-in, and some ISPs require you to use specific routers. Please consult your ISP or computer dealer if you're unsure.

**■ CAT5 Ethernet cable**

Use a shielded CAT5 Ethernet cable (straight-type) to connect the AV receiver to your home network.

**■ Internet Access (for Internet radio)**

To receive Internet radio, your Ethernet network must have Internet access. A narrowband Internet connection (e.g., 56K modem, ISDN) will not provide satisfactory results, so a broadband connection is strongly recommended (e.g., cable modem, xDSL modem, etc.). Please consult your ISP or computer dealer if you're unsure.

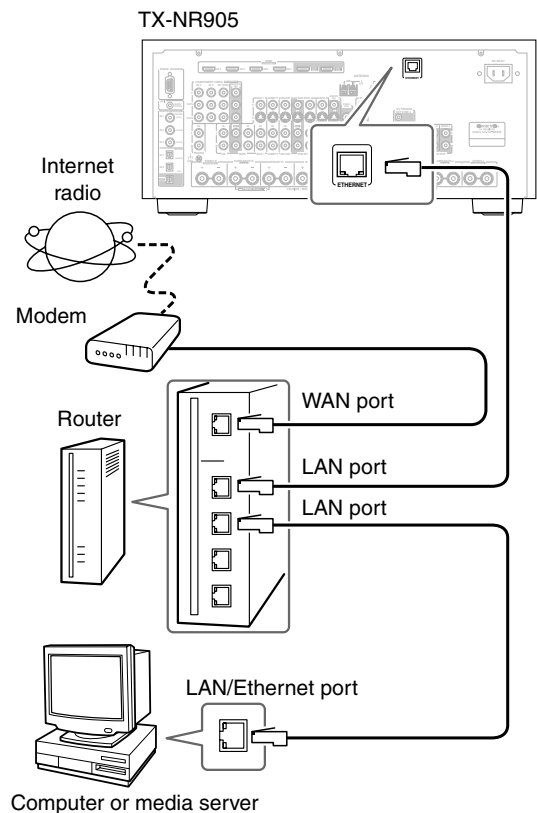
**Notes:**

- To receive Internet radio with the AV receiver, your broadband Internet connection must be working and able to access the Web. Consult your ISP if you have any problems with your Internet connection.
- The AV receiver uses DHCP to configure its network settings automatically. If you want to configure these settings manually, see page 117.
- The AV receiver does not support PPPoE settings, so if you have a PPPoE-type Internet connection, you must use a PPPoE-compatible router.
- Depending on your ISP, you may need to specify a proxy server to use Internet radio. If your computer is configured to use a proxy server, use the same settings for the AV receiver (see page 117).

**Connecting the AV Receiver**

To connect the AV receiver to your home network, plug one end of a shielded CAT5 Ethernet cable into the AV receiver's ETHERNET port, and plug the other end into a LAN port on your router or switch.





The following diagram shows how you can connect the AV receiver to your home network. In this example, it's connected to a LAN port on a router, which has a 4-port 100Base-TX switch built-in.






### Playing Music Files on a Server

This section explains how to play music files on a computer or media server through the AV receiver. See page 111 for details on supported music servers and music file formats.

<b>1</b>	<p><b>Start your computer or media server.</b></p>																						
<b>2</b>	<p><b>Press the [NET/USB] INPUT SELECTOR button to select the Server screen.</b></p>  <table border="1" data-bbox="281 575 628 765"> <tr> <td>Server</td> <td>1/2</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Server1: Shared1</td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>server: MYPC</td> <td></td> </tr> </table> <p>The NETWORK indicator lights up if the AV receiver is able to establish a connection to the server. It flashes if a connection cannot be established.</p>	Server	1/2	Server1: Shared1		server: MYPC																	
Server	1/2																						
Server1: Shared1																							
server: MYPC																							
<b>3</b>	<p><b>Press the [NET/USB] REMOTE MODE button to select the NET/USB remote controller mode.</b></p> 																						
<b>4</b>	<p><b>Use the Up and Down [▲]/[▼] buttons to select a server, and then press [ENTER].</b></p> <p>A list of items on the server appears.</p>  <table border="1" data-bbox="281 1236 628 1425"> <tr> <td>Server1: Shared1</td> <td>1/10</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Recently Added</td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>Artists</td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>Album</td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>Songs</td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>Genre</td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>Year</td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>Rating</td> <td></td> </tr> </table>	Server1: Shared1	1/10	Recently Added		Artists		Album		Songs		Genre		Year		Rating							
Server1: Shared1	1/10																						
Recently Added																							
Artists																							
Album																							
Songs																							
Genre																							
Year																							
Rating																							
<b>5</b>	<p><b>Use the Up and Down [▲]/[▼] buttons to select an item, and then press [ENTER].</b></p> <p>A list of music files appears.</p>  <table border="1" data-bbox="281 1593 628 1783"> <tr> <td>All Music</td> <td>1/125</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Song 1</td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>Song 2</td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>Song 3</td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>My favorite song 1</td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>My favorite song 2</td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>My favorite song 3</td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>My favorite song 4</td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>My favorite song 5</td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>My favorite song 6</td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>My favorite song 7</td> <td></td> </tr> </table>	All Music	1/125	Song 1		Song 2		Song 3		My favorite song 1		My favorite song 2		My favorite song 3		My favorite song 4		My favorite song 5		My favorite song 6		My favorite song 7	
All Music	1/125																						
Song 1																							
Song 2																							
Song 3																							
My favorite song 1																							
My favorite song 2																							
My favorite song 3																							
My favorite song 4																							
My favorite song 5																							
My favorite song 6																							
My favorite song 7																							

**6**




**Use the Up and Down [▲]/[▼] buttons to select a music file, and press the [ENTER] or Play [▶] button to start playback.**

Playback starts and the following screen appears.

PLAY	4/125
My favorite Album	
Artist name	
▶ My favorite song 1	00:10 / 04:35
WMA 160kbps 16bit/44.1kHz	
RETURN RETURN	

**or**



To return to the previous menu during playback, press the [Return] button. To stop playback, press the Stop [■] button. To select the next song, press the Next [▶▶] button. To select the beginning of the current song, press the Previous [◀◀] button. To select the previous song, press the Previous [◀◀] button twice.

#### Random Playback

To play songs in random order, while the list of songs is displayed, press the [RANDOM] button. All of the songs in the current folder will be played in random order. When all of the songs in the folder have been played once, they'll all be played again in a different random order. To cancel random playback, press the [RANDOM] button again.

Random playback supports up to 9,999 songs per folder. If a folder contains more than this, songs over 9,999 are not included in random playback.

#### Repeat Playback

The Repeat function can only be set while the PLAY screen is displayed.

To play songs repeatedly, during playback (or while playback is paused or stopped), press the [REPEAT] button repeatedly to select: Repeat1, Repeat, All, or Off.

In Repeat1 mode, the current song is played repeatedly. In Repeat mode, all of the songs in the current folder are played repeatedly.

In All mode, all of the songs on the current server are played repeatedly.

To cancel repeat playback, press the [REPEAT] button repeatedly to select Off.

#### Note:

- If the message “No item” appears, this means that no information can be retrieved from the server. In this case, check your server, network, and AV receiver connections.

### Windows Media Player 11 Setup

This section explains how to configure Windows Media Player 11 so that the AV receiver can play the music files stored on your computer.

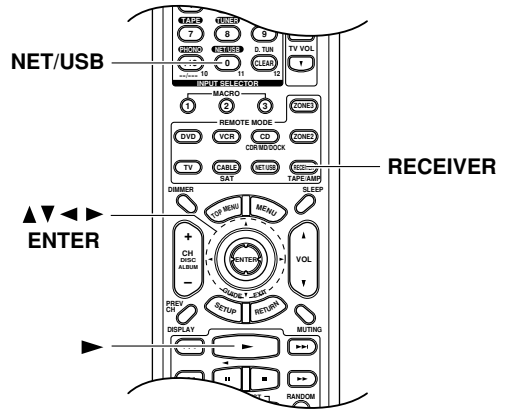
- 1 Start Windows Media Player 11.**
- 2 On the Library menu, select Media Sharing.**  
The Media Sharing dialog box appears.
- 3 Select the Share my media check box, and then click OK.**  
A list of devices that support PlaysForSure appears.
- 4 Select the AV receiver in the list, and then click Allow.**
- 5 Click OK to close the dialog box.**  
This completes the Windows Media Player 11 configuration.  
You can now play the music files in your Windows Media Player 11 library through the AV receiver (see page 113).


**Note:**

- Windows Media Player 11 can be downloaded for free from the Microsoft Web site.


### Playing Music Files on a USB Device

This section explains how to play music files on a USB mass storage device. See page 111 for details on supported USB mass storage devices and music file formats.



- 1 Plug your USB mass storage device into the AV receiver's USB port.**
- 2 Press the [NET/USB] INPUT SELECTOR button repeatedly to select the USB screen.**  


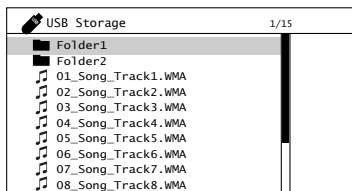
USB	1/1
USB Storage	

The USB indicator lights up if the AV receiver is able to read the USB mass storage device. It flashes if it cannot read it.
- 3 Press the [NET/USB] REMOTE MODE button to select the NET/USB remote controller mode.**  


4

Use the Up and Down [▲]/[▼] buttons to select a USB mass storage device, and then press [ENTER].

A list of the device's contents appears.

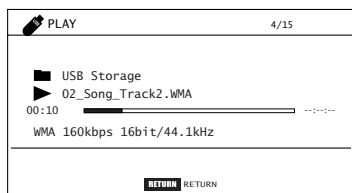


To open a folder, use the Up and Down [▲]/[▼] buttons to select it, and then press [ENTER].

5

Use the Up and Down [▲]/[▼] buttons to select a music file, and press the [ENTER] or Play [▶] button to start playback.

Playback starts and the following screen appears.



To return to the previous menu during playback, press the [Return] button.

To stop or pause playback, press the Stop [■] or Pause [⏸] button, respectively.

To select the next song, press the Next [▶▶] button. To select the beginning of the current song, press the Previous [◀◀] button. To select the previous song, press the Previous [◀◀] button twice.

### Repeat Playback

The Repeat function can only be set while the PLAY screen is displayed.

To play songs repeatedly, during playback (or while playback is paused or stopped), press the [REPEAT] button repeatedly to select: Repeat1, Repeat, All, or Off.

In Repeat1 mode, the current song is played repeatedly.

In Repeat mode, all of the songs in the current folder are played repeatedly.

In All mode, all of the songs on the USB mass storage device (in the same partition) are played repeatedly.

To cancel repeat playback, press the [REPEAT] button repeatedly to select Off.

### Notes:

- If you connect a USB hard disk drive to the AV receiver's USB port, we recommend that you use its AC adapter to power it.
- Do not connect the AV receiver's USB port to a USB port on your computer. Music on your computer cannot be played through the AV receiver in this way.
- The AV receiver supports USB MP3 players that support the USB Mass Storage Class standard, which allows USB storage devices to be connected to computers without the need for special drivers or software. Note that not all USB MP3 players support the USB Mass Storage Class standard. Refer your USB MP3 player's instruction manual for details.
- Protected WMA music files on an MP3 player cannot be played.
- Onkyo accepts no responsibility whatsoever for the loss or damage to data stored on a USB mass storage device when that device is used with the AV receiver. We recommend that you back up your important music files beforehand.
- MP3 players containing music files that are managed with special music software, and iPods containing music files managed with iTunes are not supported.
- Operation with all USB mass storage devices including the ability to power them is not guaranteed.
- Do not connect your USB mass storage device via a USB hub. The USB mass storage device must be connected directly to the AV receiver's USB port.
- If the USB mass storage device contains a lot of data, the AV receiver may take a while to read it.

### Random Playback

To play songs in random order, while the list of songs is displayed, press the [RANDOM] button. All of the songs in the current folder will be played in random order.

When all of the songs in the folder have been played once, they'll all be played again in a different random order. To cancel random playback, press the [RANDOM] button again.

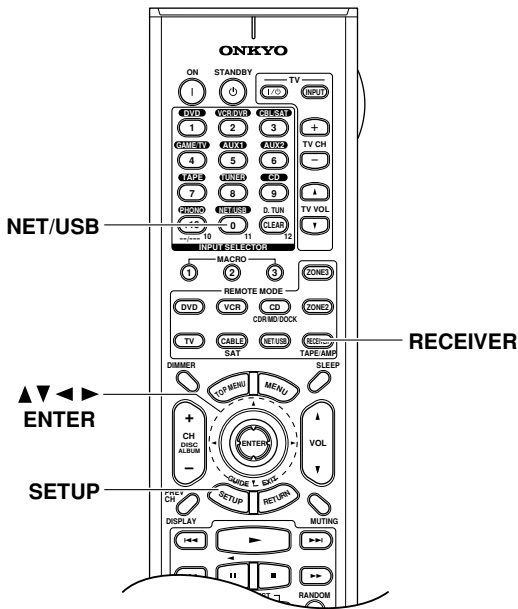
Random playback supports up to 9,999 songs per folder. If a folder contains more than this, songs over 9,999 are not included in random playback.

**Listening to Internet Radio**

To receive Internet radio, you must connect the AV receiver to a network with Internet access (see page 112).

You can select Internet radio stations by entering the appropriate URL with the remote controller, or by connecting to the AV receiver from your computer and selecting stations in your Web browser.

Internet radio URLs in the following formats are supported: PLS, M3U, and podcast (RSS). However, depending on the type of data or audio format used by the Internet radio station, you may not be able to listen to some stations.

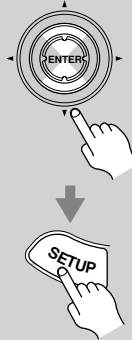


**2**



Press the [NET/USB] REMOTE MODE button to select the NET/USB remote controller mode.

**3**



Use the Up and Down [▲]/[▼] buttons to select an empty item, and then press the [SETUP] button.

The URL Input screen appears.

**4**

Use the remote controller to enter the URL of the Internet radio station you want to listen to.

Use the same method as for the Name Edit function on page 104 to enter a URL.

When you've finished, select "OK," and then press [ENTER].

The station appears in the list.

To update the station list, press the [RETURN] button.

**OR:**

On your computer, start your Web browser and enter the AV receiver's IP address in the browser's Internet address (URL) field.

The browser connects to the AV receiver and displays the same screen as the AV receiver.

Select the Internet radio station with your browser.

**Notes:**

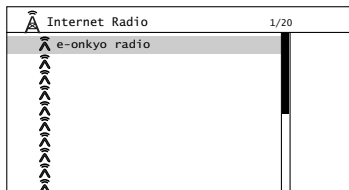
- The AV receiver's IP address is shown on the Network screen (see page 117).
- If you're using DHCP, your router may not always allocate the same IP address to the AV receiver, so if you find that you can't connect to the AV receiver, recheck the AV receiver's IP address on Network screen.

**1**

NET/USB




Press the [NET/USB] INPUT SELECTOR button repeatedly to select the Internet Radio screen.




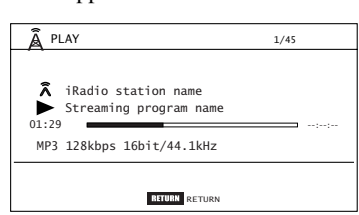
The NETWORK indicator lights up if the AV receiver is able to establish a connection to the network. It flashes if a connection cannot be established.

**5** Press [ENTER].  
The station's programs are displayed.




---

**6** Use the Up and Down [▲]/[▼] buttons to select a program, and then press [ENTER].  
Playback starts and the following screen appears.

The screenshot shows a 'PLAY' screen with the following details: 'iRadio station name', 'Streaming program name', a progress bar at 01:29, and audio format 'MP3 128kbps 16bit/44.1kHz'. A 'RETURN RETURN' button is visible at the bottom.

Once you've added a station to the list, simply select it on the Internet Radio screen, and then press [ENTER] to start playback.

**Notes:**

- When connected to an Internet radio station that uses the MP3 streaming format, the MP3 indicator lights up. When connected to an Internet radio station that uses the WMA streaming format, the WMA indicator lights up.
- If you're using a narrowband Internet connection (e.g., 56K modem or ISDN), depending on the station, Internet radio may not work satisfactorily. For best results, use a broadband connection (e.g., cable modem, xDSL modem, etc).

**Network Settings**

This section explains how to configure the AV receiver's network settings manually.

If your router's DHCP server is enabled, you don't need to change any of these settings, as the AV receiver is set to use DHCP to configure itself automatically by default (i.e., DHCP is set to Enable). If, however, your router's DHCP server is disabled, for example, you're using static IP addresses, you'll need to configure these settings yourself, in which case, a knowledge of Ethernet networking is essential.


**What's DHCP?**

DHCP (Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol) is used by routers, computers, the AV receiver, and other devices to automatically configure themselves on a network.

**What's DNS?**


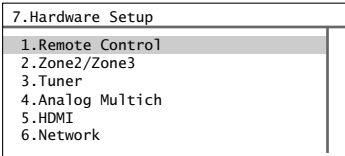
The DNS (Domain Name System) translates domain names into IP addresses. For example, when you enter a domain name such as *www.onkyousa.com* in your Web browser, before accessing the site, your browser uses DNS to translate this into an IP address, in this case 63.148.251.142.

**1** Press the [RECEIVER] REMOTE MODE button, followed by the [SETUP] button.  
The main menu appears onscreen.



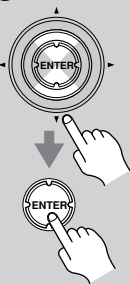

---

**2** Use the Up and Down [▲]/[▼] buttons to select "7. Hardware Setup," and then press [ENTER].  
The Hardware Setup menu appears.

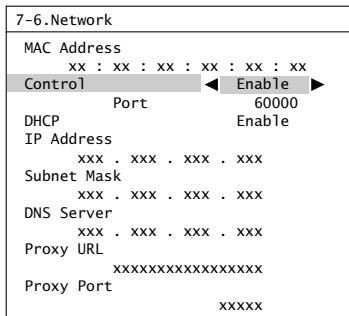
The screenshot shows a menu titled '7. Hardware Setup' with the following options: 1. Remote Control, 2. Zone2/Zone3, 3. Tuner, 4. Analog Multich, 5. HDMI, and 6. Network. The first option, '1. Remote Control', is highlighted.

3



**Use the Up and Down [▲]/[▼] buttons to select “6. Network,” and then press [ENTER].**

The Network screen appears.



4



**Use the Up and Down [▲]/[▼] buttons to select the settings, and use the Left and Right [◀]/[▶] buttons to set them.**

To enter an IP address, select the setting, and then press [ENTER]. The arrow [▲]/[▼]/[◀]/[▶] buttons can then be used to enter numbers. Press [ENTER] again to set the number. The settings are explained on the next page.

5



**When you’ve finished, press the [SETUP] button.**

Setup closes.

**Note:**

- This procedure can also be performed on the AV receiver by using its [SETUP], [ENTER], and arrow buttons.

**Mac Address**

This is the AV receiver’s MAC (Media Access Control) address. This address cannot be changed.

**Control**

This setting enables or disables control over the network.

**Enable:** Control over the network enabled.

**Disable:** Control over the network disabled.

■ **Port**

This is the network port used for control over the network.

**DHCP**

This setting determines whether or not the AV receiver uses DHCP to automatically configure its IP Address, Subnet Mask, Gateway, and DNS Server settings.

**Enable:** DHCP enabled.

**Disable:** DHCP disabled.

If you select Disable, you must configure the IP Address, Subnet Mask, Gateway, and DNS Server settings yourself.

**IP Address**

If you set the DHCP setting to Disable, you must specify an IP address. Enter a static IP address provided by your ISP.

The IP address must be within the following ranges.

**Class A:** 10.0.0.0 to 10.255.255.255

**Class B:** 172.16.0.0 to 172.31.255.255

**Class C:** 192.168.0.0 to 192.168.255.255

Most routers use Class C IP addresses.

**Subnet Mask**

If you set the DHCP setting to Disable, you must specify a subnet mask address.

Enter the subnet mask address provided by your ISP (typically: 255.255.255.0).

**Gateway**

If you set the DHCP setting to Disable, you must specify a gateway address.

Enter the gateway address provided by your ISP.

**DNS Server**

If you set the DHCP setting to Disable, you must specify a DNS server.

Enter the DNS server addresses provided by your ISP.

**Proxy URL**

To use a Web proxy, enter its URL here.

**Proxy Port**

If you’re using a Web proxy, enter a proxy port number here.

# Zone 2 and Zone 3

In addition to your main listening room, you can also enjoy playback in two other rooms, or as we call them, Zone 2 and Zone 3. And, you can select a different source for each room.

## Connecting Zone 2

There are two ways you can connect Zone 2 speakers:

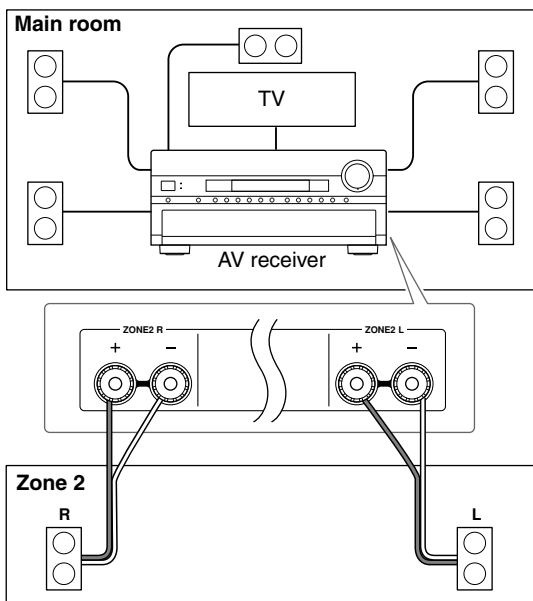
1. Connect them directly to the AV receiver.
2. Connect them to an amp in Zone 2.

### Connecting Your Zone 2 Speakers Directly to the AV receiver

This setup allows 5.1-channel playback in your main room and 2-channel stereo playback in Zone 2, with a different source in each room. This is called Powered Zone 2, as the Zone 2 speakers are powered by the AV receiver. Note that when Powered Zone 2 is turned off, you can enjoy 7.1-channel playback in your main room.

#### Hookup

- Connect your Zone 2 speakers to the AV receiver's ZONE 2 L/R speaker terminals.



To use this setup, you must set the Speaker Type Front B setting to Not Use (see page 51), and set the Powered Zone 2 setting to Act (see page 121).

#### Notes:

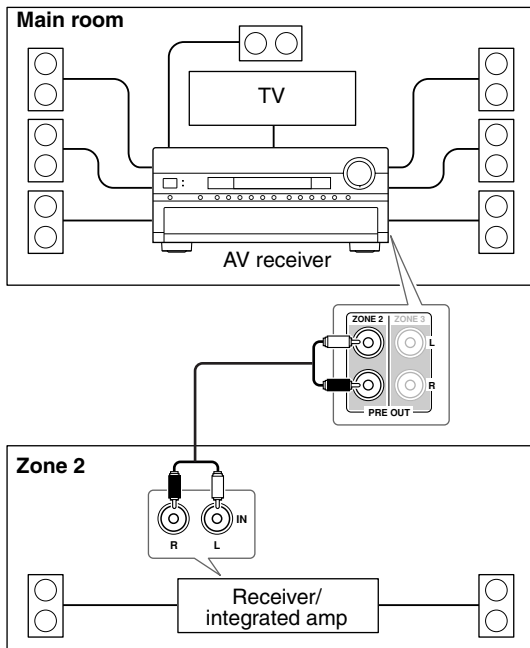
- With this setup, the Zone 2 volume is controlled by the AV receiver.
- Powered Zone 2 cannot be used if Speaker Type Front A is set to Bi-Amp or BTL, or Speaker Type Front B is set to Normal, Bi-Amp, or BTL (page 51).

### Connecting Your Zone 2 Speakers to an Amp in Zone 2

This setup allows 7.1-channel playback in your main listening room and 2-channel stereo playback in Zone 2, with a different source in each room.

#### Hookup

- Use an RCA audio cable to connect the AV receiver's ZONE 2 PRE OUT L/R jacks to an analog audio input on your Zone 2 amp.
- Connect your Zone 2 speakers to the speaker terminals on your Zone 2 amp.



#### Note:

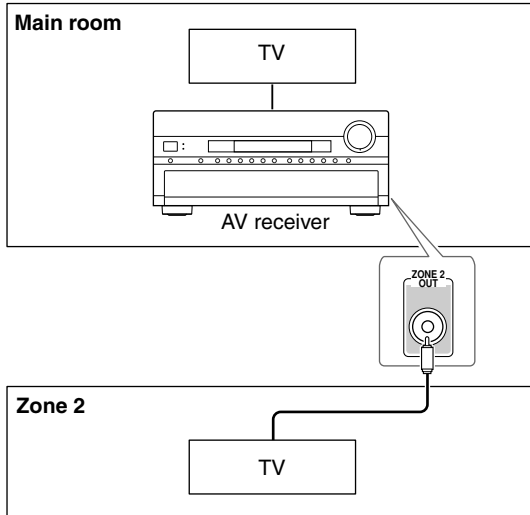
- With the default settings, the Zone 2 volume must be set on the Zone 2 amp. If your Zone 2 amp has no volume control, set the Zone 2 Out setting to Variable so that you can set the Zone 2 volume on the AV receiver (see page 122).

### Zone 2 Video Output

The AV receiver features a composite video output for connection to a TV in Zone 2, so you can enjoy both audio and video in that zone.

#### Hookup

- Use a composite video cable to connect the AV receiver's ZONE 2 OUT V jack to a composite video input on your Zone 2 TV.



#### Note:

- The ZONE 2 OUT V jack outputs video from components connected to composite video inputs and S-Video inputs.

### Zone 2 12V Trigger

When Zone 2 is turned on, the output from the ZONE 2 12V TRIGGER OUT goes high (+12 volts, 100 milliamperes max). Connecting this jack to a 12-volt trigger input on a component in Zone 2 will make that component turn on or off as and when Zone 2 is turned on or off on the AV receiver.

### Connecting Zone 3

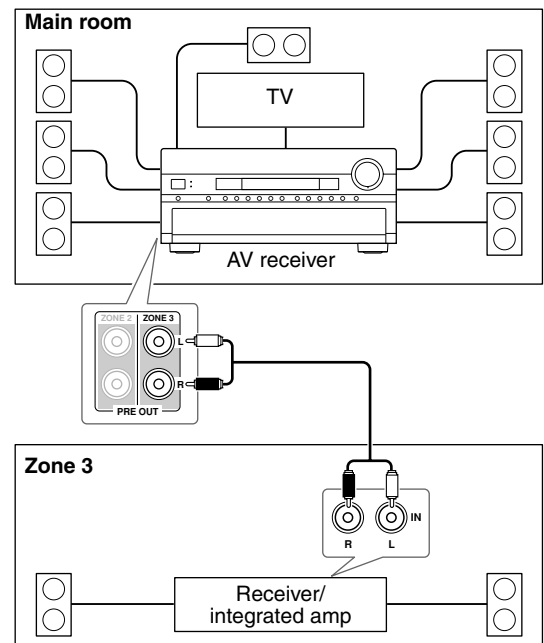
Zone 3 speakers must be connected to an amp in Zone 3.

### Connecting Your Zone 3 Speakers

You can enjoy 2-channel stereo playback in Zone 3 and a different source to those selected for your main room and Zone 2.

#### Hookup

- Use an RCA audio cable to connect the AV receiver's ZONE 3 PRE OUT L/R jacks to an analog audio input on your Zone 3 amp.
- Connect your Zone 3 speakers to the speaker terminals on your Zone 3 amp.



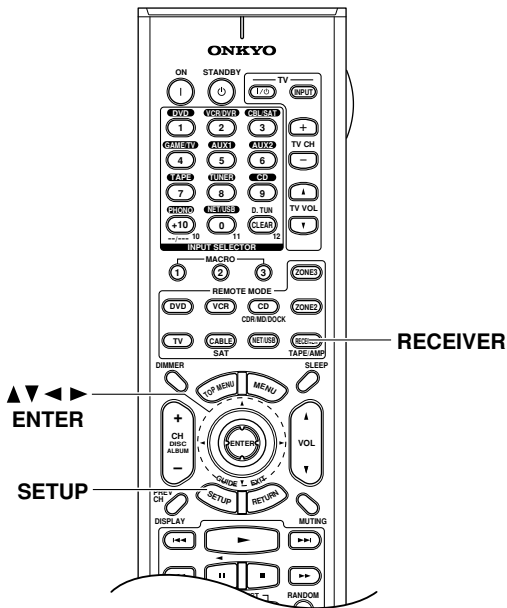
#### Note:

- With the default settings, the Zone 3 volume must be set on the Zone 3 amp. If your Zone 3 amp has no volume control, set the Zone 3 Out setting to Variable so that you can set the Zone 3 volume on the AV receiver (see page 122).



## Powered Zone 2 Setting

If you've connected your Zone 2 speakers to the AV receiver, as explained in "Connecting Your Zone 2 Speakers Directly to the AV receiver" on page 119, you must set the Powered Zone 2 setting to Act (Activated).



**1** Press the [RECEIVER] REMOTE MODE button, followed by the [SETUP] button. The main menu appears onscreen.

**2** Use the Up and Down [▲]/[▼] buttons to select "7. Hardware Setup," and then press [ENTER]. The Hardware Setup menu appears.

**3** Use the Up and Down [▲]/[▼] buttons to select "2. Zone 2/Zone 3," and then press [ENTER]. The Zone 2/Zone 3 screen appears.

7-2. Zone2/Zone3	
Powered Zone2	Not Act
Zone2 Out	Fixed
Zone3 Out	Fixed

**4** Use the Up and Down [▲]/[▼] buttons to select "Powered Zone 2," and use the Left and Right [◀]/[▶] buttons to select: **Not Act:** ZONE 2 L/R speaker terminals not activated (Powered Zone 2 disabled). **Act:** ZONE 2 L/R speaker terminals activated (Powered Zone 2 enabled).

**5** Press the [SETUP] button. Setup closes.


**Notes:**

- When Act is selected and Zone 2 turned on, the Zone 2 speakers connected to the ZONE 2 L/R speaker terminals output sound, but the surround back speakers connected to the SURR BACK L/R speaker terminals do not. When Act is selected and Zone 2 turned off, the surround back speakers output sound as normal.
- Powered Zone 2 cannot be used if Speaker Type Front A is set to Bi-Amp or BTL, or Speaker Type Front B is set to Normal, Bi-Amp, or BTL (page 51).
- This procedure can also be performed on the AV receiver by using its [SETUP], [ENTER], and arrow buttons.

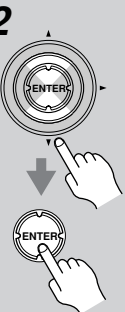
### Zone 2/Zone 3 Out Settings

If you've connected your Zone 2 or Zone 3 speakers to an amp with no volume control, set the Zone 2 Out or Zone 3 Out setting, respectively, to Variable so that you can set the zone's volume, balance, and tone on the AV receiver.

**1** Press the **[RECEIVER] REMOTE MODE** button, followed by the **[SETUP]** button.  
The main menu appears onscreen.



**2** Use the Up and Down **[▲]/[▼]** buttons to select "7. Hardware Setup," and then press **[ENTER]**.  
The Hardware Setup menu appears.



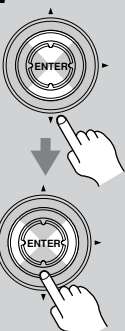
**3** Use the Up and Down **[▲]/[▼]** buttons to select "2. Zone 2/Zone 3," and then press **[ENTER]**.  
The Zone 2/Zone 3 screen appears.

7-2. Zone2/Zone3	
Powered Zone2	Not Act
Zone2 Out	Fixed
Zone3 Out	Fixed

**4** Use the Up and Down **[▲]/[▼]** buttons to select "Zone 2 Out" or "Zone 3 Out," and use the Left and Right **[◀]/[▶]** buttons to select:

**Fixed:** The Zone 2 or Zone 3 volume must be set on the amp in that zone.

**Variable:** The Zone 2 or Zone 3 volume can be set on the AV receiver.



**5**

Press the **[SETUP]** button.  
Setup closes.

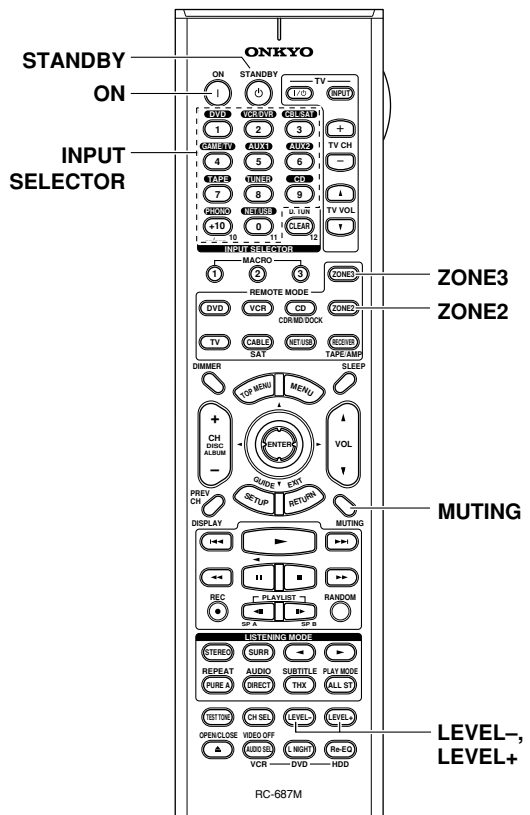
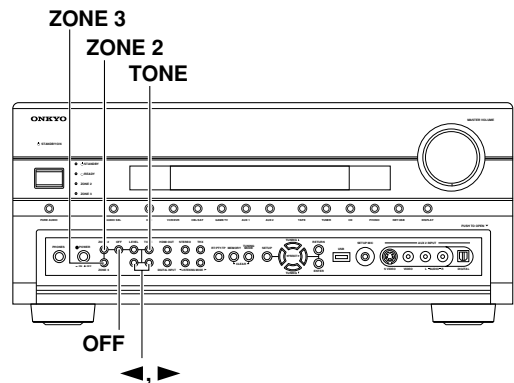


**Note:**

- This procedure can also be performed on the AV receiver by using its **[SETUP]**, **[ENTER]**, and arrow buttons.

### Using Zone 2 and Zone 3

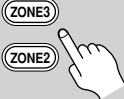
This section explains how to use Zone 2 and Zone 3.



### Selecting an Input Source for Zones


**1**

Remote controller



On the remote controller, press the [ZONE 2] or [ZONE 3] REMOTE MODE button.

AV receiver




On the AV receiver, press the [ZONE 2] or [ZONE 3] button.

The ZONE 2 or ZONE 3 indicator flashes, and the input selector currently selected for the zone appears on the display.

**2**

Remote controller




On the remote controller, use the INPUT SELECTOR buttons.

On the AV receiver, use the input selector buttons, or press the [ZONE 2] or [ZONE 3] button repeatedly

The input source is selected, the zone is turned on, the name of the input selector appears on the display, and the ZONE 2 or ZONE 3 indicator lights continuously.

AV receiver



#### Notes:

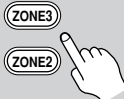
- To select AM or FM, press the [TUNER] input selector button repeatedly. On the North American model, you can also select XM or SIRIUS.
- Only analog input sources are output by Zone 2 and Zone 3. Digital input sources are not output. If no sound is heard when an input source is selected, check to make sure it's connected to an analog input.
- While Powered Zone 2 is being used, listening modes that require surround back speakers (6.1/7.1), such as Dolby Digital EX, DTS-ES, and THX Ultra2 Cinema, are unavailable.
- When Zone 2 is turned on, the output from the ZONE 2 12V TRIGGER OUT goes high (+12 volts).
- While Zone 2 or Zone 3 is on, the Auto Power On/Standby and Direct Change **RI** functions do not work.
- You cannot select different AM or FM radio stations for your main room, Zone 2, and Zone 3. The same AM/FM radio station will be heard in each room.

- On the North American model, you can select a different radio source for each room. For example, XM for your main room, SIRIUS for Zone 2, and AM/FM for Zone 3.

### Turning Off Zones

**1**

Remote controller

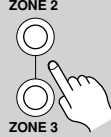


On the remote controller, press the [ZONE 2] or [ZONE 3] REMOTE MODE button.

On the AV receiver, press the [ZONE 2] or [ZONE 3] button.


The ZONE 2 or ZONE 3 indicator flashes.

AV receiver



**2**

Remote controller




On the remote controller, press the [STANDBY] button.

On the AV receiver, press the [OFF] button.

The zone is turned off, and the ZONE 2 or ZONE 3 indicator goes off.



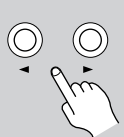
AV receiver





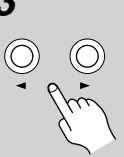
#### Note:

- When Zone 2 is turned off, the output from the ZONE 2 12V TRIGGER OUT goes low (0 volts).



### Adjusting the Volume of Zones

 <p>Remote controller</p>	<p>On the remote controller, press the [ZONE 2] or [ZONE 3] REMOTE MODE button, and then use the [LEVEL-] and [LEVEL+] buttons.</p>
	<p>On the AV receiver, press the [ZONE 2] or [ZONE 3] button, press the [LEVEL] button, and then use the Up [▶] and Down [◀] buttons.</p>
 <p>AV receiver</p>	



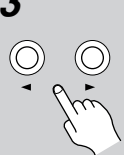
### Adjusting the Balance of Zones

<p><b>1</b></p>  <p>AV receiver ZONE 2 ZONE 3</p>	<p>On the AV receiver, press the [ZONE 2] or [ZONE 3] button.</p>
<p><b>2</b></p>  <p>TONE</p>	<p>Press the AV receiver's [TONE] button repeatedly to select Balance.</p>
<p><b>3</b></p> 	<p>Use the Up [▶] and Down [◀] buttons to adjust the balance. You can adjust the balance from 0 in the center to +10 dB to the right or -10 dB to the left in 2 dB steps.</p>

### Muting Zones

	<p>On the remote controller, press the [ZONE 2] or [ZONE 3] REMOTE MODE button, and then press the [MUTING] button.</p>
	<p>To unmute a zone, on the remote controller, press the [ZONE 2] or [ZONE 3] REMOTE MODE button, and then press the [MUTING] button again.</p>

### Adjusting the Tone of Zone 2

<p><b>1</b></p>  <p>AV receiver ZONE 2 ZONE 3</p>	<p>On the AV receiver, press the [ZONE 2] or [ZONE 3] button.</p>
<p><b>2</b></p>  <p>TONE</p>	<p>Press the AV receiver's [TONE] button repeatedly to select Bass or Treble.</p>
<p><b>3</b></p> 	<p>Use the Up [▶] and Down [◀] buttons to adjust the bass or treble. You can boost or cut the Bass or Treble from -10 dB to +10 dB in 1 dB steps.</p>

#### Notes:

- Zones can also be unmuted by adjusting the volume.
- The tone cannot be adjusted for Zone 3.
- The Zone 2 level, balance, and tone functions have no effect on the ZONE 2 PRE OUT when the Zone 2 Out setting is set to Fixed (page 122).
- The Zone 3 level and balance functions have no effect on the ZONE 3 PRE OUT when the Zone 3 Out setting is set to Fixed (page 122).

**Using the Remote Controller in Zone 2/3 and Multiroom Control Kits**

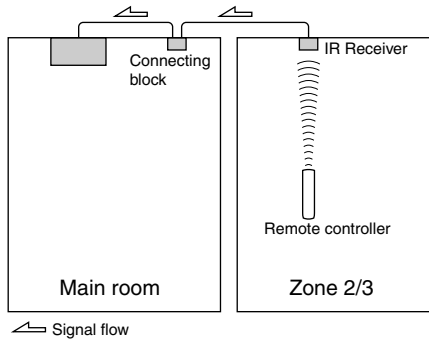
To control the AV receiver with the remote controller while you're in Zone 2 or Zone 3, you'll need a commercially available multiroom remote control kit for each zone.

- Multiroom kits are made by Niles and Xantech.

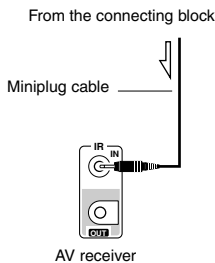
These kits can also be used when there isn't a clear line of sight to the AV receiver's remote sensor, such as when it's installed inside a cabinet.

**Using a Multiroom Kit with Zone 2/3**

In this setup, the IR receiver in Zone 2/3 picks up the infrared signals from the remote controller and feeds them through to the AV receiver in the main room via the connecting block.

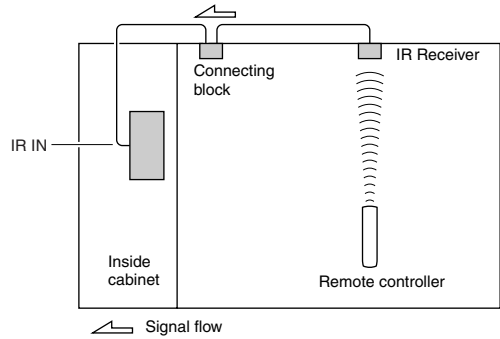


The miniplug cable from the connecting block should be connected to the AV receiver's IR IN jack, as shown below.



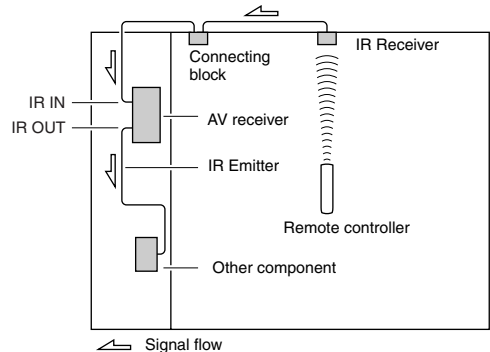
**Using a Multiroom Kit with a Cabinet**

In this setup, the IR receiver picks up the infrared signals from the remote controller and feeds them to the AV receiver located in the cabinet via the connecting block.

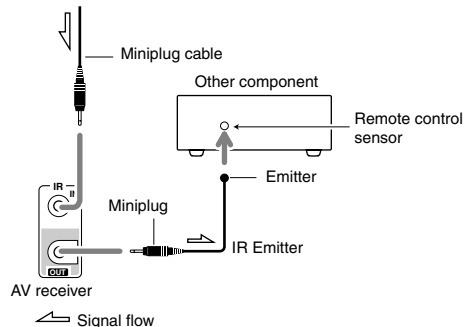


**Using a Multiroom Kit with Other Components**

In this setup, an IR emitter is connected to the AV receiver's IR OUT jack and placed in front of the other component's remote control sensor. Infrared signals received at the AV receiver's IR IN jack are fed through to the other component via the IR emitter. Signals picked up by the AV receiver's remote control sensor are not output.



The IR emitter should be connected to the AV receiver's IR OUT jack, as shown below.



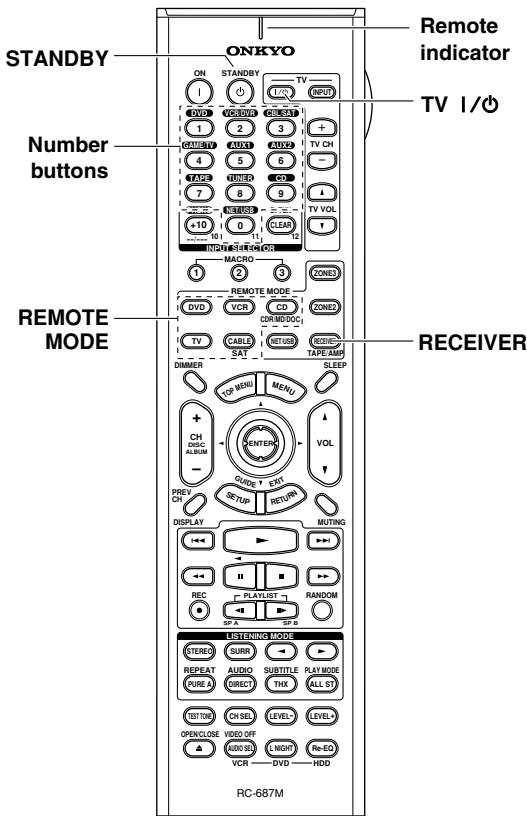
# Controlling Other Components

You can control your other components, including those made by other manufacturers, with the remote controller. This section explains how to:

- Enter the remote control code for a component that you want to control: DVD, TV, VCR, etc.
- Learn commands directly from another component's remote controller (see page 129).
- Program the MACRO buttons to perform a sequence of up to eight remote control actions (see page 130).

## Entering Remote Control Codes

To control another component, you must first enter that component's remote control code to a REMOTE MODE button. You'll need to enter a code for each component that you want to control.

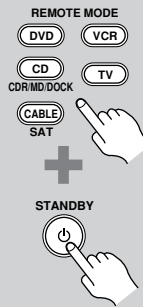


**1**

Look up the component's remote control code in the separate Remote Control Codes list.

The codes are organized by category.

**2**



While holding down the REMOTE MODE button to which you want to enter the code, press the [STANDBBY] button.

The Remote indicator lights up.

**3**



Within 30 seconds, use the number buttons to enter the 4-digit remote control code.

The Remote indicator flashes twice.

**4**

Press the REMOTE MODE button again to select the remote controller mode, point the remote controller at the component, and check the operation.

If the remote controller doesn't work as expected, and several remote codes are listed, try each one in turn and use the one that works best.

### Notes:

- Remote control codes cannot be entered for the [RECEIVER], [ZONE 2], [ZONE 3], and [NET/USB] REMOTE MODE buttons.
- The remote control codes provided are correct at the time of printing but subject to change.

- The [DVD] and [CD] REMOTE MODE buttons are preprogrammed for use with Onkyo DVD players and CD players, respectively.
- To control another manufacturer's CD recorder, MD recorder or Onkyo RI Dock, enter the appropriate remote control code to the [CD] REMOTE MODE button.

### Remote Control Codes for Onkyo Components Connected via RI

Onkyo components that are connected via **RI** are controlled by pointing the remote controller at the AV receiver, not the component. This allows you to control components that are out of view, in a rack, for example.

#### 1 Make sure the Onkyo component is connected with an **RI** cable and an analog audio cable (RCA).

See page 49 for details.

#### 2 Enter the appropriate remote control code to the REMOTE MODE button.

- [DVD] REMOTE MODE button  
**5002:** Onkyo DVD player with **RI**
- [CD] REMOTE MODE button  
**6002:** Onkyo CD player with **RI**
- [MD] REMOTE MODE button  
**6008:** Onkyo MD recorder with **RI**
- [CDR] REMOTE MODE button  
**6006:** Onkyo CD recorder with **RI**
- [DOCK] REMOTE MODE button  
**6004:** Onkyo RI Dock with **RI**

See the previous page for how to enter remote control codes.

#### 3 Press the REMOTE MODE button, point the remote controller at the AV receiver, and operate the component.

If you want to control an Onkyo component by pointing the remote controller directly at it, or you want to control an Onkyo component that's not connected via **RI**, use the following remote control codes:

- [DVD] REMOTE MODE button  
**5001:** Onkyo DVD player without **RI** (default)
- [CD] REMOTE MODE button  
**6001:** Onkyo CD player without **RI** (default)
- [MD] REMOTE MODE button  
**6007:** Onkyo MD recorder without **RI**
- [CDR] REMOTE MODE button  
**6005:** Onkyo CD recorder without **RI**
- [DOCK] REMOTE MODE button  
**6003:** Onkyo RI Dock without **RI**

#### Note:

- If you connect an **RI**-capable Onkyo MiniDisc recorder, CD recorder, or RI Dock to the TAPE IN/OUT jacks, or connect an RI Dock to the GAME/TV jacks, for **RI** to work properly, you must set the Input Display accordingly (see page 57).

### Resetting the REMOTE MODE Buttons

You can reset a REMOTE MODE button to its default remote control code.

<p><b>1</b></p>	<p><b>While holding down the REMOTE MODE button that you want to reset, press the TV [I/⏻] button.</b></p> <p>The Remote indicator flashes three times.</p>
<p><b>2</b></p>	<p><b>Press the REMOTE MODE button again.</b></p> <p>The Remote indicator flashes twice, indicating that the button has been reset.</p> <p>The [DVD] and [CD] REMOTE MODE buttons are preprogrammed with remote control codes for controlling Onkyo DVD players and CD players, respectively. When these buttons are reset, the preprogrammed codes are restored.</p>

### Resetting the Remote Controller

You can reset the remote controller to its default settings.

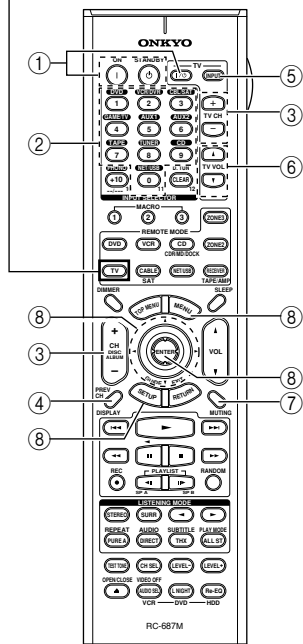
<p><b>1</b></p>	<p><b>While holding down the [RECEIVER] REMOTE MODE button, press the [STANDBY] button.</b></p> <p>The Remote indicator flashes five times.</p>
<p><b>2</b></p>	<p><b>Press the [RECEIVER] REMOTE MODE button again.</b></p> <p>The Remote indicator flashes twice, indicating that the remote controller has been reset.</p>

## Controlling Other Components—Continued

To control another component, point the remote controller at it and use the buttons explained below. (You must select the appropriate remote controller mode with the REMOTE MODE buttons first.) With some components, certain buttons may not work as expected, and some may not work at all.

### ■ Controlling a TV

Press [TV] first

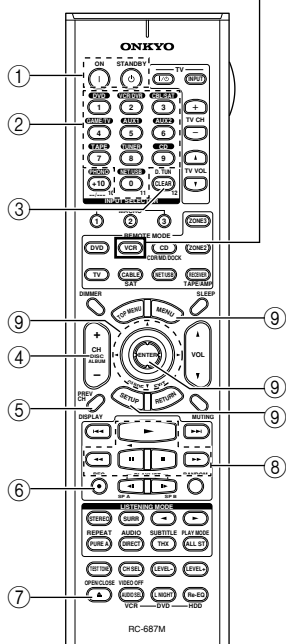


- ① [ON], [STANDBY], TV [⏻/⏻]\*  
Set the TV to On or Standby.
- ② **Number buttons**  
Enter numbers.
- ③ [CH +/-], TV CH [+]/[-]\*  
Select channels on the TV.
- ④ [PREV CH]  
Selects the previous channel.
- ⑤ [TV INPUT]\*  
Selects the TV's external inputs.
- ⑥ TV VOL [▲]/[▼]\*  
Adjust the TV's volume.
- ⑦ [MUTING]  
Mutes the TV.
- ⑧ [▲]/[▼]/[◀]/[▶]/[MENU]/  
[ENTER]/[RETURN]  
Navigate menus on the TV.

\*Buttons marked with an asterisk (\*) are exclusively for controlling a TV and can be used at any time, regardless of the currently selected remote controller mode.

### ■ Controlling a VCR

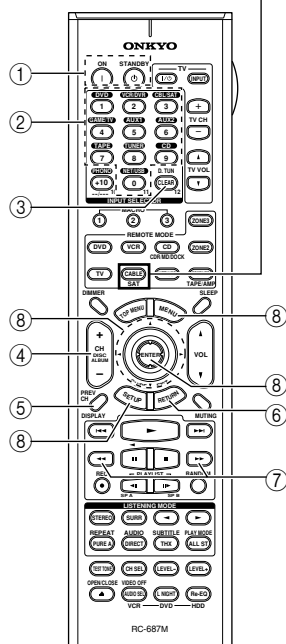
Press [VCR] first



- ① [ON], [STANDBY]  
Set the VCR to On or Standby.
- ② **Number buttons**  
Enter numbers.
- ③ [CLEAR]  
Cancels functions.
- ④ [CH +/-]  
Selects channels on the VCR.
- ⑤ [PREV CH]  
Selects the previous channel.
- ⑥ REC [●]  
Starts recording.
- ⑦ Eject [▲]  
Ejects the videocassette.
- ⑧ [▶], [⏸], [■], [◀], [▶]  
Play, Pause, Stop, Rewind, and Fast forward.
- ⑨ [▲]/[▼]/[◀]/[▶]/[MENU]/  
[ENTER]/[RETURN]  
Navigate menus on the VCR.

### ■ Controlling a Satellite or Cable Receiver

Press [CABLE] (SAT) first



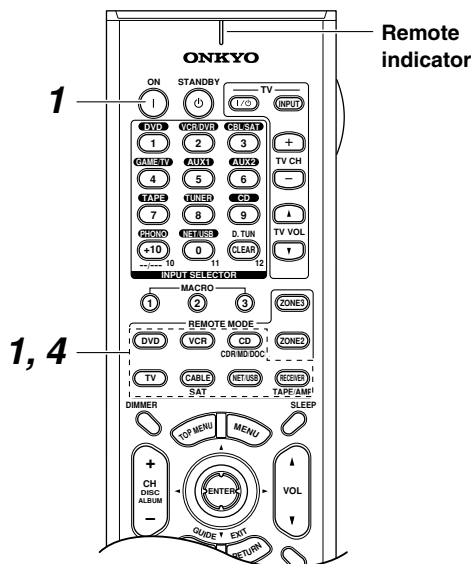
- ① [ON], [STANDBY]  
Set the satellite/cable receiver to On or Standby.
- ② **Number buttons**  
Enter numbers.
- ③ [CLEAR]  
Cancels functions.
- ④ [CH +/-]  
Selects satellite/cable channels.
- ⑤ [PREV CH]  
Selects the previous channel.
- ⑥ [GUIDE]  
Displays the program guide.
- ⑦ [◀], [▶]  
Rewind and Fast forward.
- ⑧ [▲]/[▼]/[◀]/[▶]/[MENU]/  
[ENTER]/[RETURN]  
Navigate menus on the satellite/cable receiver.



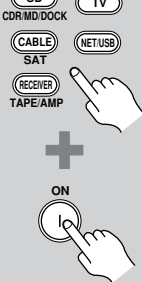
## Learning Commands

The AV receiver's remote controller can learn the commands of other remote controllers. By transmitting, for example, the Play command from your CD player's remote controller, the remote controller can learn it, and then transmit the exact same command when its Play [▶] button is pressed in the CD remote mode.

This is useful when you've entered the appropriate remote control code (page 126) but some buttons don't work as expected.



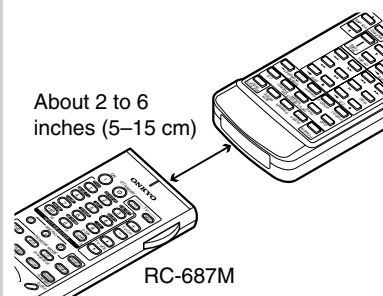
**1** While holding down the **REMOTE MODE** button in which you want to use the command, press the **[ON]** button. The Remote indicator lights up.



**2** Press the button you want to learn the new command.

**3** Point the remote controllers at each other, about 2 to 6 inches (5–15 cm) apart, and then press and hold the button whose command you want to learn until the Remote indicator flashes.

If the command is learned successfully, the Remote indicator flashes twice.



**4** To learn more commands, repeat steps 2 and 3.

Press any REMOTE MODE button when you've finished.

### Notes:

- The following buttons cannot learn new commands: REMOTE MODE, MACRO [1], [2], [3], TV CH [+]/[-], Re-EQ, LIGHT.
- When you want to learn the command from your TV's Power button, select the TV remote control mode and use the remote controller's [STANDBY] button to learn the command. In the TV remote control mode, the remote controller's [STANDBY] and TV [I/⏻] buttons are linked, so using the [STANDBY] button to learn the command will mean that you can also use the TV [I/⏻] button to turn your TV on or off in TV remote control mode.
- When you want to learn the commands from your TV's Channel Up and Down buttons, select the TV remote control mode and use the remote controller's CH [+/-] button (left to the [ENTER] button) to learn the commands. In the TV remote control mode, the remote controller's CH [+/-] and TV CH [+]/[-] buttons are linked, so using the CH [+/-] button to learn these commands will mean that you can also use the TV CH [+]/[-] buttons to change channels in TV remote control mode.
- The remote controller can learn approximately 70 to 90 commands, although this will be less if commands that use a lot of memory are learned.
- Remote controller buttons such as Play, Stop, Pause, and so on are preprogrammed with commands for controlling Onkyo CD players, cassette decks, and DVD players. However, they can learn new commands, and you can restore the preprogrammed commands at any time by resetting the remote controller (see page 127).
- To overwrite a previously learned command, repeat this procedure.
- Only commands from infrared remote controllers can be learned.
- When the remote controller's batteries expire, all learned commands will be lost and will have to be learned all over again, so don't discard your other remote controllers.

## Using Macros

You can program the remote controller's MACRO buttons to perform a sequence of remote control actions.

### Example:

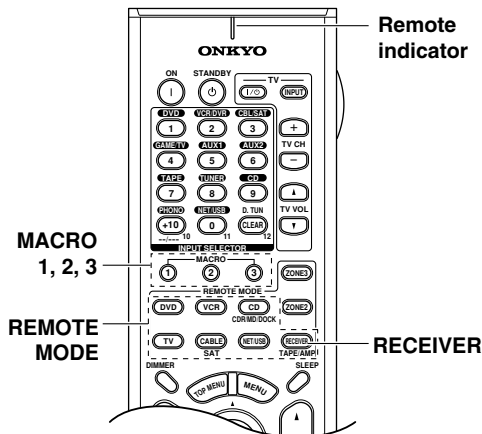
To play a CD you typically need to perform the following actions:

1. Press the [RECEIVER] REMOTE MODE button to select the Receiver remote controller mode.
2. Press the [ON] button to turn on the AV receiver.
3. Press the [CD] INPUT SELECTOR button to select the CD input source.
4. Press the [CD] REMOTE MODE button to select the CD remote controller mode.
5. Press the Play [▶] button to start playback on the CD player.

You can program a MACRO button so that all five actions are performed with just one button press.

## Making Macros

Each MACRO button can store one macro, and each macro can contain up to eight commands.



**1**

REMOTE MODE

DVD VCR

CD TV

CD/MD DOCK

CABLE NET/USB

SAT

RECEIVER TAPE/AMP

+

MACRO 1 2 3

**While holding down the REMOTE MODE button of the remote controller mode you want to use at the start of the macro, press MACRO button [1], [2], or [3].**  
The Remote indicator lights up.

For the CD example in the left column, you'd press and hold the [RECEIVER] REMOTE MODE button, and then press MACRO button [1], [2], or [3].

**2**

**Press the buttons whose actions you want to program into the macro in the order you want them performed.**

For the CD example in the left column, you'd press the following buttons: [ON], [CD] INPUT SELECTOR, [CD] REMOTE MODE, Play [▶].

**3**



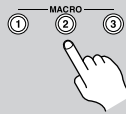
**When you've finished, press the MACRO button again.**

The Remote indicator flashes twice. If you enter eight commands, the process will finish automatically.

### Note:

- If any of the buttons you used to make a macro are taught new commands, the macro will no longer work properly and will have to be made again.

## Running Macros



**Press the MACRO [1], [2], or [3] button.**

The commands in the macro are transmitted in the order in which they were programmed. Keep the remote controller pointed at the AV receiver until all of the commands have been transmitted.

Macros can be run at any time, regardless of the current remote controller mode.

## Deleting Macros



**1** While holding down the [RECEIVER] REMOTE MODE button, press the MACRO button whose macro you want to delete.



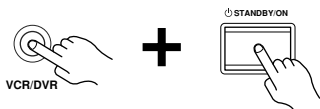
**2** Press the MACRO button again.

# Troubleshooting

If you have any trouble using the AV receiver, look for a solution in this section. If you can't resolve the issue yourself, contact your Onkyo dealer.

If you can't resolve the issue yourself, try resetting the AV receiver before contacting your Onkyo dealer.

**To reset the AV receiver to its factory defaults, turn it on and, while holding down the [VCR/DVR] button, press the [STANDBY/ON] button. "Clear" will appear on the display and the AV receiver will enter Standby mode.**



Note that resetting the AV receiver will delete your radio presets and custom settings.

## Power

### Can't turn on the AV receiver

- Make sure that the power cord is plugged into the wall outlet properly.
- Unplug the power cord from the wall outlet, wait 5 seconds or more, then plug it back in again.

### The AV receiver turns off as soon as it's turned on

- The amp protection circuit has been activated. Remove the power cord from the wall outlet immediately. Disconnect all speaker cables and input sources, and leave the AV receiver with its power cord disconnected for 1 hour. After that, reconnect the power cord and set the volume to maximum. If the AV receiver stays on, set the volume to minimum, disconnect the power cord, and reconnect your speakers and input sources. If the AV receiver turns off when you set the volume to maximum, disconnect the power cord, and contact your Onkyo dealer.

## Audio

### There's no sound or it's very quiet

- Make sure that the digital input is assigned to the input selector (page 58).
- Make sure that the correct audio input is selected (page 78).
- Make sure that all audio connecting plugs are pushed in all the way (page 33).
- Make sure that the polarity of the speaker cables is correct, and that the bare wire is in contact with the metal part of each speaker terminal (page 25).
- Make sure that the speaker cables are not shorting.
- Check the volume (page 68). The AV receiver is designed for home theater enjoyment and has a wide volume range for precise adjustment.

- If the MUTING indicator is flashing on the display, press the remote controller's [MUTING] button to unmute the AV receiver (page 76).
- While a pair of headphones is connected to the PHONES jack, no sound is output by the main room speakers (page 77).
- Check the digital audio output settings on the source component. On some game consoles, such as those that can play DVDs, the default setting is off.
- With some DVD-Video discs, you need to select an audio format from a menu or with the AUDIO button on your DVD player's remote controller.
- If your turntable uses an MC cartridge, you must use an MC head amp or MC transformer (page 46).
- Check the speaker settings (pages 94–101).
- If the digital signal format is set to PCM or DTS, set it to Auto (page 78).
- If there's no sound from a DVD player connected to an HDMI IN, check the DVD player's output settings, and be sure to select a compatible audio format.

### Only the front speakers produce sound

- When the Stereo listening mode is selected, only the front speakers and subwoofer produce sound.
- In the Mono listening mode, only the front speakers output sound if the Output Speaker setting is set to L/R (page 91).
- Check the Speaker Configuration (page 94).

### Only the center speaker produces sound

- If you use the Dolby Pro Logic IIx Movie or Dolby Pro Logic IIx Music listening mode with a mono source, such as an AM radio station or mono TV program, the sound will be concentrated in the center speaker.
- In the Mono listening mode, only the front speakers output sound if the Output Speaker setting is set to C (page 91).
- Check the Speaker Configuration (page 94).

### The surround speakers produce no sound

- When the Stereo or Mono listening mode is selected, the surround speakers produce no sound.
- Depending on the source and the current listening mode, not much sound may be produced by the surround speakers. Try another listening mode (page 79).
- Check the Speaker Configuration (page 94).

### The center speaker produces no sound

- When the Stereo listening mode is selected, the center speaker produces no sound.
- In the Mono listening mode, only the front speakers output sound if the Output Speaker setting is set to L/R (page 91).
- Check the Speaker Configuration (page 94).

### The surround back speakers produce no sound

- The surround back speakers are not used with all listening modes. Try another listening mode (page 79).
- Not much sound may be produced by the surround back speakers with some sources.

- Check the Speaker Configuration (page 94).
- While Powered Zone 2 is being used, playback in the main room is reduced to 5.1-channels and the surround back speakers produce no sound (page 119).

### The subwoofer produces no sound

- If the source material contains no audio in the LFE channel, the subwoofer produces no sound.
- Check the Speaker Configuration (page 94).

### The Zone 2/3 speakers produce no sound

- The Zone 2/3 speakers only output sources that are connected to an analog input. Check to see if the source component is connected to an analog input.
- Powered Zone 2 cannot be used if Speaker Type Front A is set to Bi-Amp or BTL, or Speaker Type Front B is set to Normal, Bi-Amp, or BTL (page 51).

### There's no sound with a certain signal format

- Check the digital audio output setting on the source component. On some game consoles, such as those that can play DVDs, the default setting is off.
- With some DVD-Video discs, you need to select an audio format from a menu or with the AUDIO button on your DVD player's remote controller.

### Can't get 6.1- or 7.1-channel playback

- While Powered Zone 2 is being used, playback in the main room is reduced to 5.1-channels and the surround back speakers produce no sound (page 119).

### Can't select the Pure Audio listening mode

- The Pure Audio listening mode cannot be selected while Zone 2 is on.

### The volume cannot be set to +18 dB (99)

- Check to see if a maximum volume has been set (page 106).
- After the Automatic Speaker Setup function has been run, or the volume level of each individual speaker has been adjusted (pages 76 and 99), the maximum volume may be reduced.

### Noise can be heard

- Using cable ties to bundle audio cables with power cords, speaker cables, and so on can degrade audio performance, so don't use them.
- An audio cable may be picking up interference. Try repositioning your cables.

### The Late Night function doesn't work

- Make sure that the source is Dolby Digital (page 89).

### The analog multichannel input doesn't work

- Check the multichannel input connections (page 38).
- Make sure that the multichannel input is assigned to the input selector (page 59).
- Make sure that the multichannel input is selected (page 78).
- Check the audio output settings on your DVD player.

### About DTS signals

- When playing DTS program material, using the pause, fast forward, or fast reverse function on your player may produce a short audible noise. This is not a malfunction.
- When DTS program material ends and the DTS bitstream stops, the AV receiver remains in DTS listening mode and the DTS indicator remains on. This is to prevent noise when you use the pause, fast forward, or fast reverse function on your player. If you switch your player from DTS to PCM, as the AV receiver does not switch formats immediately, you may not hear anything, in which case you should stop your player for about 3 seconds, and then resume playback.
- With some CD players, you won't be able to playback DTS material properly even though your player is connected to a digital input on the AV receiver. This is usually because the DTS bitstream has been processed (e.g., output level, sampling rate, or frequency response changed) and the AV receiver doesn't recognize it as a genuine DTS signal. In such cases, you may hear noise.

### The beginning of audio received by an HDMI IN can't be heard

- Since it takes longer to identify the format of an HDMI signal than it does for other digital audio signals, sound may not be output immediately.

## Video

### There's no picture

- Make sure that all video connecting plugs are pushed in all the way (page 33).
- Make sure that each video component is properly connected.
- On your TV, make sure that the video input to which the AV receiver is connected is selected.
- While the Pure Audio listening mode is selected, the video circuitry is turned off and only the HDMI OUT outputs video signals.
- If your TV is connected to the HDMI output, set the HDMI Monitor setting to Main or Sub (page 52), and select "--" in the "HDMI Input Setup" on page 54 to watch composite video, S-Video, and component video sources.
- If your TV is connected to the COMPONENT VIDEO OUT, set the HDMI Monitor setting to No (page 52), and select "--" in the "Component Video Input Setup" on page 56 to watch composite video and S-Video sources.
- If the video source is connected to a component video input, your TV must be connected to the COMPONENT VIDEO OUT or HDMI OUT (page 34).
- If the video source is connected to an HDMI input, your TV must be connected to the HDMI OUT (page 34).

### There's no picture from a source connected to an HDMI IN

- When the HDMI Monitor setting is set to No, and the Resolution setting is set to anything other than Through (see page 52), no video is output by the HDMI OUT.
- If the message “Resolution Error” appears on the AV receiver's display, this indicates that your TV does not support the current video resolution and you need to select another resolution on your DVD player.

### The onscreen menus don't appear

- On your TV, make sure that the video input to which the AV receiver is connected is selected.

### The picture is distorted

- On non-North American models, specify the TV system used in your area in the “TV Format Setup” on page 66.

## Tuner

### Reception is noisy, stereo FM reception suffers from hiss, or the FM STEREO indicator doesn't light up

- Relocate your antenna.
- Move the AV receiver away from your TV or computer.
- Listen to the station in mono (page 69).
- When listening to an AM station, operating the remote controller may cause noise.
- Passing cars and airplanes can cause interference.
- Concrete walls weaken radio signals.
- If nothing improves the reception, install an outdoor antenna.

## Remote Controller

### The remote controller doesn't work

- Make sure that the batteries are installed with the correct polarity (page 15).
- Make sure that the remote controller is not too far away from the AV receiver and there's no obstruction between the remote controller and the AV receiver's remote control sensor (page 15).
- Make sure you've selected the correct remote controller mode (page 16).
- Make sure you've entered the correct remote control code (page 126).

### Can't control other components

- Make sure you've selected the correct remote controller mode (page 16).
- If you've connected an **RI**-capable Onkyo MD recorder, CD recorder, or RI Dock to the TAPE IN/OUT jacks, or an RI Dock to the GAME/TV IN jacks, for the remote controller to work properly, you must set the Input Display to MD, CDR, or DOCK, respectively (see page 57).

- The entered remote control code may not be correct. If more than one code is listed, try each one.
- If none of the codes work, use the Learning function to learn the commands of the other component's remote controller (page 129).
- With some AV components, certain buttons may not work as expected, and some may not work at all.
- To control an Onkyo component that's connected via **RI**, point the remote controller at the AV receiver. Be sure to enter the appropriate remote control code first (page 127).
- To control an Onkyo component that's not connected via **RI**, or another manufacturer's component, point the remote controller at that component. Be sure to enter the appropriate remote control code first (page 126).

### Can't learn commands from another remote controller

- When learning commands, make sure that the transmitting ends of both remote controllers are pointing at each other.
- Are you trying to learn from a remote controller that cannot be used for learning? Some commands cannot be learned, especially those that contain several instructions.

## Recording

### Can't record

- On your recorder, make sure the correct input is selected.
- To prevent signal loops and damage to the AV receiver, input signals are not fed through to outputs with the same name (e.g., TAPE IN to TAPE OUT or VCR/DVR IN to VCR/DVR OUT).
- When the Pure Audio listening mode is selected, video recording is not possible because no video signals are output. Select another listening mode.

### Music Server and Internet Radio

#### Can't access the server or Internet radio

- Check the network connection between the AV receiver and your router or switch.
- Make sure that your modem and router are properly connected, and make sure they are both turned on.
- Make sure the server is up and running and compatible with the AV receiver (page 111).
- Check the Network settings (page 117).

#### Playback stops while listening to music files on the server

- Make sure your server is compatible with the AV receiver (page 111).
- If you download or copy large files on your computer, playback may be interrupted. Try closing any unused programs, use a more powerful computer, or use a dedicated server.
- If the server is serving large music files to several networked devices simultaneously, the network may become overloaded and playback may be interrupted. Reduce the number of playback devices on the network, upgrade your network, or use a switch instead of a hub.

#### Can't connect to the AV receiver from a Web browser

- If you're using DHCP, your router may not always allocate the same IP address to the AV receiver, so if you find that you can't connect to a server or Internet radio station, recheck the AV receiver's IP address on Network screen.
- Check the Network settings (page 117).

### USB Mass Storage Device Playback

#### Can't access the music files on a USB device

- Make sure the USB device is plugged in properly.
- The AV receiver supports USB devices that support the USB mass storage device class. However, playback may not be possible with some USB devices even if they conform to the USB mass storage device class.

### Others

#### The sound changes when I connect my headphones

- When a pair of headphones is connected, the listening mode is set to Stereo, unless it's already set to Stereo, Mono, Direct, or Pure Audio, in which case it stays the same.

#### How do I change the language of a multiplex source

- On the Audio Adjust menu, change the Multiplex setting to Main or Sub (page 92).

#### The **RI** functions don't work

- To use **RI**, you must make an **RI** connection and an analog audio connection (RCA) between the component and AV receiver, even if they are connected digitally (page 49).
- While Zone 2 or Zone 3 is selected, the **RI** functions don't work.

#### The AV receiver's display doesn't work

- The display is turned off when the Pure Audio listening mode is selected. Select another listening mode.

#### Components connected to the AV receiver's AC outlets don't turn on or off when the AV receiver is set to On or Standby

- When the HDMI Control setting is set to Enable (page 109), the AC outlets are on all the time regardless of whether the AV receiver is set to On or Standby, or Ready mode in this case, so any components connected to them cannot be turned on or off automatically.

The AV receiver contains a microcomputer for signal processing and control functions. In very rare situations, severe interference, noise from an external source, or static electricity may cause it to lockup. In the unlikely event that this happens, unplug the power cord from the wall outlet, wait at least 5 seconds, and then plug it back in again.

Onkyo is not responsible for damages (such as CD rental fees) due to unsuccessful recordings caused by this unit's malfunction. Before you record important data, make sure that the material will be recorded correctly.

For North American and Australian models, set the AV receiver to Standby before disconnecting the power cord from the wall outlet. For other models, set the AV receiver to Standby and the POWER switch to OFF before disconnecting the power cord.

# Specifications

## Amplifier Section

### Rated Output Power

North American:

**140 watts minimum continuous power per channel, 8 ohm loads, 2 channels driven from 20 Hz to 20 kHz, with a maximum total harmonic distortion of 0.05% (FTC)**

**170 watts minimum continuous power per channel, 8 ohm loads, 2 channels driven at 1 kHz, with a maximum total harmonic distortion of 0.7% (FTC)**

**180 watts minimum continuous power per channel, 6 ohm loads, 2 channels driven at 1 kHz, with a maximum total harmonic distortion of 0.1% (FTC)**

European:

7 ch × 220 W at 6 ohms, 1 kHz, 1 ch driven (IEC)

Asian:

7 ch × 220 W at 6 ohms, 1 kHz, 1 ch driven (IEC)

### Maximum Output Power

Asian:

7 ch × 280 W at 6 ohms, 1 kHz, 1 ch driven (JEITA)

Dynamic Power      400 W (3Ω, Front)  
300 W (4Ω, Front)  
180 W (8Ω, Front)

THD (Total Harmonic Distortion)      0.05% (Power Rated)

Damping Factor      60 (Front, 1 kHz, 8Ω)

Input Sensitivity and Impedance      200 mV/ 47 kΩ (LINE)  
2.5 mV/47 kΩ (PHONO MM)

Output Level and Impedance      200 mV/ 470 Ω (REC OUT)

Phono Overload      70 mV (MM 1 kHz, 0.5%)

Frequency Response      5 Hz–100 kHz/ +1 dB–3 dB (Direct mode)

Tone Control      ±10 dB, 20 Hz (BASS)

±10 dB, 20 kHz (TREBLE)

Signal to Noise Ratio      110 dB (LINE, IHF-A)

80 dB (PHONO, IHF-A)

Speaker Impedance      4Ω–16Ω

## Video Section

### Input Sensitivity/Output

Level and Impedance      1 V<sub>p-p</sub>/75Ω (Component and S-Video Y)  
0.7 V<sub>p-p</sub>/75Ω (Component Pb/Cb,Pr/Cr)  
0.28 V<sub>p-p</sub>/75Ω (S-Video C)  
1 V<sub>p-p</sub>/75Ω (Composite)

### Component Video

Frequency Response      5 Hz – 100 MHz, –3 dB

## Tuner Section

### ■ FM

#### Tuning Frequency Range

North American: 87.5 MHz– 107.9 MHz

European and Asian: 87.5 MHz– 108.0 MHz

### ■ AM

#### Tuning Frequency Range

North American: 530 kHz–1710 kHz

European and Asian: 522 kHz–1611 kHz

### ■ Digital Tuner

North American: XM, SIRIUS, HD RADIO

Preset Channel      40

## General

### Power Supply

North American: AC 120 V, 60 Hz

European: AC 220–240 V, 50 Hz

Asian: AC 120/220–240 V, 50/60 Hz

### Power Consumption

North American: 9.8 A

European and Asian: 1000 W

### Dimensions

(W × H × D)      435 × 194 × 458.5 mm

17-1/8" × 7-5/8" × 18-1/16"

### Weight

North American: 24.5 kg

54.0 lbs.

European and Asian: 24.3 kg

53.6 lbs.

### ■ Video Input

HDMI      IN 1, IN 2, IN 3, IN 4

Component      IN 1 (DVD), IN 2, IN 3

Composite      AUX 1, GAME/TV, CBL/SAT,  
VCR/DVR, DVD, AUX 2

S-Video      AUX 1, GAME/TV, CBL/SAT,  
VCR/DVR, DVD, AUX 2

### ■ Video Output

HDMI      OUT MAIN, OUT SUB

Component      MONITOR OUT

Composite      VCR/DVR OUT, MONITOR OUT,  
ZONE2 OUT

S-Video      VCR/DVR OUT, MONITOR OUT

### ■ Audio Inputs

Digital Inputs      COAXIAL (IN 1, IN 2, IN 3),

OPTICAL (IN 1, IN 2), DIGITAL

Analog Inputs      PHONO, CD, TAPE, AUX 1, GAME/TV,  
CBL/SAT, VCR/DVR, DVD, MULTI CH  
(FRONT, CENTER, SUBWOOFER,  
SURR, SURR BACK), AUX 2

Multichannel Inputs      7.1 ch

### ■ Audio Outputs

Digital Output      OPTICAL (OUT)

Analog Outputs      TAPE, VCR/DVR, PRE OUT (FRONT,  
CENTER, SUBWOOFER, SURR, SURR  
BACK, ZONE 2, ZONE 3)

### Multichannel Pre

Outputs      7

Subwoofer Pre Outputs      1

Speaker Outputs      ZONE2 R, SURR BACK R, FRONT R,  
SURR R, CENTER, SURR L, FRONT L,  
SURR BACK L, ZONE2 L

### Phones

PHONES

### ■ Control Terminal

MIC      Yes

Ethernet      1

RS232      1

IR Input/Output      1/1

12 V Trigger Out      1

Specifications and features are subject to change without notice.

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